PM100CS1D060

FLAT-BASE TYPE
INSULATED PACKAGE

PM100CS1D060

FEATURE

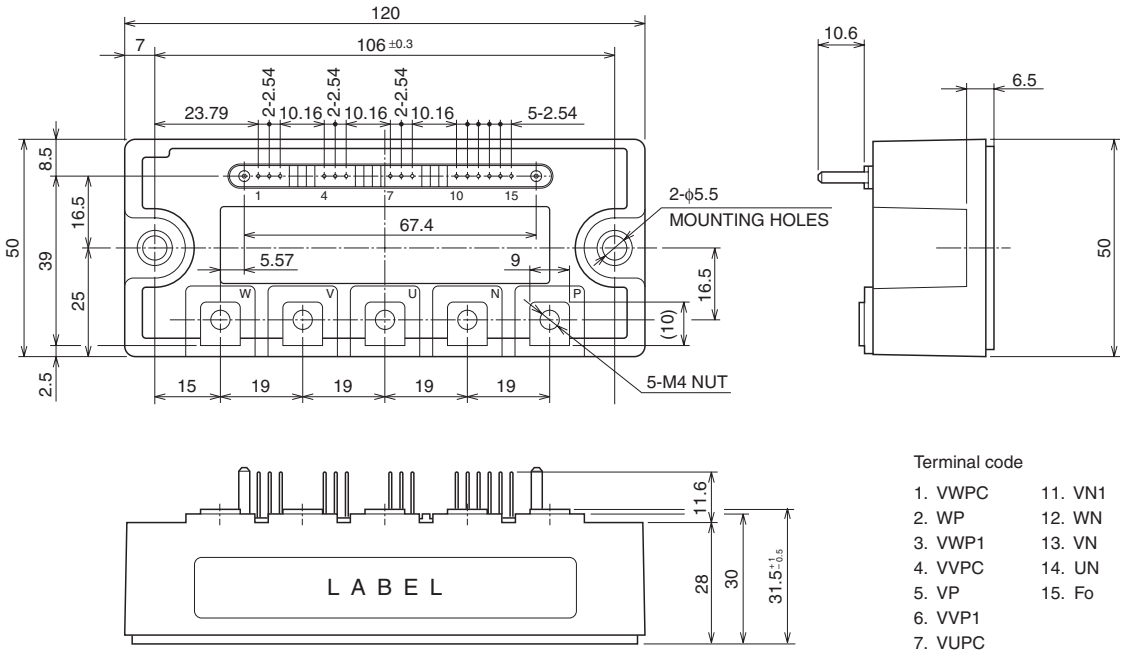
Inverter + Drive & Protection IC

- 3 phase 100A/600V CSTBT™
  (The Current senser and the thermal senser with a build-in CSTBT™.)
- Monolithic gate drive & protection logic
- Detection, protection & status indication circuits for, short-circuit, over-temperature & under-voltage

APPLICATION

General purpose inverter, servo drives and other motor controls

PACKAGE OUTLINES **Dimensions in mm**

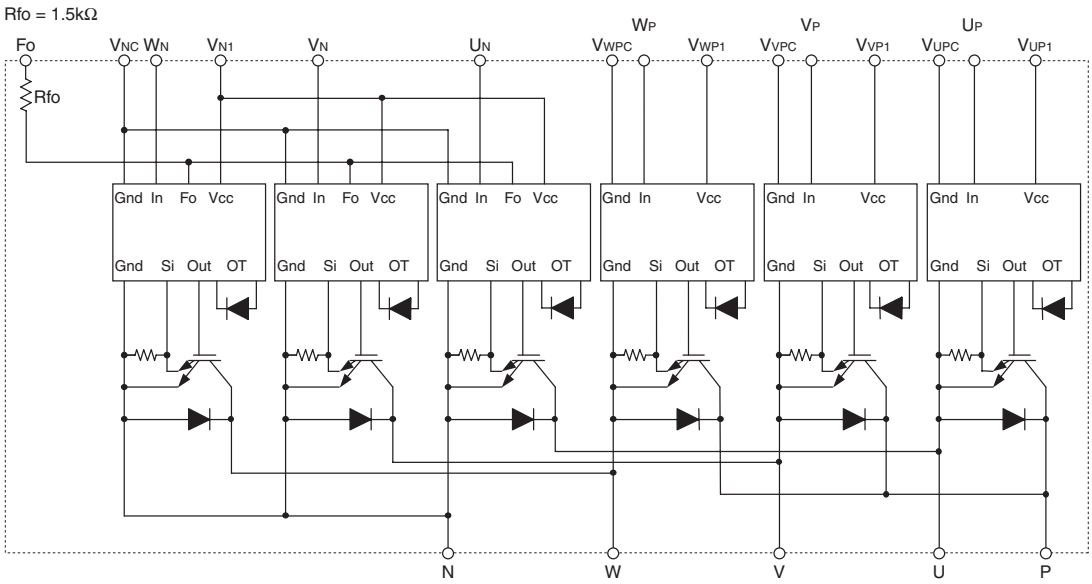


Terminal code

1. VWPC	11. VN1
2. WP	12. WN
3. VWP1	13. VN
4. VVPC	14. UN
5. VP	15. Fo
6. VVP1	
7. VUPC	
8. UP	
9. VUP1	
10. VNC	

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC

INTERNAL FUNCTIONS BLOCK DIAGRAM



MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_j = 25°C, unless otherwise noted)

INVERTER PART

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Ratings	Unit
V_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_D = 15V, V_{CIN} = 15V	600	V
±I_C	Collector Current	T_C = 25°C (Note-1)	100	A
±I_{CP}	Collector Current (Peak)	T_C = 25°C	200	A
P_C	Collector Dissipation	T_C = 25°C (Note-1)	446	W
T_j	Junction Temperature		–20 ~ +150	°C

*: Tc measurement point is just under the chip.

CONTROL PART

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Ratings	Unit
V_D	Supply Voltage	Applied between : V_{UP1}-V_{UPC}, V_{VP1}-V_{VPC} V_{WP1}-V_{WPC}, V_{N1}-V_{NC}	20	V
V_{CIN}	Input Voltage	Applied between : U_P-V_{UPC}, V_P-V_{VPC}, W_P-V_{WPC} U_N • V_N • W_N-V_{NC}	20	V
V_{FO}	Fault Output Supply Voltage	Applied between : F_O-V_{NC}	20	V
I_{FO}	Fault Output Current	Sink current at F_O terminals	20	mA

TOTAL SYSTEM

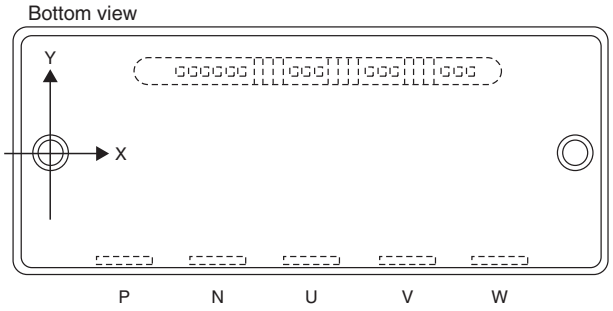
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Ratings	Unit
$V_{CC(PROT)}$	Supply Voltage Protected by SC	V_D = 13.5 ~ 16.5V Inverter Part, T_j = +125°C Start	400	V
$V_{CC(surge)}$	Supply Voltage (Surge)	Applied between : P-N, Surge value	500	V
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature		–40 ~ +125	°C
V_{iso}	Isolation Voltage	60Hz, Sinusoidal, Charged part to Base, AC 1 min.	2500	V_{rms}

THERMAL RESISTANCES

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Limits			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$R_{th(j-c)Q}$	Junction to case Thermal Resistances	Inverter IGBT part (per 1 element) (Note-1)	—	—	0.28	°C/W
$R_{th(j-c)F}$		Inverter FWDi part (per 1 element) (Note-1)	—	—	0.46	
$R_{th(c-f)}$	Contact Thermal Resistance	Case to fin, (per 1 module) Thermal grease applied (Note-1)	—	—	0.046	

(Note-1) Tc (under the chip) measurement point is below. (unit : mm)

arm / axis	UP		VP		WP		UN		VN		WN	
	IGBT	FWDi	IGBT	FWDi	IGBT	FWDi	IGBT	FWDi	IGBT	FWDi	IGBT	FWDi
X	21.4	21.4	65.0	65.0	90.0	90.0	36.0	36.0	51.0	51.0	76.0	76.0
Y	4.5	–5.9	4.5	–5.9	4.5	–5.9	–0.5	–9.9	–0.5	–9.9	–0.5	–9.9



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_j = 25°C, unless otherwise noted)

INVERTER PART

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Limits			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	V_D = 15V, I_C = 100A V_{CIN} = 0V, Pulsed (Fig. 1)	T_j = 25°C T_j = 125°C	— —	1.80 1.85	2.40 2.50	V
V_{EC}	FWDi Forward Voltage	–I_C = 100A, V_D = 15V, V_{CIN} = 15V (Fig. 2)		—	1.85	2.80	V
t_{on}	Switching Time	V_D = 15V, V_{CIN} = 0V↔15V V_{CC} = 300V, I_C = 100A T_j = 125°C Inductive Load (Fig. 3,4)		0.4	0.8	1.8	µs
t_{rr}				—	0.3	0.6	
$t_{c(on)}$				—	0.4	1.0	
t_{off}				—	1.4	2.4	
$t_{c(off)}$				—	0.3	0.6	
I_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current	V_{CE} = V_{CES}, V_D = 15V (Fig. 5)	T_j = 25°C T_j = 125°C	— —	— —	1 10	mA

CONTROL PART

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Limits			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I_D	Circuit Current	V_D = 15V, V_{CIN} = 15V	V_{N1}-V_{NC}	—	6	12	mA
			V^*_{P1}-V^*_{PC}	—	2	4	
$V_{th(ON)}$	Input ON Threshold Voltage	Applied between : U_P-V_{UPC}, V_P-V_{VPC}, W_P-V_{WPC}		1.2	1.5	1.8	V
$V_{th(OFF)}$	Input OFF Threshold Voltage	U_N • V_N • W_N-V_{NC}		1.7	2.0	2.3	
SC	Short Circuit Trip Level	–20 ≤ T_j ≤ 125°C, V_D = 15V (Fig. 3,6)		150	—	—	A
$t_{off(SC)}$	Short Circuit Current Delay Time	V_D = 15V (Fig. 3,6)		—	1.0	—	µs
OT	Over Temperature Protection	Detect Temperature of IGBT chip	Trip level	135	—	—	°C
$OT_{(hys)}$			Hysteresis	—	20	—	
UV	Supply Circuit Under-Voltage Protection	–20 ≤ T_j ≤ 125°C	Trip level	11.5	12.0	12.5	V
UV_r			Reset level	—	12.5	—	
$I_{FO(H)}$	Fault Output Current	V_D = 15V, V_{CIN} = 15V (Note-2)		—	—	0.01	mA
$I_{FO(L)}$				—	10	15	
t_{FO}	Minimum Fault Output Pulse Width	V_D = 15V (Note-2)		1.0	1.8	—	ms

(Note-2) Fault output is given only when the internal SC, OT & UV protection.
Fault output of SC, OT & UV protection operate by lower arms.
Fault output of SC protection given pulse.
Fault output of OT, UV protection given pulse while over trip level.

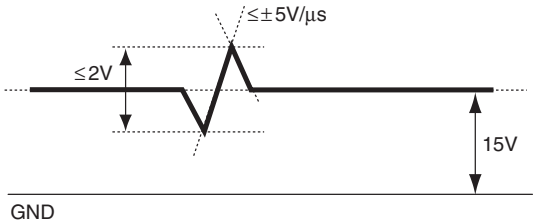
MECHANICAL RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Limits			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Mounting torque	Mounting part	screw : M5	2.5	3.0	3.5	N • m
		Main terminal part	screw : M4	1.5	1.7	2.0	
—	Weight	—		—	400	—	g

RECOMMENDED CONDITIONS FOR USE

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Recommended value	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage	Applied across P-N terminals	≤ 400	V
V_D	Control Supply Voltage	Applied between : V_{UP1}-V_{UPC}, V_{VP1}-V_{VPC}, V_{WP1}-V_{WPC}, V_{N1}-V_{NC} (Note-3)	15.0 ± 1.5	V
$V_{CIN(ON)}$	Input ON Voltage	Applied between : U_P-V_{UPC}, V_P-V_{VPC}, W_P-V_{WPC}	≤ 0.8	V
$V_{CIN(OFF)}$	Input OFF Voltage	U_N • V_N • W_N-V_{NC}	≥ 9.0	
f_{PWM}	PWM Input Frequency	Using Application Circuit of Fig. 8	≤ 20	kHz
t_{dead}	Arm Shoot-through Blocking Time	For IPM's each input signals (Fig. 7)	≥ 2.0	µs

(Note-3) With ripple satisfying the following conditions: dv/dt swing ≤ ±5V/µs, Variation ≤ 2V peak to peak



PRECAUTIONS FOR TESTING

1. Before applying any control supply voltage (V_D), the input terminals should be pulled up by resistors, etc. to their corresponding supply voltage and each input signal should be kept off state.
   After this, the specified ON and OFF level setting for each input signal should be done.
2. When performing “SC” tests, the turn-off surge voltage spike at the corresponding protection operation should not be allowed to rise above V_{CES} rating of the device.
   (These test should not be done by using a curve tracer or its equivalent.)

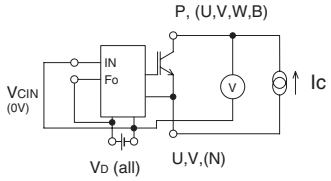


Fig. 1 $V_{CE(sat)}$ Test

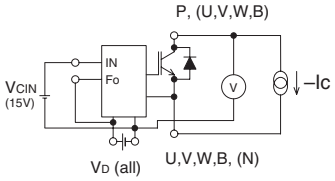


Fig. 2 $V_{EC,}$ (V_{FM}) Test

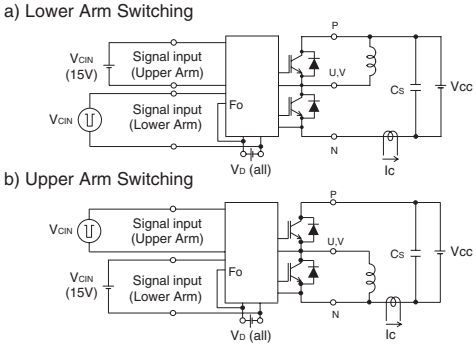


Fig. 3 Switching time and SC test circuit

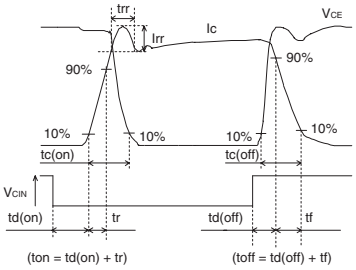


Fig. 4 Switching time test waveform

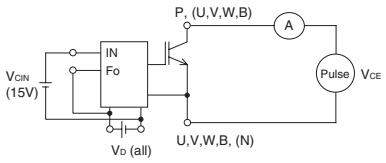


Fig. 5 I_{CES} Test

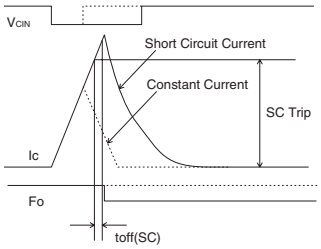
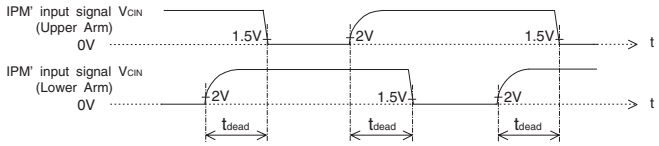


Fig. 6 SC test waveform



1.5V: Input on threshold voltage Vth(on) typical value, 2V: Input off threshold voltage Vth(off) typical value

Fig. 7 Dead time measurement point example

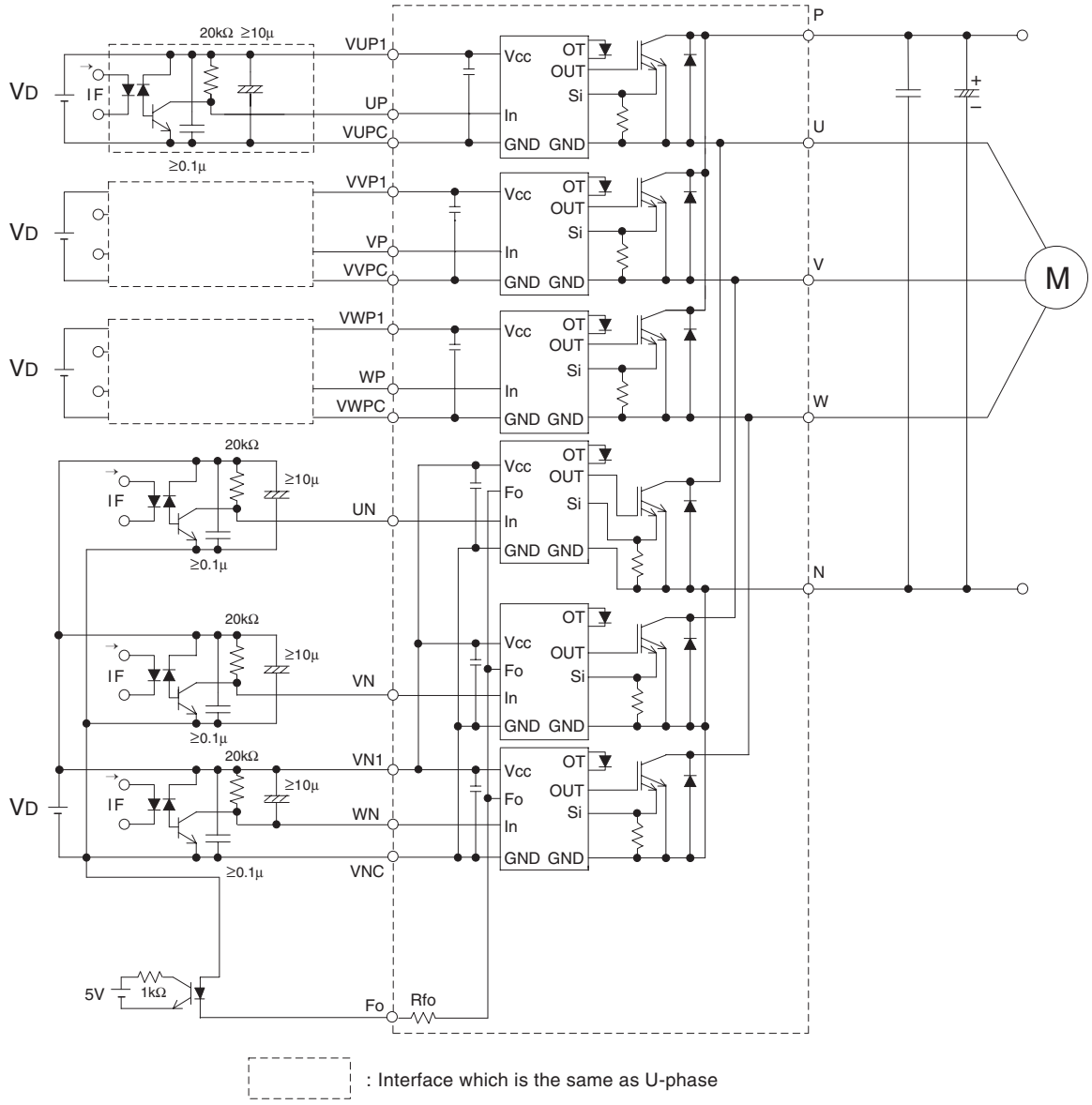


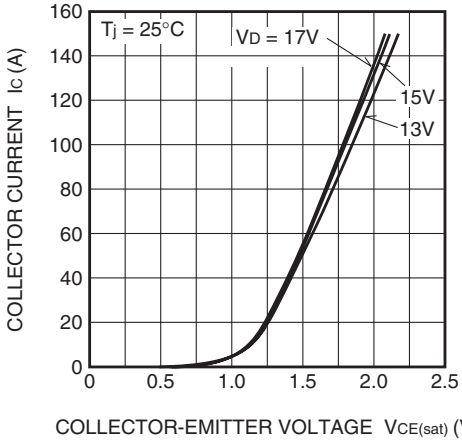
Fig. 8 Application Example Circuit

NOTES FOR STABLE AND SAFE OPERATION ;

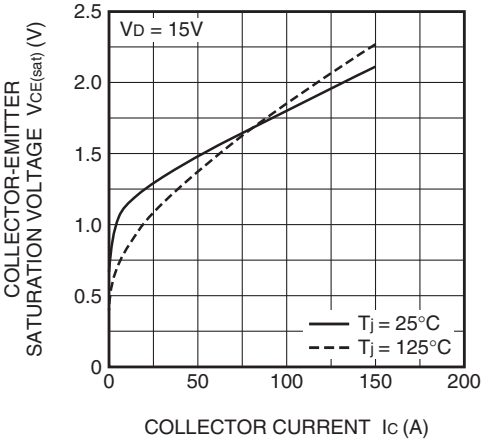
- Design the PCB pattern to minimize wiring length between opto-coupler and IPM's input terminal, and also to minimize the stray capacity between the input and output wirings of opto-coupler.
- Connect low impedance capacitor between the Vcc and GND terminal of each fast switching opto-coupler.
- Fast switching opto-couplers: t_{PLH}, $t_{PHL} \leq 0.8\mu s$, Use High CMR type.
- Slow switching opto-coupler: CTR > 100%
- Use 3 isolated control power supplies (V_D). Also, care should be taken to minimize the instantaneous voltage charge of the power supply.
- Make inductance of DC bus line as small as possible, and minimize surge voltage using snubber capacitor between P and N terminal.
- Use line noise filter capacitor (ex. 4.7nF) between each input AC line and ground to reject common-mode noise from AC line and improve noise immunity of the system.

PERFORMANCE CURVES

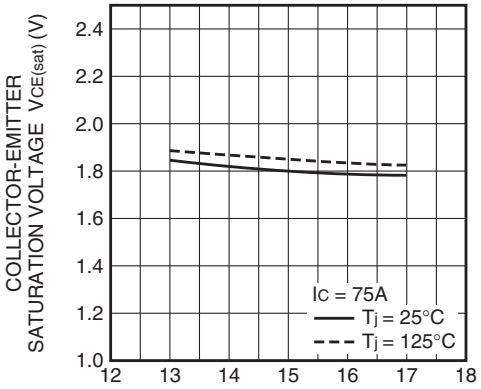
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



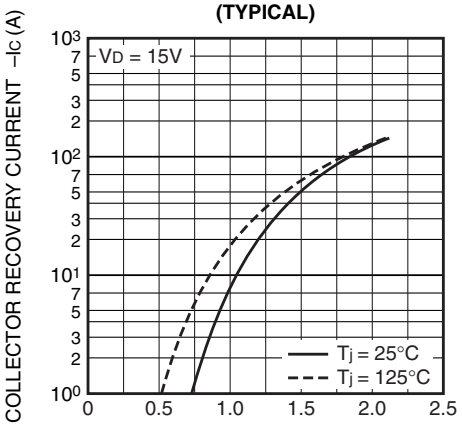
COLLECTOR-EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE (VS. Ic) CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



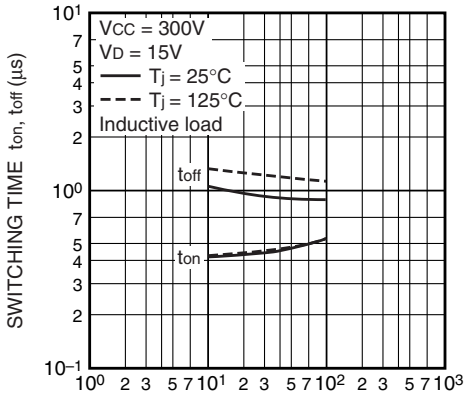
COLLECTOR-EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE (VS. VD) CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



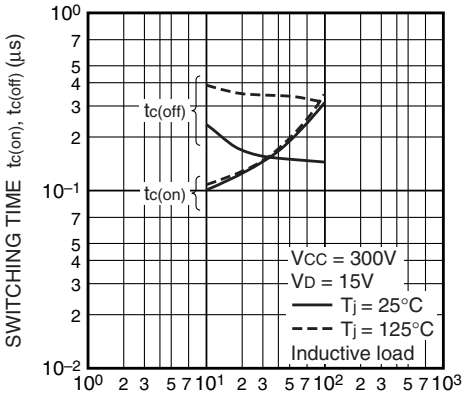
DIODE FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



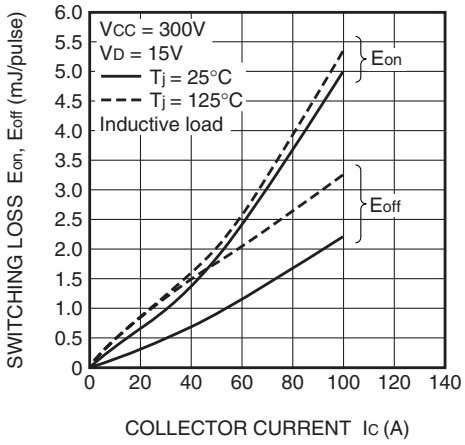
SWITCHING TIME (ton, toff) CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



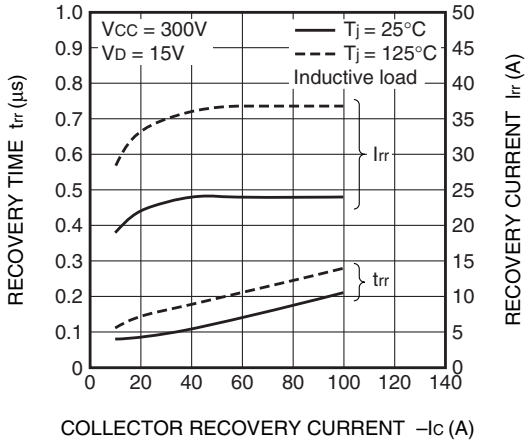
SWITCHING TIME (tc(on), tc(off)) CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



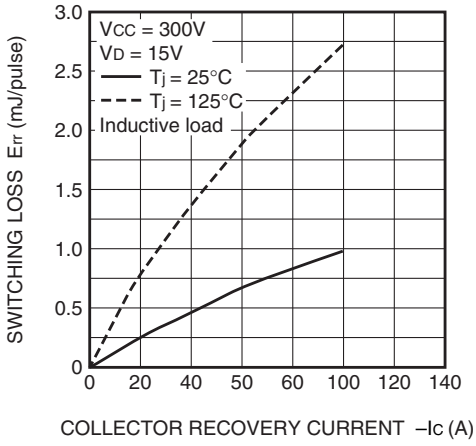
SWITCHING LOSS CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



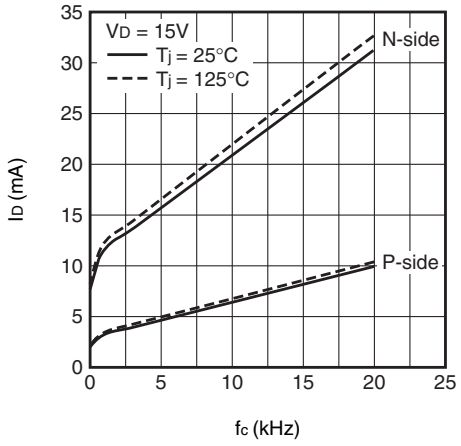
DIODE REVERSE RECOVERY CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



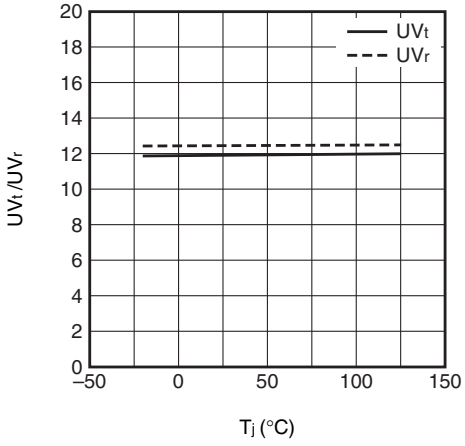
SWITCHING RECOVERY LOSS CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



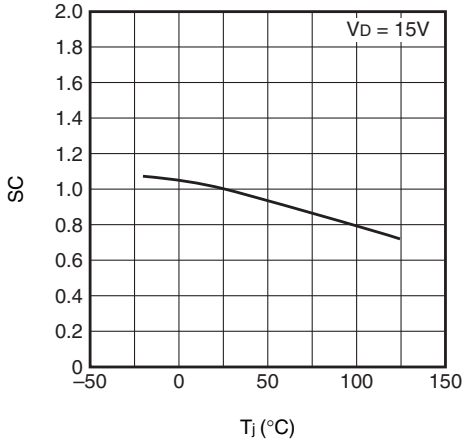
ID VS. fc CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



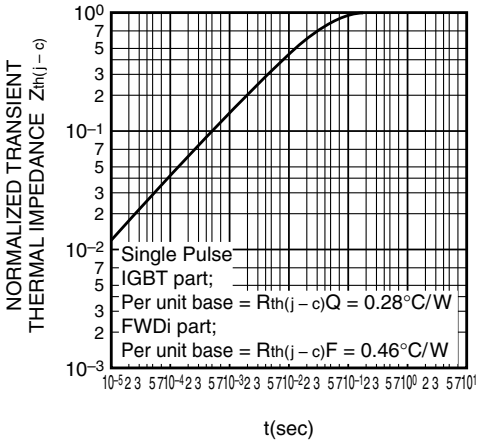
UV TRIP LEVEL VS. Tj CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



SC TRIP LEVEL VS. Tj CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



Important Notice

The information contained in this datasheet shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics. This product has to be used within its specified maximum ratings, and is subject to customer's compliance with any applicable legal requirement, norms and standards.

Except as otherwise explicitly approved by Mitsubishi Electric Corporation in a written document signed by authorized representatives of Mitsubishi Electric Corporation, our products may not be used in any applications where a failure of the product or any consequences of the use thereof can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury.

In usage of power semiconductor, there is always the possibility that trouble may occur with them by the reliability lifetime such as Power Cycle, Thermal Cycle or others, or when used under special circumstances (e.g. condensation, high humidity, dusty, salty, highlands, environment with lots of organic matter / corrosive gas / explosive gas, or situations which terminals of semiconductor products receive strong mechanical stress). Therefore, please pay sufficient attention to such circumstances. Further, depending on the technical requirements, our semiconductor products may contain environmental regulation substances, etc. If there is necessity of detailed confirmation, please contact our nearest sales branch or distributor.

The contents or data contained in this datasheet are exclusively intended for technically trained staff. Customer's technical departments should take responsibility to evaluate the suitability of Mitsubishi Electric Corporation product for the intended application and the completeness of the product data with respect to such application. In the customer's research and development, please evaluate it not only with a single semiconductor product but also in the entire system, and judge whether it's applicable. As required, pay close attention to the safety design by installing appropriate fuse or circuit breaker between a power supply and semiconductor products to prevent secondary damage. Please also pay attention to the application note and the related technical information.

Keep safety first in your circuit designs!

Mitsubishi Electric Corporation puts the maximum effort into making semiconductor products better and more reliable, but there is always the possibility that trouble may occur with them. Trouble with semiconductors may lead to personal injury, fire or property damage. Remember to give due consideration to safety when making your circuit designs, with appropriate measures such as (i) placement of substitutive, auxiliary circuits, (ii) use of non-flammable material or (iii) prevention against any malfunction or mishap.

Notes regarding these materials

- These materials are intended as a reference to assist our customers in the selection of the Mitsubishi Electric Semiconductor product best suited to the customer's application; they do not convey any license under any intellectual property rights, or any other rights, belonging to Mitsubishi Electric Corporation or a third party.
- Mitsubishi Electric Corporation assumes no responsibility for any damage, or infringement of any third-party's rights, originating in the use of any product data, diagrams, charts, programs, algorithms, or circuit application examples contained in these materials.
- All information contained in these materials, including product data, diagrams, charts, programs and algorithms represents information on products at the time of publication of these materials, and are subject to change by Mitsubishi Electric Corporation without notice due to product improvements or other reasons. It is therefore recommended that customers contact Mitsubishi Electric Corporation or an authorized Mitsubishi Electric Semiconductor product distributor for the latest product information before purchasing a product listed herein.
  The information described here may contain technical inaccuracies or typographical errors. Mitsubishi Electric Corporation assumes no responsibility for any damage, liability, or other loss rising from these inaccuracies or errors.
  Please also pay attention to information published by Mitsubishi Electric Corporation by various means, including the Mitsubishi Electric Semiconductor home page (http://www.MitsubishiElectric.com/semiconductors/).
- When using any or all of the information contained in these materials, including product data, diagrams, charts, programs, and algorithms, please be sure to evaluate all information as a total system before making a final decision on the applicability of the information and products. Mitsubishi Electric Corporation assumes no responsibility for any damage, liability or other loss resulting from the information contained herein.
- Mitsubishi Electric Corporation semiconductors are not designed or manufactured for use in a device or system that is used under circumstances in which human life is potentially at stake. Please contact Mitsubishi Electric Corporation or an authorized Mitsubishi Electric Semiconductor product distributor when considering the use of a product contained herein for any specific purposes, such as apparatus or systems for transportation, vehicular, medical, aerospace, nuclear, or undersea repeater use.
- The prior written approval of Mitsubishi Electric Corporation is necessary to reprint or reproduce in whole or in part these materials.
- If these products or technologies are subject to the Japanese export control restrictions, they must be exported under a license from the Japanese government and cannot be imported into a country other than the approved destination.
  Any diversion or re-export contrary to the export control laws and regulations of Japan and/or the country of destination is prohibited.
- Please contact Mitsubishi Electric Corporation or an authorized Mitsubishi Electric Semiconductor product distributor for further details on these materials or the products contained therein.

Generally the listed company name and the brand name are the trademarks or registered trademarks of the respective companies.

© Mitsubishi Electric Corporation