SIEMENS

Network management with SINEMA Server - introduction SIMATIC NET Installing, setting up and calling SINEMA Server Getting to know SINEMA Server - basic functions Using SINEMA Server - Using SINEMA Server - reference section Operating Instructions Data exchange via OPC 1 Data exchange via OPC

Preface

Questions and answers

Legal information

Warning notice system

This manual contains notices you have to observe in order to ensure your personal safety, as well as to prevent damage to property. The notices referring to your personal safety are highlighted in the manual by a safety alert symbol, notices referring only to property damage have no safety alert symbol. These notices shown below are graded according to the degree of danger.

▲ DANGER

indicates that death or severe personal injury will result if proper precautions are not taken.

AWARNING

indicates that death or severe personal injury may result if proper precautions are not taken.

▲CAUTION

indicates that minor personal injury can result if proper precautions are not taken.

NOTICE

indicates that property damage can result if proper precautions are not taken.

If more than one degree of danger is present, the warning notice representing the highest degree of danger will be used. A notice warning of injury to persons with a safety alert symbol may also include a warning relating to property damage.

Qualified Personnel

The product/system described in this documentation may be operated only by **personnel qualified** for the specific task in accordance with the relevant documentation, in particular its warning notices and safety instructions. Qualified personnel are those who, based on their training and experience, are capable of identifying risks and avoiding potential hazards when working with these products/systems.

Proper use of Siemens products

Note the following:

▲WARNING

Siemens products may only be used for the applications described in the catalog and in the relevant technical documentation. If products and components from other manufacturers are used, these must be recommended or approved by Siemens. Proper transport, storage, installation, assembly, commissioning, operation and maintenance are required to ensure that the products operate safely and without any problems. The permissible ambient conditions must be complied with. The information in the relevant documentation must be observed.

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All names identified by ® are registered trademarks of Siemens AG. The remaining trademarks in this publication may be trademarks whose use by third parties for their own purposes could violate the rights of the owner.

Disclaimer of Liability

We have reviewed the contents of this publication to ensure consistency with the hardware and software described. Since variance cannot be precluded entirely, we cannot guarantee full consistency. However, the information in this publication is reviewed regularly and any necessary corrections are included in subsequent editions.

Preface

Trademarks

The following and possibly other names not identified by the registered trademark sign ® are registered trademarks of Siemens AG:

SINEMA, SCALANCE, SIMATIC

Purpose of this documentation

This manual will help you install, configure and operate the application, SINEMA Server. It contains basic information about devices, protocols, security mechanisms and other properties of industrial networks and provides guidance and advice on monitoring and evaluating them.

Validity of the manual

The information in this document applies to the software, SINEMA Server V13 SP1.

New in this product version

Revision of the content and editorial revision.

New functions, including:

- Job components for time-controlled or manual execution of the management tasks "Firmware download" and "Firmware activation" for SCALANCE X / SCALANCE W devices and "CLI script execution" ad "System backup"
- · Validation reports for checking monitoring data based on configured criteria

Expansion of existing functions, including:

- Views of PNIO systems can be created
- SIMATIC IPCs are detected and assigned to device profiles, if the software "DiagMonitor" was installed on the SIMATIC IPCs
- Automatic visibility of monitored devices in OPC is configurable
- Procedure for generating OPC UA indexes is configurable
- OPC UA indexes can be configured manually
- A status report about existing overall statuses and views is available via OPC
- Providing user-defined OIDs via OPC now includes the correct OID names and data values
- The length of OPC paths was shortened

- OPC paths are now formed regardless of the device type
- Via OPC, the appropriate event text is now provided as the basis for the overall status of a device

Further information

You will find additional and updated information about SINEMA Server on the Internet. The Siemens Automation Customer Support Web site contains manuals, FAQs and software updates among other content. You can access this information via the following link:

SINEMA server (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/ps/15393)

Allowance for network utilization by SINEMA Server

To monitor devices, SINEMA Server uses part of the data transfer rate available in the network. This must be taken into account when planning networks in which SINEMA Server will be used.

License conditions

Note

Open source software

Read the license conditions for open source software carefully before using the product. The acceptance of the disclaimers of liability and warranty it contains is a clear precondition of the use of open source software.

You will find license conditions in the following documents on the supplied data medium:

DOC_OSS-S7-CM-CP_74.pdf

SIMATIC NET glossary

Explanations of many of the specialist terms used in this documentation can be found in the SIMATIC NET glossary.

You will find the SIMATIC NET glossary here:

- SIMATIC NET Manual Collection or product DVD
 The DVD ships with certain SIMATIC NET products.
- On the Internet under the following address:

50305045 (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/50305045)

Security information

Siemens provides products and solutions with industrial security functions that support the secure operation of plants, solutions, machines, equipment and/or networks. They are important components in a holistic industrial security concept. With this in mind, Siemens' products and solutions undergo continuous development. Siemens recommends strongly that you regularly check for product updates.

For the secure operation of Siemens products and solutions, it is necessary to take suitable preventive action (e.g. cell protection concept) and integrate each component into a holistic, state-of-the-art industrial security concept. Third-party products that may be in use should also be considered. For more information about industrial security, visit http://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity.

To stay informed about product updates as they occur, sign up for a product-specific newsletter. For more information, visit https://support.industry.siemens.com.

Security recommendations

To prevent unauthorized access, note the following security recommendations.

General

- You should make regular checks to make sure that this product meets these recommendations and/or other security guidelines.
- Evaluate your plant as a whole in terms of security. Use a cell protection concept with suitable products.
- Keep the software you are using up to date. Check regularly for security updates for the product.

You will find information on this at http://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity.

- Only activate protocols you require to monitor the devices.
- Whenever possible, always use the variants of protocols that provide greater security (e.g. SNMPv3, HTTPS etc.).
- Restrict access to the SINEMA Server to qualified personnel.

SINEMA Server clients

- It is strongly recommended that you use the HTTPS protocol for access to the Web user interface of SINEMA Server. The data is transferred encrypted and cannot be read by unauthorized third persons.
- Keep the Java Runtime Environment up to date on the clients.
- Keep the Web browser you are using up to date on the clients.

Passwords

- Define rules for the use of the software and assignment of passwords.
- Regularly update passwords and keys to increase security.

- Change all default passwords for users before you use the software.
- Only use passwords with a high password strength. Avoid weak passwords for example password1, 123456789, abcdefgh.
- Make sure that all passwords are protected and inaccessible to unauthorized personnel.
- Do not use the same password for different users and systems or after it has expired.

Keys and passwords

This section deals with the security keys and certificates you require to set up SSL.

 We strongly recommend that you create your own SSL certificates and make them available.

How you generate HTTPS certificates is described in the following section of this manual: Port settings (Page 28)

We recommend that you use certificates with a key length of 2048 bits.

Automation License Manager

If you do not require the network functions of the Automation License Manager, deny access to these functions in your firewall.

Assumptions

We assume the following situation:

- SINEMA Server, monitored devices and OPC clients are protected by a firewall.
- It is certain that access to the SINEMA Server via the Internet is only possible using security mechanisms such as SSL-VPN.

Table of contents

	Preface		3
1	Network n	nanagement with SINEMA Server - introduction	11
	1.1	Area of application and functions	11
	1.2	Overview of the program functions	13
2	Installing,	setting up and calling SINEMA Server	19
	2.1	Performance characteristics of SINEMA Server	19
	2.2 2.2.1 2.2.2 2.2.3	Installing and uninstalling software License information Installing SINEMA Server - requirements and procedure Uninstalling SINEMA Server	20 23
	2.3 2.3.1 2.3.1.1 2.3.1.2 2.3.1.3 2.3.1.4 2.3.1.5 2.3.2 2.3.3	Configuring and starting SINEMA Server SINEMA Server Monitor Status display Port settings Device profile synchronization Archive management Restoring system backups and forcing process aborts Java applets Start SINEMA Server	
	2.4 2.4.1	Migrating a SINEMA Server configuration	
	2.5 2.5.1 2.5.2	Web user interfaceLogging in to the Web interface of SINEMA ServerSINEMA Server user interface on the Web interface	38
3	Getting to	know SINEMA Server - basic functions	47
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1.2	Detecting devices in the network Overview Scanning in the network	47
	3.2 3.2.1 3.2.2	Visualizing the network topology / monitoring network devices	50
	3.3 3.3.1 3.3.2	Setting up network devices individually - using the Profile editor Profile concept	53
	3.4	Configuring event reactions - displaying events	58
	3.5 3.5.1	Setting up and using views	62
	3.5.2 3.5.3	The View editorCreating a view-specific topology	

	3.5.4	Configure connections	70
	3.6	Users and user groups	73
	3.6.1	SINEMA Server users and roles concept	
4	Using SINI	EMA Server - reference section	77
	4.1	Program user interface in detail - overview of the menus	77
	4.1.1	User interface	
	4.1.1.1	Filtering data with filter templates	83
	4.1.2	Online help	85
	4.1.3	Quick links	86
	4.1.4	Calling functions with a URL	87
	4.1.5	Start window	97
	4.1.6	Device tree	
	4.1.7	Device window with device list	
	4.1.8	Device window with interface list	107
	4.1.9	Device details	
	4.1.10	Device details - subcategories	117
	4.1.10.1	Detailed information LAN ports	
	4.1.10.2	Detailed information WLAN	
	4.1.10.3	Editor for detailed information on (W)LAN ports	
	4.1.10.4	Detailed information redundant ports	
	4.1.11	Alternating devices	
	4.1.12	Views	
	4.1.12.1	Views - Overview	
	4.1.12.2 4.1.13	Views - topology / Topology editor Event list	
	4.2	Topology	
	4.2.1	Topology - Discovered	
	4.2.1.1	Meaning and how it works	
	4.2.1.2	Icons and colors in the discovered topology	
	4.2.2	Topology - Monitored	
	4.2.2.1	Meaning and how it works	
	4.2.2.2	Icons and colors in the monitored topology	
	4.2.3	Topology - Reference	
	4.2.3.1	Meaning and how it works	
	4.2.3.2	Configuring reference connections	
	4.2.3.3	Configuring reference statuses for ports and protocols	
	4.2.3.4	Icons and colors in the reference topology	
	4.2.4	Topology - Unmanaged device types	
	4.2.5	Topology - special features	150
	4.3	Reports	
	4.3.1	Reports - Availability	
	4.3.2	Reports - Performance	
	4.3.3	Reports - Inventory	
	4.3.4	Reports - Events	
	4.3.5	Reports - validation reports	
	4.3.5.1	Overview	
	4.3.5.2	Validation report configurations	
	4.3.5.3	Validation report templates	
	4.3.5.4 4.3.6	Configuration of validation reports, and validation report templates	165 171
	4 .	misionical data and trend charis	171

	4.3.6.1	Historical data	171
	4.3.6.2	Trend charts	173
	4.4	Administration	176
	4.4.1	Administration - Discovery / Scan	176
	4.4.2	Administration - Discovery / Profiles	
	4.4.2.1	The Profile editor	
	4.4.3	Administration - Monitoring	
	4.4.3.1	Administration - Monitoring General	
	4.4.3.2	Administration - Monitoring SNMP settings	
	4.4.3.3	Administration - Monitoring Polling groups	
	4.4.3.4	Administration - Monitoring OPC	
	4.4.4	Administration - Events	
	4.4.4.1	Administration - Events Event types	
	4.4.4.2	Administration - Events Overall status groups	
	4.4.4.3	Administration - Events > Event reactions	
	4.4.5	Administration - User	
	4.4.5.1	Administration - User User	
	4.4.5.2	Administration - Users user groups	
	4.4.5.3	Administration - User Logon locks	
	4.4.6	Administration - System	
	4.4.6.1 4.4.6.2	Administration - System System information	
	4.4.6.2	Administration - System configuration	
	4.4.0.3	Administration - System / E-mail settings	
	4.4.7.1	Administration - My settings Password	
	4.4.7.2	Administration - My settings I assword	
	4.4.8	Administration - Jobs	
	4.4.8.1	Overview	
	4.4.8.2	Requirements for the execution of jobs	
	4.4.8.3	Configuration of jobs	
	4.4.8.4	Basic job settings	
	4.5	Server overview	230
5	Data excl	hange via OPC	235
	5.1	Access via OPC server - options and concept	235
	5.2	Data access with OPC (UA)	
	5.3	Data access with OPC (DA)	
	5.3.1	Configuring DCOM settings in SINEMA Server	
	5.3.2	Configuring DCOM settings for the OPC server	
	5.3.3	Accessing SINEMA Server data via an OPC server (DA)	
Α		s and answers	
•	A.1	Topic general operator control / installation	
	A.2	Topic logging in / starting	
	A.3	Topic topology	
	A.4	Topic network monitoring / scanning / SNMP	
	A.5	Topic views	253
	A.6	Topic events	254

A.7	Topic migration / import / export	254
A.8	Topic reports	254
A.9	Topic Profile editor	255
A.10	Topic Web browser	257
A.11	Subject SIMATIC monitoring	257
Index		259

Network management with SINEMA Server - introduction

1.1 Area of application and functions

The complexity and the number of nodes in Ethernet-based production networks are growing constantly due to increasing requirements. The failure of individual devices in such networks can mean loss of production and, in the worst case, bring the production chain to a standstill. To minimize unproductive times and the resulting costs, transparency of networks with continuous network monitoring is indispensable.

The network management software SINEMA Server is designed specifically for the requirements of industrial communication and monitors devices in the network such as:

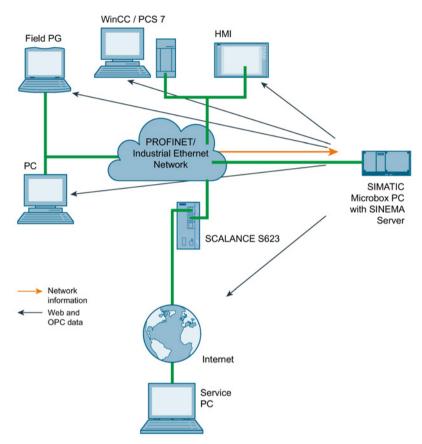
- the programmable controllers and wireless devices connected to LANs or WLANs
- the infrastructure components such as Industrial Ethernet switches or access points of industrial WLANs.

With the help of extensive diagnostics and reporting functions, SINEMA Server ensures that network problems are recognized early and can be dealt with.

1.1 Area of application and functions

Integration of SINEMA Server

The following graphic is a schematic representation of the integration of SINEMA Server in a network to be monitored.



Management station with SINEMA Server

The SINEMA Server application runs on a SIMATIC Microbox or on a PC. The device on which the SINEMA Server runs is known as the management station. The management station is a node in the network to be monitored.

Web client for accessing SINEMA Server

The network is monitored using Web browsers on the clients. The management station itself can also be used as a client.

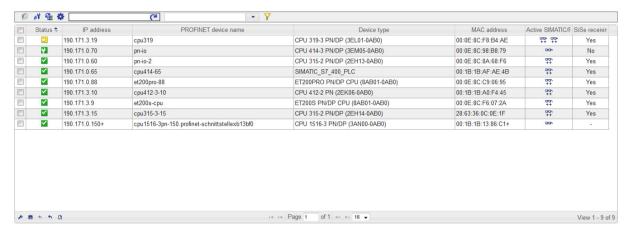
OPC server

For OPC applications, you have an additional interface available to the SINEMA Server network data. HMI systems such as SIMATIC WinCC also use this option for access to network data.

1.2 Overview of the program functions

Automatic device detection

SINEMA Server discovers devices in the network automatically and obtains their device information. Cyclically, SINEMA Server polls the overall status of every discovered device and highlights this in color.



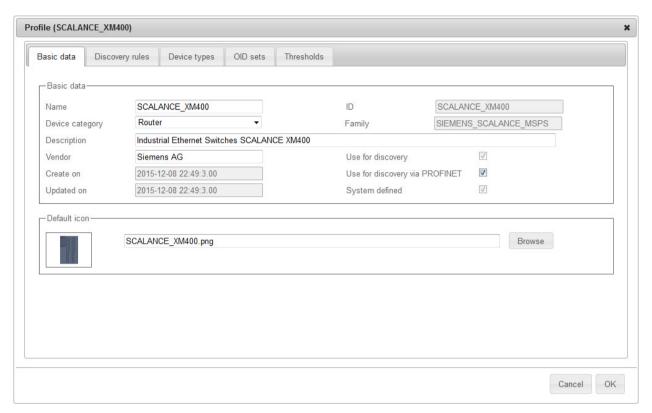
For more detailed information, refer to the following sections:

- Device discovery: Detecting devices in the network (Page 47)
- Determining overall device statuses: Administration Events Overall status groups (Page 200)

1.2 Overview of the program functions

Device display with device profiles

The display schemes for devices discovered in SINEMA Server are specified in so-called device profiles that are assigned to the devices automatically when they are discovered by SINEMA Server. If a device has been assigned to a device profile, it is displayed with the device details stored in the relevant device profile.



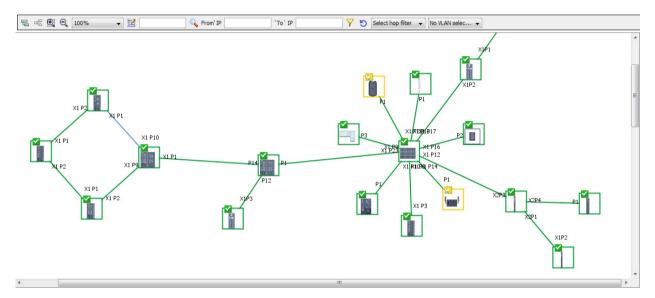
Device profiles access the information of devices via SNMP and SIMATIC / PROFINET. The devices that are supported by device profiles include SCALANCE W, SCALANCE X and SCALANCE S, SIMATIC NET CPUs 300/400/1200/1500 and SIMATIC NET CPs 200/300/400. When necessary, the Profile editor can be used to create your own device profiles based on existing device profiles.

For more detailed information on device profiles, refer to the following sections:

- Setting up network devices individually using the Profile editor (Page 53)
- Administration Discovery / Profiles (Page 180)

Network monitoring with network topologies

The device information discovered by SINEMA Server also includes the information about the neighboring devices. With the help of the SNMP and PROFINET protocols, SINEMA Server reads out the neighborhood information calculates a topology display using the LLDP protocol in which the detected connections between devices are shown. In the topology display, the devices can be arranged as required to improve clarity and a background image such as a plant plan can also be added. To monitor the devices, expected statuses for connectors, connections and protocol availability can be defined in the topology display. Deviations between the actual and expected statuses are then highlighted graphically.



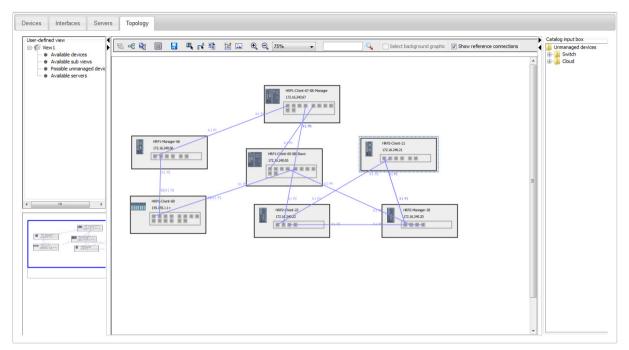
For more detailed information on the topology display, refer to the following sections:

- Visualizing the network topology / monitoring network devices (Page 50)
- Topology (Page 135)

1.2 Overview of the program functions

User-specific network monitoring

The number and appearance of the devices visible in SINEMA Server can be configured for specific users. To achieve this, you can define sections of the network monitoring as views by assigning the devices to be monitored to the views.



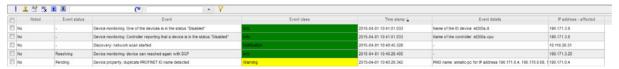
For each view, an additional topology display can be generated in which the assigned devices can be freely arranged. You then assign the created views to the required users.

You will find more detailed information on views and assigning users in the following sections:

- Setting up and using views (Page 62)
- Views (Page 125)
- Administration User (Page 208)

Events

Events such as a change in the reachability status of a monitored device are detected by SINEMA Server and recorded in an event history.



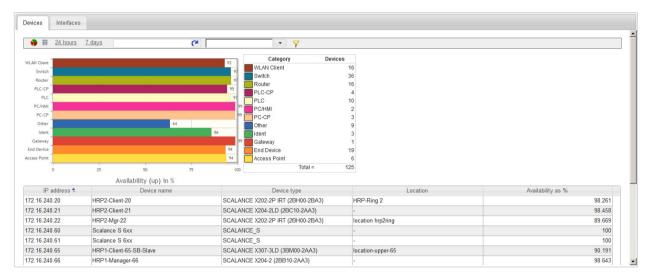
As default, SINEMA Server includes predefined events for important status changes in the network that can, when necessary, be expanded with new events. Apart from the event texts, the reaction to events, for example calling a program or sending an e-mail can also be configured. The influence of events on the overall statuses of monitored devices can be adapted by including them in overall status groups.

For more detailed information on event class and overall status groups, refer to the following sections:

- Events: Configuring event reactions displaying events (Page 58)
- Overall status groups: Administration Events Overall status groups (Page 200)

Creating reports

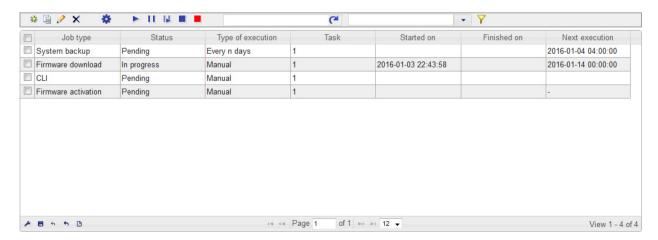
With the report function, you obtain exportable evaluations of the network monitoring in both textual and graphic form.



For more detailed information on reports, refer to the section Reports (Page 152)

Execution of jobs

To perform management tasks such as firmware downloads on SCALANCE X / SCALANCE W devices and system backups, jobs are available to you. These can be started time-controlled or manually and allow work with other functions of SINEMA Server while they are executing.



1.2 Overview of the program functions

For more detailed information on jobs, refer to the section Administration - Jobs (Page 216)

Creating validation reports

To check certain properties such as the firmware version and PROFINET device names, validation reports are available to you. The validations to be performed in a validation report can be put together freely and prioritized in terms of the validation result.

Validation reports are generated as PDF files and document the validation result as well as the cause of validations that are not passed.

Validat	tion overview				•••••	•••••	FAILED
Co-worker	Administrator		Department / com	npany	Siemen	is AG	
-							
Device proper	rties:					770	
Validation		Validated	Obligatory	Chec	ked	Affected	Result
White list fo	r firmware versions	Yes	Yes	12 (1	9)	-	Passed
Different fire	mware versions	Yes	Yes	12 (1	9)	-	Passed
IP address p	parameters	Yes	Yes	12(1	9)	1	Failed
Device name	es	No		_		-	-
Duplicate M	IAC addresses	No	= 1	2			
Duplicate IP	addresses	No	<u>-</u> N	-		_	-
PROFINET:							
Validation		Validated	Obligatory	Chec	ked	Affected	Result
Duplicate PF	ROFINET device names	No	7 (A)	-		-	- 10 m
PROFINET IO controller	O devices without assigned	Yes	Yes	12(1	9)	2	Failed
Performance (devices):							
Validation		Validated	Obligatory	Chec	ked	Affected	Result
Device avail	ability	Yes	Yes	12 (1	9)	5	Passed
Performance	(ports):						
Validation		Validated	Obligatory	Chec	ked	Affected	Result

For more detailed information on validation reports, refer to the section Reports - validation reports (Page 162)

Installing, setting up and calling SINEMA Server

2.1 Performance characteristics of SINEMA Server

Features of the Web interface

Several instances of the Web interface of SINEMA Server Web can be opened at the same time by different users to access network information.

Access to the SINEMA Server Web interface is possible using an unencrypted HTTP connection or an encrypted HTTPS connection. User authentication using a user name and password increases the security against unauthorized access.

Regardless of their location in the network, several users can access the same information at the same time.

Configuration limits of SINEMA Server

The number of monitored network devices is limited within the framework of the licensing levels. See section License information (Page 20).

A maximum of 500 network devices can be monitored.

For each management station, SINEMA Server supports remote access by ten users simultaneously. This means that an installation of SINEMA Server can be used by up to ten users at the same time for remote monitoring of network operation.

Further features

In addition to the descriptions in the previous sections, SINEMA Server also provides the following additional functions:

- Forwarding of network data and alarms to other systems using an e-mail client function.
- Users with access to SINEMA Server can also use the OPC server to display device data acquired by SINEMA Server.
- The export function allows the project and configuration data of SINEMA Server to be archived. Similarly, the configuration data can also be imported into SINEMA Server.
- Capability of integration in HMI systems (HMI Human Machine Interface) and visualization systems such as SIMATIC WinCC. This makes the monitoring of communication possible in a process visualization system.
- Using a CSV export function (filtered) data of all lists can be downloaded, refer to the section Calling functions with a URL (Page 87)

2.2 Installing and uninstalling software

2.2.1 License information

To use this application, you require a SINEMA Server license.

Trial license

The application ships with a trial license. The SINEMA Server application automatically generates a trial license. The trial license can be extended by upgrading to a new license type.

License types and corresponding configuration limits

The following six license types are available for SINEMA Server:

- License type 500: This license supports up to 500 monitored devices
- License type 250: This license supports up to 250 monitored devices.
- License type 100: This license supports up to 100 monitored devices.
- License type 50: This license supports up to 50 monitored devices.
- Emergency: This license supports up to 500 monitored devices.
 - If a license type is damaged or corrupted, an emergency license can be used. The emergency license provides validity for a further 14 days.
- Trial 500: This license is a trial license and supports up to 500 monitored devices. There
 are restrictions to the range of functions of SINEMA Server.

Note

Management station is not included in the configuration limits

The configuration limits specified by a license type do not include the network adapters of the management station.

Note

Trial 500 license

The Trial 500 license of SINEMA Server V13 Sp1 is only valid for 21 days. Once the trial version has been activated on the computer it cannot be activated again.

Note

Starting up the first time without a license key

If you launch SINEMA Server the first time without a valid license key, the application setup automatically installs and activates this trial license on your computer.

Note

Passively monitored devices

Devices in the monitoring status "Passively monitored" do not require a device license since these are monitored solely by the assigned controller.

Automation License Manager

To manage your SINEMA Server license, you use the Automation License Manager (ALM) program. This program is used to manage the license keys. Software products that require license keys automatically indicate this requirement to the Automation License Manager. If the ALM finds a valid license key for the software, this can be used according to the end user license agreement.

After installing SINEMA Server, you can call up the documentation for the Automation License Manager. To do this, select **Start > All Programs > Siemens Automation > Documentation** in the Windows menu.

Storage location for license keys

You can store license keys on storage devices such as license key sticks, exchangeable drives (however not on optical memory media such as CD or DVD) or on USB memory sticks. To be able to use SINEMA Server productively, the license keys must, however, be stored locally on your computer.

License update

To extend the license or to expand to a higher number of monitored devices, you require an update to a new license. To allow the license update to be made, the Automation License Manager requires access to the license key of the update license. The Automation License Manager or SINEMA Server then detects the update license automatically.

License types 50/100/250 can be combined. The license type is expanded according to the addition. However, only a maximum of 500 devices can be monitored. If more than 500 devices need to be monitored, these additional devices can be monitored by a separate management station. To monitor devices that are monitored by different management stations, the server overview function can be used.

Note

Configuration limits of the current version

The current version of SINEMA Server supports a maximum of 500 devices.

With a license update, you can also update to a higher version of SINEMA Server.

To run such a license update, follow the steps outlined below:

- 1. In the Automation License Manager, select the "View > Management" menu command.
- 2. In the navigation area, select the storage location of the license key with which you want to perform the update.

2.2 Installing and uninstalling software

- 3. In the object area, select the license key with which the update will be performed.
- 4. Select the "License key > Upgrade..." menu commands.

License downgrade

A license downgrade is possible if you have at least one license type available. For the downgrade, you do, however, require a license type higher than 50. If, for example, you have license type 50 + license type 50 (two licenses) it is only possible to downgrade to one license.

NOTICE

Checking the number of monitored devices

Before performing the license downgrade, make sure that the number of monitored devices does not exceed the number of monitored devices that will be licensed following the downgrade.

Otherwise, a login will no longer be possible following the license downgrade. In this case, run a license update with a suitable number of devices.

To perform a downgrade with a license type, follow the steps outlined below:

- 1. Stop SINEMA Server and its services. To do this, you can use the "SINEMA Server Monitor" window.
- 2. In the Automation License Manager, select the "View > Management" menu command.
- 3. In the navigation area, select the storage location of the license key with which you want to perform the downgrade.
- 4. Select the "License key > Transfer..." menu command to transfer the license key to another user.

NOTICE

Checks on completion of the license downgrade

Following the downgrade, there must still be at least one license remaining in the navigation area.

2.2.2 Installing SINEMA Server - requirements and procedure

Overview

Most of the installation is handled automatically. The SETUP routine itself recognizes whether other program components apart from SINEMA Server itself need to be installed. The installation routine takes the required actions as necessary.

Successful installation and problem-free operation of SINEMA Server require the following system properties:

Hardware requirements

Parameter	Minimum requirements	Recommended requirements
Processor	Intel Core i5 (4 cores) with 2.4 GHz or equivalent	Intel Core i7 (8 cores) with 3 GHz or equivalent
RAM	4 GB	8 GB
Network adapter	1	1
		Note: SINEMA Server supports up to four network adapters.
Storage requirements hard disk	approx. 10 GB*	approx. 50 GB*

^{*} The disk size also includes the capacity presumably required for archive data. When using other programs such as STEP 7, the disk requirements increase accordingly.

Software requirements

Supported operating systems	Windows 7 (Professional / Ultimate / Enter- prise) SP1 (64-bit)
	Windows Server 2008 R2 SP1 (64-bit)
Web browser	Internet Explorer 10.0 or higher
	Firefox 42.0* or higher

^{*} When using older Firefox versions, problems can occur in the topology display.

Requirements for the Web client

For users that access SINEMA Server from client systems, the client computer must meet the following requirements:

Web browser	Internet Explorer 10.0 or higher Firefox 42.0* or higher
	Firefox 42.0 of higher
Java Runtime Environment (JRE)	Version 8 update 65 or higher
	Note : The Java Runtime Environment (JRE) software is required for correct display of the Java applets. For reasons of security it is advisable to use the latest JRE version at all times.

2.2 Installing and uninstalling software

Minimum resolution of the monitor	1280 x 1024 pixels
Recommended resolution of the monitor	1920 x 1080 pixels

^{*} When using older Firefox versions, problems can occur in the topology display.

Note

Architecture of Java plug-in and Web browser

Make sure that the architecture (32-bit/64-bit) of your Java plug-in matches the architecture of the Web browser you are using. You can view the architecture of the Java plug-in in the plug-in management of your Web browser.

User rights

To be able to install SINEMA Server on your computer, you require administrator privileges.

Time required

The time required is estimated to be about 15 to 30 minutes, depending on the computer class and scope of installation. A migration can take up to 2 hours.

Sequence

To install SINEMA Server on your computer, follow the steps below:

- 1. Log in to the Windows operating system as administrator. Open the Windows Explorer and double-click on the "Setup.exe" file in the root directory of the installation CD. As an alternative, start the program from the Windows menu "Start > Run".
 - If the Auto Run function is enabled for your CD-ROM drive, the installation will start automatically.
- 2. Select the language for the Setup wizard of SINEMA Server and click "Next".
- 3. Click the "Open source license agreement" button to display the license agreement. After reading the license agreement, select the option "I accept the conditions of the above license agreement as well as the conditions of the Open Source license agreement" and then click "Next".
- 4. Enter the required user information and click the "Next" button.

A dialog box opens containing the list of programs to be installed. Leave the preselection of the SINEMA Server components as it stands.

To be able to use SINEMA Server, you also require the Automation License Manager.

Note

Requirement for discovery of duplicate IP addresses

The discovery of duplicate IP addresses is only possible if you also install the "WinPcap" component.

- 5. Select the check box for the Automation License Manager (ALM). If you require further information about the ALM, click the "Readme" button on the right of the dialog box.
- 6. Select the "Storage space" button to display the current storage space of the computer.
- 7. Click the "Browse" button if you want to change the standard target directory and install the application somewhere else.
- 8. Select the required storage location and click the "Next" button to start the installation.

Note

Memory requirements

If the drive does not have enough free storage space, click the "Browse" button to select a different location for the installation.

A new dialog box opens.

- 9. Follow the further instructions that guide you through the entire installation. This process can take several minutes.
 - When it is finished, a final window is displayed for the setup. This contains a status message about the successful installation of the SINEMA Server application.
- 10.In the setup window, you can either restart the computer immediately or later. Select the required option and click the "Finish" button to complete the installation.

2.2.3 Uninstalling SINEMA Server

Uninstalling

To uninstall SINEMA Server from your computer, follow the steps below:

- 1. Open the Windows Control Panel by clicking **Start > Control Panel** in the Windows taskbar.
- 2. In the Control Panel window, open the "Add or Remove Programs" dialog box
- 3. In the sub window of the "Add or Remove Programs" dialog box, click on "Change or Remove Programs".
- 4. In "Currently installed programs", select the relevant entry.
- 5. Click the "Remove" button. When prompted to confirm removal, click "Yes". SINEMA Server is then uninstalled from your system.

Note

License key

After uninstalling the program, you can retain the valid license key. To do this, open the Automation License Manager and save the license on a separate data medium. You can also, however, transfer the license to other users.

2.3 Configuring and starting SINEMA Server

Note

Closing program files and folders before uninstalling

When uninstalling, the installation program removes the program files and folders. If one of the folders to be uninstalled is still open in the Windows Explorer, an error message is displayed. To avoid this, make sure that the folder to be uninstalled is closed.

2.3 Configuring and starting SINEMA Server

The following section describes what needs to be done to set up and start SINEMA Server on the management station. Before starting SINEMA Server for the first time, basic parameters need to be set that are required for subsequent network access. The SINEMA Server Monitor described below is the central access point for the configuration and starting SINEMA Server as well as for several other services.

2.3.1 SINEMA Server Monitor

Overview

SINEMA Server Monitor is the central program module for administration of SINEMA Server. SINEMA Server Monitor runs on the PC/PG on which SINEMA Server is installed (management station).

SINEMA Server Monitor loads automatically after successful installation of SINEMA Server and on each subsequent Windows startup. In addition to this, the following icon is included in the taskbar for calling up a shortcut menu that provides the functions of SINEMA Server Monitor.



Note: This icon may also be colored differently indicating different statuses of SINEMA Server. You will find the significance of the different colors in the section Status display (Page 27)

Structure of the shortcut menu

Right-click on the icon in the taskbar. Following this, the shortcut menu for calling up the following functions appears:

- "Start web client": The standard browser is opened and SINEMA Server is called with the
 configured HTTPS port using the URL "https://localhost:<https-port>". If no HTTPS port is
 configured, SINEMA Server is called using the URL "http://localhost:<http-port>".
- "Start/Stop SINEMA Server": The progress of the action is shown in the "Status" tab of the "Settings" window.

- "Settings": The "SINEMA Server Status" window is opened. This window shows the
 status of SINEMA Server and provides options for making the administration settings for
 SINEMA Server as described in the following sections. If you change settings in SINEMA
 Server Monitor, the Web server is automatically exited and restarted. Open Web sessions
 with SINEMA Server are interrupted and you need to log in again.
- "Close": SINEMA Server Monitor is exited. You can start SINEMA Server Monitor again with "Start > Programs > Siemens Automation > SINEMA Server > SINEMA Server".

Requirements

To be able to use all the functions of SINEMA Server Monitor without restrictions, you should have administrator rights on the management station.

When using Windows 7 operating system, you should assign the right "Run as administrator" to the SINEMA Server Monitor application. If you do not make this assignment, with certain functions the operating system will prompt you for confirmation that the function can be run. Confirm this prompt to allow the function to be used.

2.3.1.1 Status display

The status of SINEMA Server is shown in the "Status" tab of the "SINEMA Server status" window of SINEMA Server Monitor. The tab also contains buttons for starting and stopping SINEMA Server and for calling the Web client.

Meaning of the status displays

After starting the application, the icon for the SINEMA Server Monitor appears in the Windows taskbar. The color of the icon indicates the operating status of SINEMA Server.

Icon	Description
SINE	SINEMA Server is stopped or is being started up
SINE	SINEMA Server was started successfully
SINE	SINEMA Server - error
SINE	SINEMA Server - warning

NOTICE

Avoiding shutting down or restarting

Avoid a forced shutdown or a restart while SINEMA Server is in operation. In such situations, it is possible that the SINEMA Server database will be damaged. This means that the application no longer starts up correctly and the only remedy is to reinstall the application.

To avoid loss of data in such situations, it is advisable to back up the system regularly. The backup data can be called up when necessary using the restore function.

2.3.1.2 Port settings

With the port settings, you can configure SINEMA Server for HTTP, HTTPS, OPC UA, OPC DA and RPC connections as well as for the use of the SNMP trap port 162. For the individual connection types, the following functions are available:

- HTTP connection (disabled as default):
 - Specify the required HTTP port manually
 - Specify the HTTP port to be used by searching for an available port
 - Enable/disable SINEMA Server for HTTP connections
- HTTPS connections:
 - Specify the required HTTPS port manually
 - Specify the HTTPS port to be used by searching for an available port
 - Enable/disable SINEMA Server for HTTPS connections
 - Generating a new HTTPS certificate, refer to the section "Generating HTTPS certificates"
- OPC UA connections
 - Specify the required OPC UA port manually
 - Specify the OPC UA port to be used by searching for an available port
 - Enable/disable SINEMA Server for OPC UA connections
- OPC DA connections:
 - Enable/disable SINEMA Server for OPC DA connections
- RPC connections (to query the overall device statuses of remote servers, Web page "Server overview" - port can also be configured here):
 - Specify the required RPC port manually
 - Specify the RPC port to be used by searching for an available port
- SNMP traps
 - Windows trap service: If this option is enabled, the Windows trap service is used for shared use of the SNMP trap port 162 with other applications as long as the Windows

- trap service is enabled in Windows. The Windows trap service needs to be enabled manually to allow SINEMA Server to receive traps with this setting.
- SINEMA Server trap service: If this option is enabled, the SNMP trap port 162 is used exclusively by SINEMA Server as long as the Windows trap service is not enabled in Windows.

Changes to the SNMP trap settings take effect only after restarting SINEMA Server.

Note

HTTP port and HTTPS port

If the HTTP port or HTTPS port is being used by another process, a warning message to this effect appears. This message is marked yellow. In this case, it is advisable to change the port using the "Find free port" option.

To display a list of the processes that use e.g. port 80, you can enter the following command: netstat -noa | findstr :80

Reserved port numbers

SINEMA Server uses the following ports as default ports for communication. Remember, however, that two different programs cannot communicate at the same time via the same port. If, for example, other SIMATIC applications or devices are connected to one of the ports, this port is not available for SINEMA Server.

For this reason, make sure that these ports are available to SINEMA Server when starting up and operating the application. Below, you will find list of the default ports used by SINEMA Server:

Default ports	Description	Corresponding transport protocol	configurable	Note on the response if the port is blocked
22	Secure Shell (SSH)	TCP	yes (Web user interface)	CLI via SSH not possible
23	Telnet	TCP	yes (Web user interface)	CLI via Telnet not possible
25	SMTP	TCP	yes (Web user interface)	-
69	TFTP	UDP	yes (Web user interface)	No firmware download possible
80	HTTP server / Java	TCP	yes (Windows taskbar)	-
102	SIMATIC S7 communication	TCP	no	-
161	SNMP	UDP	yes (Web user interface)	It is not possible to read out device information.
162	SNMP traps	UDP	no	SINEMA Server does not receive any traps.
443	HTTPS	TCP	yes (Windows taskbar)	-
1024-65535	PROFINET	UDP	no	No PROFINET monitoring possible

2.3 Configuring and starting SINEMA Server

Default ports	Description	Corresponding transport protocol	configurable	Note on the response if the port is blocked
4770	HTTPS	TCP	yes *	Device overall statuses cannot be queried.
4840	OPC UA server	TCP	yes (Windows taskbar)	-
4897	Data	TCP	no	SINEMA Server does not start.
4998	Events	TCP	no	SINEMA Server does not start.
4999	Monitor	TCP	no	SINEMA Server does not start.
5432	POSTGRESQL	TCP	no	Saving events / reports is not possible.

^{*} The port number of the old server is configured in the "Port settings" of SINEMA Server Monitor, the port number of the polling server in the Web user interface of SINEMA Server in "Server overview".

As default, the setup of SINEMA Server enters a series of processes in the list of firewall exceptions. Below you will find the processes that are opened by SINEMA Server so that the firewall ports can communicate.

- WCCILpmon.exe TCP/UDP port
- WCCOAsnmp.exe TCP/UDP port

NOTICE

Firewall

With some firewall configurations, it may be necessary for the system administrator to adapt some of the settings listed above.

Generating HTTPS certificates

As further support for HTTPS connections, the setup of SINEMA Server also includes the generation of HTTPS certificates. As soon as the SINEMA Server setup has been started on a computer, this certificate is generated automatically based on the IP address and the computer name. If the IP address or the computer name is changed, the certificate needs to be regenerated. To regenerate this certificate, click on the "Create new HTTPS certificate" check box.

Using third-party certificates

You will find this certificate in the following folder:

Siemens\SINEMAServer\Sinema_Server\config

- certificate.pem self-signed certificate
- · privkey.pem private key for the certificate

To obtain a verified certificate, you need to send the self-signed certificate to VeriSign or another trustworthy organization to have it signed. This is necessary if you want to use the

certificate later. As an alternative, you can also use a certificate that has already been signed.

In both cases, the newly generated certificate must be stored in the following folder:

Siemens\SINEMAServer\Sinema Server\config

NOTICE

SSL certificate

The SSL certificate must be stored under the name "certificate.pem".

2.3.1.3 Device profile synchronization

Purpose of device profile synchronization

In networks with more than one SINEMA Server instance, all instances should always use the same device profiles so that the monitored devices are displayed according to uniform patterns. The device profile synchronization function allows a central file path to be specified for new device profiles or device profiles and requiring updates. The stored device profiles are automatically imported into the local SINEMA Server instance at a selectable time of day or at a selectable interval (12 hours / 24 hours). As an alternative, the device profiles stored in the configured file path can be imported manually at any time.

Compatibility of device profiles from different SINEMA Server versions

The following table specifies the device profiles of which SINEMA Server versions are migrated when you install different SINEMA Server versions.

Device profile originates	Device profile is compatible with version:						
from version:	SINEMA Server V12	SINEMA Server V12 SP1	SINEMA Server V12 SP1 HF1	SINEMA Server V13	SINEMA Server V13 HF2	SINEMA Server V13 SP1	
SINEMA Server V12	-	+	+	!	!	!	
SINEMA Server V12 SP1	1	-	+	!	1	!	
SINEMA Server V12 SP1 HF1	!	+	-	!	1	!	
SINEMA Server V13	!	!	!	-	+	+	
SINEMA Server V13 HF2	!	!	!	+	-	+	
SINEMA Server V13 SP1	!	!	!	+	+	-	

⁻ The SINEMA Server version is not changed

⁺ Device profile is compatible with version and will be migrated

[!] Device profile is not compatible with version and will not be migrated

Rules for importing device profiles

When importing existing device profiles, the following rules apply:

- Provided device profiles whose device profile IDs do not exist in the local SINEMA Server
 instance are imported into the local SINEMA Server instance as new device profiles. The
 import of a new device profile is output as an event in the event list.
- Provided device profiles whose device profile IDs exist in the local SINEMA Server
 instance overwrite the corresponding device profiles in the local SINEMA Server
 instance. The overwriting of an existing device profile is output as an event in the event
 list.
- For device profiles in the local SINEMA Server instance whose device profile IDs do not exist in the provided device profiles, the response can be configured as follows:
 - Delete local device profiles without reference to provided device profiles if these local device profiles are not being used as monitoring profiles for existing devices.
 - Retain local device profiles without reference to provided device profiles (default setting).

Note

Avoid multiple device profile archives in the import folder

Make sure that there is only ever one device profile archive in the import folder. If the import folder contains several device profile archives at the same time, these must not have any overlaps with identical device profile IDs.

The table below illustrates the import rules based on examples of device profile imports. The following formatting and naming conventions are used:

- Device profiles formatted in **bold** text in the "Local device profiles" column are used as
 monitoring profiles for existing devices. Device profiles without this text highlighting are
 not used as monitoring profiles for existing devices.
- The numbers of the device profiles indicate their device profile IDs.
- The variants indicate differences in content between device profiles with the same device profile ID.

In each of the examples a distinction is made between the "Delete local device profiles without assignments" option being enabled and disabled.

Local device profiles	Provided device pro-	Local device profiles after profile import				
	files	"Delete local device profiles with- out assignments" option is ena- bled	"Delete local device profiles without assignments" option is disabled			
 Device profile 1, variant a Device profile 2, variant a Device profile 3, variant a Device profile 4, variant a 	 Device profile 1, variant a Device profile 3, variant a 	 Device profile 1, variant a Device profile 3, variant a Device profile 4, variant a 	 Device profile 1, variant a Device profile 2, variant a Device profile 3, variant a Device profile 4, variant a 			
 Device profile 1, variant a Device profile 3, variant a 	 Device profile 1, variant a Device profile 2, variant a Device profile 3, variant a Device profile 4, variant a 	 Device profile 1, variant a Device profile 2, variant a Device profile 3, variant a Device profile 4, variant a 	 Device profile 1, variant a Device profile 2, variant a Device profile 3, variant a Device profile 4, variant a 			
 Device profile 1, variant a Device profile 2, variant a Device profile 3, variant a Device profile 4, variant a 	 Device profile 1, variant b Device profile 3, variant b 	 Device profile 1, variant b Device profile 3, variant b Device profile 4, variant a 	 Device profile 1, variant b Device profile 2, variant a Device profile 3, variant b Device profile 4, variant a 			
 Device profile 1, variant a Device profile 3, variant a 	 Device profile 1, variant b Device profile 2, variant b Device profile 3, variant b Device profile 4, variant b 	 Device profile 1, variant b Device profile 2, variant b Device profile 3, variant b Device profile 4, variant b 	 Device profile 1, variant b Device profile 2, variant b Device profile 3, variant b Device profile 4, variant b 			

Configuring device profile synchronization

Device profile synchronization can be configured in SINEMA Server Monitor as follows:

Operator control element	Function			
Scan	Select the folder in which the device profiles to be imported will be stored.			
Options	Specifying user data for access to profile update directory.			
Automatic synchro- nization	If this check box is enabled, device profiles stored in the selected file path are imported automatically into the local SINEMA Server instance. With the "Start time" input boxes, you can configure the time at which the next automatic update is performed. With the two option buttons "12 hours" or "24 hours", the interval for the later automatic updates can be specified.			
Delete local device profiles without assignments	Check box is enabled: Device profiles of the local SINEMA Server instance whose device profile IDs do not exist in the provided device profiles are deleted in the local SINEMA Server instance during import if these device profiles are not used as monitoring profiles for existing devices. Deleting an existing device profile is output as an event in the event list.			
	Note: If this check box is enabled, no import should be performed while the device profiles are being put together in the selected directory. Otherwise, this can lead to the unwanted loss of local device profiles.			
	Check box is disabled (default): Device profiles of the local SINEMA Server instance whose device profile IDs do not exist in the provided device profiles, are retained when importing into the local SINEMA Server instance.			
Import manually	Manual import of the device profiles.			

Requirements for importing device profiles with user-defined parts

If the data to be imported contains a profile whose threshold is used by user-defined overall status group, all profiles must be imported into the SINEMA Server instance:

- The "Delete local device profiles without assignments" check box is enabled.
- Local device profiles without an assignment to the provided device profiles are not used by any of the monitored devices.

2.3.1.4 Archive management

Archive

Archives in SINEMA Server are data records containing historical data for creating reports. Exported data records can, when necessary, be read in again on the same management station from which they were exported.

Archive management - meaning

Historical data recorded over a long period that should remain accessible can be archived with the archive management included in SINEMA Server.

Functions

In the archive management dialog, the following options are available:

Import archives

With this function, you can read in exported archives.

Export archives and delete

Data records with the historical data of the specified period are exported to a ZIP file and then deleted in the database of SINEMA Server. The memory space that will be freed up can be calculated prior to using the function.

Delete archives

Data records with the historical data of the specified period are deleted in the database of SINEMA Server. You can calculate the storage space that will become free using the corresponding function in the archive management dialog before executing the function.

Delete archives of deleted devices

Data records with the historical data of deleted devices from the specified period are deleted in the database of SINEMA Server.

Note

Period for historical data records

Historical data records can only be exported if they were recorded prior to the current month.

NOTICE

Editing the ZIP file - effects

You should not change the content of the exported ZIP file. Import is only possible using an unmodified ZIP file.

Calculating the storage space that will become free

The following functions are available in the archive management dialog:

Needed space

With this function, you calculate the storage space required for the ZIP file for the specified archive period.

Freed space

With this function, you see the storage space that became free in the SINEMA Server archive for the specified archiving period.

2.3.1.5 Restoring system backups and forcing process aborts

Restoring system backups

Using the "Transfer back" button, a system backup created with the corresponding job can be selected and restored manually. If SINEMA Server cannot be started correctly, the last created system backup is transferred back automatically. The path on which SINEMA Server searches for this system backup can be configured in the job type-specific settings, refer to the section Job type-specific settings for the job type "System backup" (Page 224).

It is possible to restore system backups that were created on a different management station. System backups of the SINEMA Server versions V13, V13 HF2 and V13 SP1 can be restored.

Note

Increased memory requirements during the restoration of system backups

During the restoration of a system backup, due to the intermediate storage of the data in temporary directories, there is an increase in the memory requirements.

Forcing process aborts

The use of the function "Force SINEMA Server to close" can be useful if SINEMA Server cannot be terminated with the "Stop SINEMA Server" button. A loss of data might, however; occur.

2.3.2 Java applets

Setting required in the Java Control Panel

SINEMA Server has been released for Java version 8 Update 65 or higher. Follow the steps below in the Java Control Panel after installing SINEMA Server to ensure the correct integration of the Java applets in SINEMA Server.

- In the "General" tab, click the "Settings..." button under "Temporary Internet Files". Click
 the "Delete Files..." button and in the dialog that opens, make sure that the "Trace and
 Log Files" and "Cached Applications and Applets" check boxes are selected and confirm
 with "OK".
- 2. In the "Security" tab, make sure that the security level is at least set to "High".
- If your PC is not connected to the Internet or loading Java applets normally takes a long time, select the "Do not check" check box in the "Advanced" tab under "Perform certificate revocation checks on".
- 4. In the "Temporary Internet Files" section of the "General" tab, click the "Settings..." button and in the "Temporary Files Settings" dialog, make sure that the "Keep temporary files on my computer" check box is selected. In the "Advanced" tab, you should also make sure that in "Mixed Code (sandbox vs, trusted) security verification", the option "Enable hide

warning and run with protections" is selected. This avoids warnings being displayed when using the topology displays.

When you first call up one of the topology displays, the Java message "Do you want to run this application" appears in SINEMA Server. In this dialog, select the check box "Do not show this again for this publisher and location above" and click "Run".

2.3.3 Start SINEMA Server

Automatic start

SINEMA Server is started automatically after installation and each time the management station is restarted.

Manual start

If SINEMA Server was exited, you can start the application manually as follows:

- "Start SINEMA Server" menu command in the shortcut menu of the SINEMA Server icon displayed in the taskbar
- "Start SINEMA Server" button in the "Status" tab of the "SINEMA Server status" window

NOTICE

Avoid pauses or idle times on the management station

Make sure that the management station does not change to the pause or idle status. This leads to unpredictable reactions relating to device status calculations and reachability. If such a situation does occur, the application needs to be restarted.

2.4 Migrating a SINEMA Server configuration

When installing SINEMA Server V13 or higher no data from an already installed SINEMA Server version that is older than SINEMA Server V13 can be adopted.

2.4.1 Migrating a SINEMA Server V13 configuration to V13 SP1

Migration

If you install SINEMA Server V13 SP1 on a management station, on which version V13 is already installed, SINEMA Server V13 SP1 can adopt an existing database existing in SINEMA Server V13. This means that you can transfer existing monitoring configurations in SINEMA Server V13 SP1 with little effort.

The migration is performed as follows:

- The installation routine of SINEMA Server V13 SP1 detects the existing database.
- SINEMA Server proposes to adopt the database even before the actual installation starts.

Adopting data

During the migration the largely complete existing data is transferred. Due to conceptual changes, the following points should, however, be noted:

- Unmonitored and passively monitored devices are not visible in OPC after the migration
- OPC UA indexes are not automatically updated by the migration
- User-defined OIDs with the data type UINT64 have the data type UINI32 after the migration

2.5 Web user interface

2.5.1 Logging in to the Web interface of SINEMA Server

Using the Web browser or the options of SINEMA Server Monitor, you can log in to the Web interface of SINEMA Server as follows:

On a client computer

You use a Web browser.

- On the management station
 - You use a Web browser specifying the address "localhost".

or

You use the "Start Web client" function of SINEMA Server Monitor

Note

Using the HTTPS protocol

For security reasons, it is strongly recommended that you use the HTTPS protocol. The data is transferred encrypted and cannot be read by unauthorized third persons.

Note

Required JRE version

To allow pages of the SINEMA Server Web interface that contain Java applets to be displayed, Java Runtime Environment (JRE) version 8 Update 65 (or higher) must be installed on the client computers and enabled in the browser.

NOTICE

"Start Web client" function of SINEMA Server Monitor - default Web browser

When the Web client is called, the SINEMA Server Monitor uses the Web browser set as default in Windows. SINEMA Server supports the Web browsers listed in the section Installing SINEMA Server - requirements and procedure (Page 23). It is advisable to make sure that one of these Web browsers is configured as the default browser.

Logging in on a client computer

To log in to the Web interface of SINEMA Server on a client computer, follow the steps below:

- 1. Open the Web browser.
- 2. Enter the IP address of the management station. In the address bar of the browser, enter <a href="http://<IP">http://<IP address> or <a href="https://<IP">https://<IP address> or <a href="https://<IP">https://<IP">https://<IP address> or <a href="https://<IP">https://<IP addre
 - If you use a port other than 80 as the HTTP standard port, enter the port number along with the IP address. A colon ":" must be entered between the IP address and the port number as a delimiter (e.g.: http://192.168.0.1:8080). This applies analogously to the HTTPS standard port 443.
- 3. Enter the user name and the password in the displayed login dialog.
 - If authentication is successful, you will have access to the SINEMA Server Web interface.

Logging in on the management station

To log in to the Web interface of SINEMA Server on the management station, follow the steps below:

- 1. Open the Web browser.
- 2. In the address bar of the browser, enter http://<localhost> or https://<localhost> (if the data is to be transferred encrypted).

If you use a port other than 80 as the HTTP standard port, enter the port number along with the IP address. A colon ":" must be entered between the IP address and the port

2.5 Web user interface

number as a delimiter (e.g.: http://192.168.0.1:8080). This applies analogously to the HTTPS standard port 443.

Enter the user name and the password in the displayed login dialog.If authentication is successful, you will have access to the SINEMA Server Web interface.

or

- 1. Select the "Start Web client" function in SINEMA Server Monitor.
- Enter the user name and the password in the displayed login dialog.If authentication is successful, you will have access to the SINEMA Server Web interface.

Note

Recommendation: Use a secure port or HTTPS

When you log in to the Web interface of SINEMA Server, you should ideally use the HTTPS protocol.

NOTICE

Avoiding shutting down or restarting

Avoid a forced shutdown or a restart while SINEMA Server is in operation. In such situations, it is possible that the SINEMA Server database will be damaged. A damaged database means that the application no longer starts up correctly and the only remedy is to reinstall the application.

To avoid loss of data in such situations, it is advisable to back up the system regularly. The backup data can then be called up when necessary using the restore function.

Initial logon data

As default, the predefined user "Administrator" is available in SINEMA Server. This user is assigned to the predefined user group of the same name. The default user name and the password for this user are as follows:

User name: Administrator

Password: SinemaA

After the first logon to the system, you will be prompted to change the initial password in "Administration > My settings".

Note the mechanisms for protection against brute force attacks, refer to the section Administration - User Logon locks (Page 212)

If you have forgotten your password you can have a one-time password sent to you using the "Forgotten the password?" button. This one-time password is then sent to the e-mail address stored for the user.

Note

Configuring e-mail settings for administrators

At least for users with administrator rights, configure the e-mail settings so that when necessary you can be sent one-time passwords.

You will find further information about these predefined user groups, access rights and creating/managing users in the section Users and user groups (Page 73)

The most important action before first using the application is to scan the devices in the network. For more detailed information, refer to section Detecting devices in the network (Page 47)

2.5.2 SINEMA Server user interface on the Web interface

Program window

The program window of SINEMA Server is divided into several areas, some of which are always visible and always have the same type of content. These areas contain both general information and operator controls for performing basic program actions.

The following screenshot shows the program window with its permanent areas and the main window for the specific views.



Operation / content

The individual areas of the program window are explained below in detail with their information content and the functional options.

• ① Header area

This area contains the SIEMENS logo and program name (SINEMA Server V13).

Note

Displaying program information

If you click on the program name, an information window opens. It contains program information such as version number, release date and extent of the license.

② Navigation bar

1st row:

To the left in the navigation bar is the first level of the menus, from which you can call the individual program functions. The right area displays your username and the logout button. For reasons of security, always click this button when you want to end your work with SINEMA Server. Closing browser windows and browser tabs without logging out first should be avoided for security reasons.

The content of the menu bar varies depending on the status of SINEMA Server. The "Topology" and "Reports" menu items are is displayed only following an initial discovery.

2nd row:

This shows the menu commands of the second level, depending on the command you have chosen in the first level.

On the right, information texts are displayed indicating certain actions or operational statuses.

• 3 Status bar

In the left area, you see the branch of the menu tree you are in, and also the part of the program or the window that is currently open.

The right-hand section of the status bar contains the following function elements:

Icon	Display / function	Icon	Display / function
IE.	Full screen mode on/off (hide/show the device tree and events)		(animated): A search is made for more suitable device profiles and device types included in them for devices that were assigned standard profiles.
×	(with number): Number of unreachable devices Opens the device list with the display of the unreachable devices. The number of devices involved is displayed.	M	(animated): Network is scanned
<u> </u>	Opens the device list with the display of the devices with the status "Maintenance demanded". The number of devices involved is displayed.	9.	Opens the device list with the display of the devices with the status "Error". The number of devices involved is displayed.
✓	Opens the device list with the display of the devices with the status "OK". The number of devices involved is displayed.	i5.	Opens the device list with the display of the devices with the status "Maintenance required". The number of devices involved is displayed.
~	Opens the device list with the display of the devices with the status "not connected". The number of devices involved is displayed.	£ <u>u</u>	Autorefresh on/off The content of the Web page is refreshed accord- ing to the selected "Moni- toring interval".
Ø	Refresh display SINEMA Server refreshes the content of the Web page once.		Managing and using quick links Opens the list of available quick links.
•	Select language A selection dialog with the available languages is displayed. The changeover also affects the display of the online help.		Printing The print function is available on the following Web pages: Topology Reports

Icon	Display / function	Icon	Display / function
?	Open help system		
•	Opens the help page for the current Web page in a separate window of the Web browser.		

4 Device tree and views

The device tree contains groups of devices that are monitored by the local SINEMA Server instance or by other SINEMA Server instances. Selecting a device group below the "Overall status > Local" and "Devices" branches generates a display filtered according to the overall status or device property (type, vendor, alternating devices). Selecting an entry below the "Server overview" branch results in a display of the server overview sorted according to overall device statuses. After selecting a node under the entry "PNIO systems", only the devices that belong to the selected PNIO system are displayed. The icons in the device tree always show the worst current status of one of the device nodes in the branch.

Views are used to monitor any subareas of a network based on lists and topology displays. By assigning views to individual users, the network areas to be monitored can be restricted to specific users.

• ⑤ Main window

Depending on the selected function, the main window contains specific views, for example the start window.

• 6 Event list

The event list shows network events that have occurred as well as system-related events. Initially, the display is sorted chronologically. By clicking on the column headers, you can sort the display according to any property in ascending or descending order. Other operating options are provided by the toolbar located above.

Selecting the language of the user interface

You can change the language of the Web user interface at any time "online" by clicking the corresponding icon in the header. The changeover also affects the display of the online help.

Updating the Web user interface

The content of the Web user interface is updated either cyclically or on demand.

This is selected using the relevant icons in the status bar.

You set the interval for cyclic operation with the menu command "Administration > My settings > User interface" in the "Monitoring interval" parameter.

2.5 Web user interface

See also

User interface (Page 77)

User interface (Page 77)

Getting to know SINEMA Server - basic functions

3

3.1 Detecting devices in the network

3.1.1 Overview

The basic requirement for setting up network monitoring in SINEMA Server is the network scan for device discovery. You initiate this activity after first starting SINEMA Server and when necessary at the touch of the button or automatically in suitably configured cycles.

When scanning devices in the network, the following is started in SINEMA Server:

- During the first scan, reachable devices are searched for based on selectable protocols.
 Depending on the configuration in SINEMA Server, either all the devices discovered by DCP and/or ICMP or devices in preset IP address ranges are recorded.
- The devices discovered using ICMP and optionally DCP are put together in the device list. Information about the discovered devices is put together in the interface list. The discovered connections are put together in the discovered topology.
- If SIMATIC controllers are found during the scan, the IO devices assigned to these
 controllers can also be included in the monitoring. This is the case regardless of whether
 the IO devices are located in the scan range or not.
- Based on the discovery rules in the profile data, the devices are assigned to a suitable
 profile. Devices that cannot be assigned to any discovery rules are assigned to the
 available default profiles. If the PROFINET discovery is active for a device profile, devices
 can be assigned to this device profile and the device types it contains using article
 numbers.
- The detected devices are changed to the "Monitored device" status in SINEMA Server. (Note: the number of devices in the "Monitored" status is limited by the SINEMA Server licensing.)
- When you scan again, newly added devices are detected. The device list, the interface list and the "Discovered topology" are then updated. Removed devices are no longer shown in the device and interface list or in the topology display.

See also

Profile concept (Page 53)

3.1.2 Scanning in the network

Requirements - adapting the scan range

Before you first start the scan, it is advisable to adapt the scan range.

If you do not adapt the scan range, the device scan can take a very long time if there is a very large scan range. If the scan range covers more than 1500 addresses, a message will warn you to expect the scan to take a long time. You should therefore restrict the scan range to the devices to be monitored. To do this, it is advisable to create smaller scan groups if the IP addresses are not consecutive. This division speeds up scanning of the devices. A maximum of 40 scan groups can be created.

As default, SINEMA Server calculates the start and end of the scan range based on the subnet mask configured on the network interface adapter.

The procedure described below includes the adaptation of the scan range.

Network scan - procedure

To scan the network, follow the steps below:

- 1. Select the menu command "Administration > Discovery", "Scan" tab.
- 2. In the section "DCP network adapter for device scan", select the function "Scanning for network adapters".

The network adapters available on the management station are displayed.

- 3. In the table, select the network adapters (called NIC below) via which the scan will be made and enable these using the "Enable network card for device scan" function.
- 4. When necessary, enter further parameters in the following Web pages:
 - "Administration > Discovery" in the "Profiles" tab
 - "Administration > Monitoring > General " in the "Time settings" area
 - "Administration > Monitoring > SNMP settings"
- 5. If applicable, select the menu command "Administration > Discovery" again and open the "Scan" tab.
- 6. Select the IP address ranges to be searched.
- 7. Click on the icon ("Start scan") to start the network scan. The network is scanned according to the scan ranges for the subnets.
- The progress of the scan is indicated by an icon in the right part of the status bar.
- On completion of the scan, all discovered network devices and their statuses are displayed in the device lists that can be selected in the device tree.

Special features to note

Note

Effect of the option "Include all devices discovered with DCP in the result"

If you select the option "Include all devices discovered with DCP in the result" in the DCP scan settings, note the following:

With this setting, it is possible that DCP devices that are outside the IP ranges but within the subnets connected to the NICs are also detected.

NOTICE

Avoid stopping/starting during the network scan

If SINEMA Server is stopped during the scan and then restarted, this can lead to inconsistent responses in the application. As result of this, it is possible that the discovered network devices do not change to the monitored status. The information under "Device details" and "Device topology" may also not be available. To avoid this, keep to the following rules during scanning:

- Before stopping SINEMA Server, make sure that the scan has not started.
- If devices were found during an aborted scan, delete these and scan the network again.

NOTICE

Do not change the date or time

While the SINEMA Server application is running, it is advisable not to change the date or time of the system in any way. Such changes have effects on the application and cause unwanted side-effects.

Note

Updating device data already read in

Read device data is updated cyclically. To update immediately, it is recommended that you use the "Reread device data" icon in the device list.

3.2 Visualizing the network topology / monitoring network devices

3.2.1 Topology - Overview

SINEMA Server features the following representation forms or tools for viewing, monitoring and configuration of networks :

- Discovered topology
- Reference topology with the Reference editor
- Monitored topology

Discovered topology

The "Discovered topology" Web page represents the currently discovered status of the network. It shows the network topology, that SINEMA Server calculates based on the information obtained with SNMP and PROFINET. The connection lines of the topology display are also displayed between devices that support different protocols. If a device does not support SNMP or PROFINET, no connection lines are shown. The root node of the network topology is the management station.

The updating of the discovered topology is always performed after a network scan. This applies both to automatic and manual initiated network scans. The discovered topology can also be updated even if the automatic network scan is disabled. This form of update takes into account changes to connections between already discovered devices.

The network topology discovery is based on LLDP information read out via SNMP or PROFINET. To obtain precise connection information, SNMP and/or PROFINET must therefore be enabled for the devices to be discovered.

Note

Deviations are possible

Depending on the information provided in the network by the devices, parts of the discovered topology can deviate from the real network topology.

Reference topology / Reference editor - basis for the monitored topology

In a large network there may be several points at which the topology does not show all connections or at which possibly incorrect connections are discovered. One reason for this may be that devices are discovered in the network for which SNMP and/or PROFINET are disabled. It is also possible that unmanaged devices exist in the network that cannot be specified automatically by SINEMA Server.

The reference editor in SINEMA Server provides the option of correcting and expanding discovered information and therefore to define the expected status of the network. This expected status is then used in the monitored topology and in view-specific topologies for the comparison with the discovered status.

The Reference editor serves the following purposes:

- Specifying reference connections
- Specifying reference statuses for ports
 - Active port
 - Inactive port
 - Unmonitored port
 - Docking port
- Specifying reference statuses for protocol-specific device availabilities (SNMP/DCP)
- · Adding new devices in the editor
- Adding unmanaged devices and network clouds

Note

Required rights

To be able to edit the reference topology, users must have the "Operative monitoring settings" right.

Monitored topology - result of discovered topology and reference topology

The monitored topology represents the result of the comparison between information from the discovered topology and the reference topology. The following information is displayed in the monitored topology:

- the port statuses that result from the discovered topology and the reference topology,
- the port connections that result from the discovered topology and the reference topology, In the presentation of the port connections the resulting statuses of the ports involved are included.

Note

The reference topology is a prerequisite

The device hierarchy, the overall view and the topology display of the monitored topology are displayed only after the reference topology has been saved at least once.

See also

Alternating devices (Page 124)

3.2 Visualizing the network topology / monitoring network devices

3.2.2 Setting up reference topology

Meaning

By creating the reference topology, you create the basis for the device monitoring in the monitored topology and in view-specific topologies.

Procedure

To create a reference topology follow the steps outlined below:

- 1. Select the "Topology > Reference" menu command.
- 2. Configure the desired status for device ports, connections and protocol-specific device availabilities. To adopt the information obtained in this respect as the reference status, click the icon. If the information obtained differs from the reference status, follow the steps outlined below:
 - For device ports: Right-click on the port and select the required reference status. It is not possible to change the reference status of ports if they have a reference connection.
 - For protocol-specific device availabilities: Double-click on the icon for the protocol-specific device availability. The relevant protocol (S: SNMP, D: DCP) is switched between the status "available" and "not available". A scored-through icon indicates the unavailable status.
 - For connections: Enable the draw mode with the icon and click on the device ports to be connected one after the other.
- 3. Save the reference topology.

After completing your configuration in the Reference editor, change to the monitored topology with the "**Topology > Monitored**" menu command. The devices and monitored for the configured desired status.

Note

Port status display when loading the reference topology the first time

When SINEMA Server first loads the reference topology, all ports with an unknown status are shown as having the "Down" status. When you save this topology information, this "Not in operation" status is also saved.

3.3 Setting up network devices individually - using the Profile editor

3.3.1 Profile concept

Profiles

Profiles give the SINEMA Server flexibility during device discovery, device monitoring and device display. Profiles describe device types in terms of common properties.

SINEMA Server distinguishes the following types of profile:

· General profile

This profile type contains information required for discovery and monitoring of a network device.

Monitoring profile

This profile type contains information that is only required for monitoring a network device.

Principle of the use of profiles - expansion with the Profile editor when necessary

Based on the stored profiles, when each device is discovered the first time, SINEMA Server searches for the profiles containing suitable discovery rules. The assigned profile is used to classify and represent the network device.

If no suitable profile is found for a network device during the network scan, SINEMA Server assigns a standard profile to the device. With the Profile editor, SINEMA Server also supports you during necessary adaptations or additions to the profile database.

New profiles are always created based on existing profiles. To create a new profile, you must therefore always use an existing profile as the template.

To assign a profile to device types that do not correspond to any previously stored profile, you have the following alternatives:

- You assign the new device type to an existing profile.
- You create a new profile and store the new device type in it.

The assignment of devices to the new device type can then (also) be performed with the automatic new assignment of profiles, refer to the section below.

3.3 Setting up network devices individually - using the Profile editor

Use of default profiles

If no assignment based on the discovery rules of profiles is possible during the discovery of a device, SINEMA Server assigns this device that has not been uniquely identified to a default profile as follows.

• Step 1:

If it is clear from the device ID that this is a Siemens device, the following profile is used:

- SIEMENS Standard
- Step 2:

If no assignment is possible in step 1, a default profile is assigned based on the protocols supported by the device.

- DEFAULT SNMP DCP Device
- DEFAULT SNMP Device
- DEFAULT DCP Device
- DEFAULT ICMP Device

Device discovery using SNMP

During discovery, SINEMA Server attempts to identify the following criteria based on the SNMP data of the device:

1. sysDescr (OID 1.3.6.1.2.1.1.1.0):

A textual description of the device (system hardware type, software operating system, network software etc.).

2. IldpLocSysDesc (OID 1.0.8802.1.1.2.1.3.4.0):

The value of the character string is required for the system description mentioned above. If the local agent supports IETF RFC 3418, the lldpLocSysDesc should have the same value as the sysDesc object.

- 3. automationSwRevision (OID 1.3.6.1.4.1.4329.6.3.2.1.1.5.0)
- 4. automationOrderNumber (OID 1.3.6.1.4.1.4329.6.3.2.1.1.2.0)
- 5. DiagMonitor StationOrderNumber (OID 1.3.6.1.4.1.4196.1.2.2.13.0)

Article numbers of SIMATIC IPCs on which the software "DiagMonitor" was installed (only for SIMATIC IPC device profiles)

- 6. DCP_ID
- 7. sysObjectID (OID 1.3.6.1.2.1.1.2.0):

This value is assigned within the "SMI enterprises sub tree" (1.3.6.1.4.1) and contains the highest OID under which the private MIB of the device manufacturer can be found.

Automatic profile and device assignment

Based on the SNMP data, for each newly discovered device, SINEMA Server searches for the profiles containing the suitable discovery rules.

• Step 1 - deciding on the profile

If more than one profile has a rule that suits the device, the priority of the rule decides which is used.

If the same criterion exists in more than one profile, the profile with the criterion whose stored text is longest wins.

Step 2 - using device type rules for the device within the selected profile

SINEMA Server identifies the suitable device type and uses the icon specified here for the display. If the device type cannot be identified, SINEMA Server uses the default symbol stored in the profile.

Device discovery using PROFINET

The PROFINET discovery can be enabled in the "Basic data" tab of a device profile. This activates device profile and device type rules for this device profile that contain the article numbers of the devices identifiable via PROFINET as assignment criteria. After enabling the check box in the "Criteria" area, the article numbers of device type rules can be edited. The corresponding device profile and device type rules are then updated automatically.

Automatic reassignment of profiles and device types

For devices that were assigned one of the standard profiles during discovery, SINEMA Server runs through the process described above for automatic profile and device type assignment again at regular intervals looking for more suitable profiles and device types they contain for these devices. The default interval for automatic reassignment is 70 minutes and this can be configured in "Administration" > "Monitoring" in the "Time settings" area. In addition to this, the automatic reassignment is always performed when a device with an assigned standard profile changes from the "Not reachable" status to the "Reachable" status.

Note

Effect of assignment of the reference topology

If a device has been assigned a new device profile, it is automatically removed from the reference topology and must be inserted in this again.

3.3.2 Setting up profiles and assigning device types

The following actions are described below:

- Add a new device type to an existing profile
- Create a new profile

Adding a new device type to an existing profile - procedure

To add a new device type to an existing profile, follow the steps below:

- 1. Open the "Profiles" tab with the "Administration > Discovery" menu command
- 2. Select the profile and open it with the "Edit" button or double-click on the list entry.
- 3. Change to the "Discovery rules" tab

Device type rules are taken into account only after evaluation of the discovery rules of the device profile. For this reason, at least one discovery rule must exist that matches the device type to be added.

- 4. Change to the "Device types" tab and select the "Add device type rule" function The Device type editor opens and you can enter the data for the new device type rule.
- 5. Follow the steps below in the Device type editor:
 - Enter the name of the rule in the "Name" box. This is only the name of the rule not the name of the new device type.
 - Enter the name of the new device type in the "Device type" box.
 - Select the icon of the new device type.
 - Specify the criteria for assigning devices to the new device type, see section The Profile editor (Page 181)

Creating a new profile -principle

When creating a new profile, you always base this on an existing profile. For this reason in the first step, you check which of the existing profiles represents the most suitable basis.

If you intend to create a new general profile, it is advisable to use an existing default profile as the basis.

The following default profiles are available:

- Standard SNMP with DCP approval (name: DEFAULT_SNMP_DCP_Device)
- Standard SNMP (name: DEFAULT_SNMP_Device)
- Standard DCP (name: DEFAULT DCP Device)
- Standard ICMP (name: DEFAULT_ICMP_Device)

To be able to select the suitable profile, you should know the protocols used in the new device family.

Creating a new profile - procedure

To create a new profile, follow the steps outlined below:

- 1. Open the "Profiles" tab with the "Administration > Discovery" menu command
- 2. Select the default profile and select the "Create profile" function.

This opens the "Add profile ID" dialog.

3. Now assign a unique profile ID. This is used globally in SINEMA Server as the profile ID.

As an option, decide whether or not the properties of the basic profile you are using should be copied:

- Discovery rules
- Device type rules
- 4. Confirm your entry.

The Profile editor opens and you can enter the data for the new profile.

Follow the steps below in the Profile editor:

- 1. Enter the name of the profile in the "Basic data" tab. Select the other parameters including the required default icon for the profile.
- 2. Change to the "Discovery rules" tab and enter one or more rules required for the discovery of a device of this profile.
- 3. Change to the "Device types" tab to specify device types individually within the profile and to assign the device type rule.

Creating a monitoring profile - principle

The procedure corresponds to the steps described earlier in "Creating a new profile". The "Discovery rules" and "Device types" tabs are omitted here.

To create a monitoring profile for a specific device in addition to a general profile, use the corresponding general profile as the base profile for creating the new monitoring profile.

You then assign this monitoring profile to the device. This separates the profiles required for device discovery and for device monitoring.

See also

Administration - Discovery / Profiles (Page 180)

3.4 Configuring event reactions - displaying events

Events are divided into the following categories:

Network events

Network events provide information about statuses arising and changes in the network. These also include SNMP traps and SIMATIC event and alarm messages sent to SINEMA Server by devices managed in the network.

System events

System events provide information about actions, changes and error events of SINEMA Server

Events of both categories are also divided into the following classes according to their severity:

Notification and information:

Events of these classes are generally messages/updates relating to the network and network devices. In contrast, at the system level, these events are generated as result of changes in the performance of SINEMA Server.

Notifications and information require no action from the end user. These involve either a message about a user action performed by the application or an update due to status changes of network devices. Among others, examples are: User logins/logouts, completion of device discovery, checking of software drivers, start/end of the network scan or permissions granted by the administrator.

Warning:

A warning indicates a status that could cause a problem in the future. After receiving the warning message, some action is necessary to ensure the problem-free operation of the devices in the network. These actions then prevent future errors/faults or traps on network devices or in the SINEMA Server application.

Examples of events of the "Warning" class include:

- Trap(s) received
- Start of a device reply to DCP
- Link down received, link up received
- Connections activated/deactivated

• Errors:

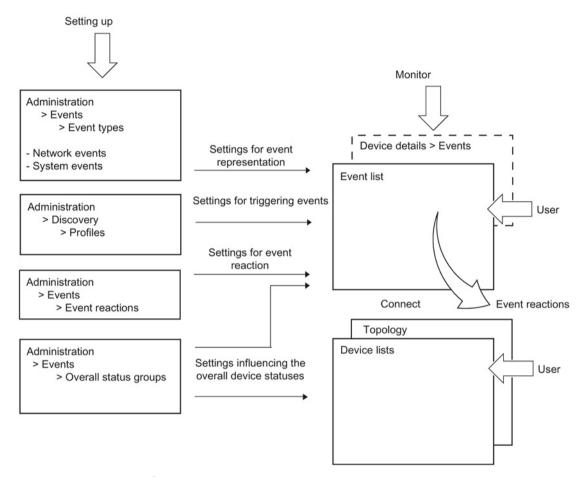
When such events occur, fast intervention is required. Depending on the content of the error message, the user must take suitable measures. The event reactions already configured for the error events simplify things.

Examples of events of the "Error" class include:

- DCP subtask is not executed
- Scan manager is not run
- Memory assignment failed
- Callback address invalid

Setting up and monitoring events in SINEMA Server

The following graphic illustrates the relationships of the SINEMA Server functions for setting up and monitoring network and system events.



Setting up events

Setting up the events is part of administration.

- Settings for the event display

You make the settings for the event display with the "Administration > Events > Event types" menu command.

Here, you specify new event types and select the event types to be actively monitored. You can also adapt existing event texts and classifications.

You will find more detailed information on this function in the section Administration - Events Event types (Page 198)

- Settings for triggering events

You make the settings for triggering events with the menu command "Administration > Discovery > Profiles".

In the "Threshold" tab of the profile properties of a device profile, you can use operators and threshold values to define conditions for certain event types in which

3.4 Configuring event reactions - displaying events

the corresponding events will be triggered. These conditions then apply to all devices to which the device profile is assigned.

User-defined network events cannot be triggered without the assignment to a threshold.

Some of the predefined events can also be triggered even without a link to a threshold.

You will find more detailed information on this function in the section The Profile editor (Page 181)

Settings for the event reaction

You make the settings for the event reaction with the menu command "Administration > Events > Event reactions".

Here, you specify the reactions to events or status changes. You can also specify the context to which the reaction should relate. You can choose between the views, device and system.

By selecting a SINEMA Server view, you achieve the situation that the defined reaction will take place when the device affected by the event is part of the selected view. This allows you to define a view-specific event reaction.

You will find more detailed information on this function in the section Administration - Events > Event reactions (Page 205)

- Settings influencing the overall device statuses

You make the settings for the influence of events on the overall statuses with the menu command "Administration > Events > Overall status groups".

An overall status group is a group of functionally related events that can influence the overall status of devices when they are triggered by these devices. Each event within an overall status group can be assigned an overall status that the device will adopt when the corresponding event condition occurs.

You will find more detailed information on this function in the section Administration - Events Overall status groups (Page 200)

Monitoring events -

Event list

The events list is used to monitor events. It shows the current statuses of the events enabled in SINEMA Server.

Which events are displayed also depends on the views assigned to the currently entered user. This means that events of interest are only monitored in conjunction with the configured views.

For events that are assigned to overall status groups, their event status is important. The event status categorizes events according to the degree of effect that events have on the overall status of devices.

By connecting the event list with a topology, specific devices for which events of the event list were triggered can be displayed in a graphic network representation.

For more detailed information the events list, refer to the section Event list (Page 129)

- Device details > Events

An additional option for obtaining a device-specific overview of the status of the configured events is to use the display of the device details.

You will find more detailed information on this function in the section Device details (Page 110)

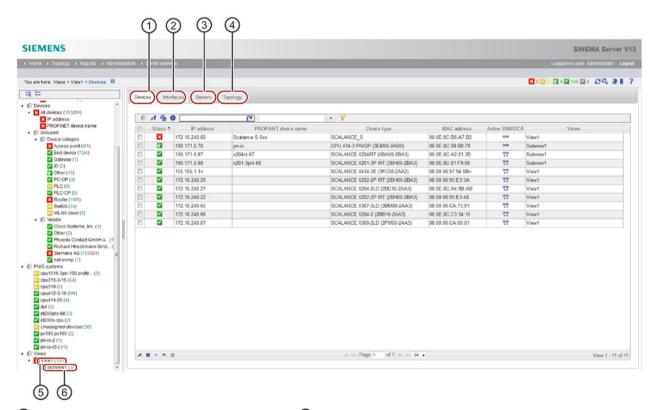
3.5 Setting up and using views

3.5.1 Setting up views

Views - purpose and use

Dividing up a large hierarchy of the network topology into small groups made up of several devices and SINEMA Server instances simplifies the management or monitoring of the devices and SINEMA Servers and their connections.

By assigning the views in the user management to individual users that do not have the right "View all devices and servers", the number of devices that can be monitored can be restricted for the specific user.



View-specific device list

4 View-specific topology

② View-specific interface list

- ⑤ Basic views
- 3 View-specific list of SINEMA Server instances
-) Sub views

Aims

From the total monitored network, you set up separate monitoring groups with the following properties and options:

Basic views

Basic views provide a specific view of a section of the total monitoring.

Sub views:

When necessary, sub views provide further specific sections of the network.

View-specific topology

When necessary, set up a view-specific topology view.

View-specific display in the events list (refer also to the section Event list (Page 129))

Requirements

To be able to set up views, the following requirements must be met:

- If you want to create a view-specific topology, a reference topology must exist.
- To include SINEMA Server instances in a view-specific topology, these must be created in the "Server overview" tab.
- User rights: "Administration of devices/views/servers".

Creating a new view

Depending on the initial situation, two variants need to be distinguished:

Creating a basic view

- 1. Select the "Views" node.
- 2. With the right mouse button select the "Create new view" menu command; this opens the View editor.
- 3. Configure the new view in the Views editor by assigning the required devices and SINEMA Server instances to the view in the "Devices" and "Servers" tabs.
 - SINEMA Server instances are only shown in the "Servers" tab if they have been created in the server overview. For more detailed information on the server overview, refer to the section Server overview (Page 230).
- 4. In the View editor, specify whether or not a specific topology display will be used.
- 5. If necessary, configure the topology.

Creating a sub view

- 1. Select an existing view node.
- 2. With the right mouse button select the "Create new view" function; this opens the View editor.
- 3. Configure the new view in the View editor.

3.5 Setting up and using views

- 4. In the View editor, specify whether or not a specific topology display will be used.
- 5. If necessary, configure the topology.

NOTICE

Deleting views

When you delete a view, the view itself, all the sub views it contains and all assignments to users or event reactions are deleted.

Positioning views later

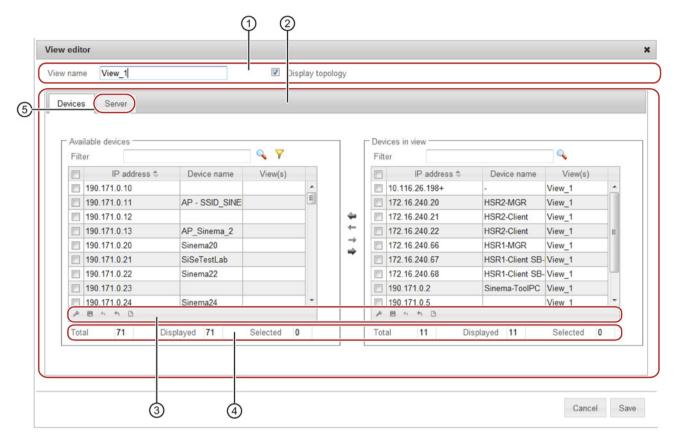
To move a view or a sub view to a different hierarchical position after they have been created, follow the steps below:

- 1. Select the "Views" node.
- 2. Right-click and select "Change view hierarchy" in the shortcut menu.
- 3. In the "Change view hierarchy" dialog, drag the views to the required position.

Using the arrow icon in the upper part of the dialog you can restore the last stored status.

3.5.2 The View editor

You open the View editor in the with the function for creating or editing a view. The way in which the Views editor works is the same for devices and SINEMA Servers instances.



- 1 Header
- 2 Assignment area
- 3 Settings area
- 4 Statistics
- (5) Views editor for SINEMA Server instances

How it works

In the "Devices" tab, take the devices to be included in the view from the list of "Available devices" and add them to the "Devices in view" list. Follow the same procedure in the "Servers" tab for SINEMA Server instances that were created in the server overview.

View filter for devices and SINEMA Server instances

The view filter allows you to preselect devices and SINEMA Server instances that have not yet been assigned to the current view.

3.5 Setting up and using views

The view filter provides the same filter options for devices and SINEMA Server instances. For this reason, the term "object" is used for both components in the following list:

- Show all objects (regardless of view).
- Display objects that are not part of a view (except for this view).

The node with the user-specific views is also displayed and can be selected.

Select the views whose objects should **not** be included in the "Available devices" or "Available servers" list box.

Select views whose objects will be displayed.

The node with the user-specific views is also displayed and can be selected.

Select the views whose objects should be included **exclusively** in the "Available devices" or "Available servers" list box.

3.5.3 Creating a view-specific topology

Overview

The topology in the views shows an area with which you can create, display and manage network devices, SINEMA Server instances, sub views and connections between these components.

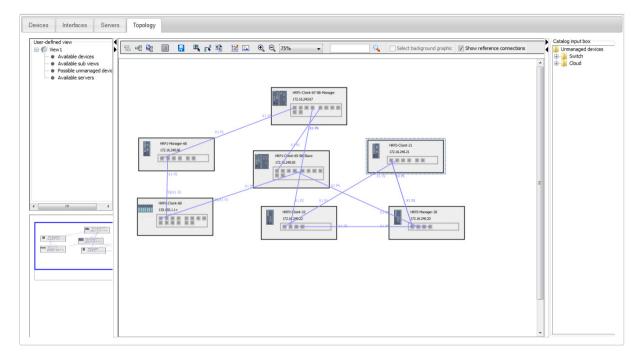
In the Topology editor, various options are available with which you can change a topology display, draw connection lines and display reference connections.

Requirement

The topology shown in the view area is based on the reference topology. Before you create a topology view the first time, you must first create a reference topology and save it.

Example





The editor in detail

For a description of the editor functions and icons, see section Views (Page 125)

Creating a view-specific topology - procedure

Requirement: You have selected the "Display topology" option in the Views editor.

A new empty page is opened. The opened page is in draft mode. It contains options for creating a topology.

Follow these steps to create view-specific topology:

- Add the devices from the "Available devices" subtree of the "User-defined view" area.
 The devices and their connections are shown. Requirement: Connections are only displayed if they have been adopted as reference connections in the Reference editor.
- 2. Add the SINEMA Server instances from the "Available servers" subtree of the "User-defined view" area.

The SINEMA Server instances are shown without connections to each other.

- 3. Assign the objects according to your requirements. With the selection tool enabled, position the cursor on the object while holding down the left mouse button and move it to the required position.
- 4. If required, add a background graphic to make the view clearer.

See also below in "Configuring objects - background graphic".

3.5 Setting up and using views

- 5. Check and configure the connections between the objects, refer to the section Configure connections (Page 70).
- 6. To save these changes, click "Save". Then change to the "Active mode"

Note

Display of an empty topology

If the reference connections have not been saved at least once in the Reference editor, an empty topology is displayed in the view area. As soon as you save modifications to reference connections in the Reference editor, a view-specific topology with all reference connections is displayed.

Note

Current port, device and server status - no display in draft mode

In draft mode, the current status of ports, devices and SINEMA Server instances is displayed. They are grayed out.

Configuring a background graphic

Adding a background graphic

In draft mode, you can add a background graphic to the view.

Click on the "Add background graphic" icon to add a background graphic to the view.

Maximum size: 10 MB

Maximum resolution: 7000 * 7000 pixels

Change graphic position

To change the position of the graphic, follow the steps below:

1. Activate the selection tool from the toolbar and enable the option "Select background graphic" in the header.

The graphic is then displayed in a black frame with white handles.

- 2. Move the mouse pointer over the graphic and left-click. The mouse pointer then changes to four arrows pointing in all directions.
- 3. Now hold down the left mouse button and drag the graphic to another position.
- 4. When you release the left mouse button, the position of the background graphic changes.

Change size of the background graphic

To change the size of the background graphic, follow the steps below:

1. Activate the selection tool from the toolbar and enable the option "Select background graphic" in the header.

The graphic is then displayed in a black frame with white handles.

2. Move the cursor to one of the handles and hold down the left mouse button.

- 3. Drag the selected handle to the required position.
- 4. When you release the left mouse button, the size of the background graphic changes.

Deleting a background graphic

To delete the background graphic, follow the steps below:

1. Activate the selection tool from the toolbar and enable the option "Select background graphic" in the header.

The graphic is then displayed in a black frame with white handles.

- 2. Move the mouse pointer over the graphic and right-click.
- 3. In the context dialog that then opens, confirm the "Delete" function.

Creating a topology for sub views

You also have the option of creating topology displays for sub views. This allows you to focus the display on the connections between the devices or SINEMA Server instances of the sub views.

Follow these steps to create a topology for sub views:

- In the "User-defined view" area of the higher-level view under the "Available sub views" entry, select the required sub view and drag this to the right to the area of the topology display.
- 2. Here, select the sub views and configure the connections by selecting the "Draw" icon. This opens the "Select connections between views" dialog.

Note

Topology can be mixed with sub view and device display

In the topology display, you can show sub views and device views at the same time.

3.5.4 Configure connections

Creating or editing user-defined connections

To obtain a clear topological display, you can edit the arrangement of the connections with the Topology editor. Connections whose display was configured in the view-specific topology are known as user-defined connections.

User-defined connections are created in the draft mode in the view-specific topology as follows:

Using and editing reference connections

Displayed reference connections are adopted as user-defined connections and their display is changed.

Note: SINEMA Server instances are not part of reference topologies. This means that connections from SINEMA Server instances can only be drawn manually.

Drawing user-defined connections manually

New connections between device ports are created and their display specified.

Note

User-defined connections with SINEMA Server instances

SINEMA Server instances can only have user-defined connections to other SINEMA Server instances.

This procedure is described below.

View in draft mode and in active mode

The display of the user-defined connections differs as follows:

- Draft mode
 - User-defined connections are visible as black lines with bending points.
 - Reference connections remain visible.
- Active mode

You only see the user-defined connections according to the layout configuration.

Using and editing reference connections

If the selection tool is enabled, you have the following options:

 By double-clicking on a reference connection, specify it as being a user-defined connection

To specify an existing reference connection as a user-defined connection, double-click on the connection line that represents the reference connection. The reference connection line becomes a user-defined connection with a black circle that represents the bend point.

Create user-defined connections for all reference connections

In the toolbar view, the "Create user-defined connections for all reference connections" icon is available. Click this icon to specify all reference connections as user-defined connections at the same time.

Using the shortcut menu, specify a reference connection as a user-defined connection

This option is available in the shortcut menu and can only be used with the selection tool. Select the light blue connection line the represents a reference connection. Right click on the reference connection line and select the option "Set to user-defined". The reference connection line becomes a user-defined connection with a black circle that represents the bend point.

Note

The connection lines are derived from the corresponding port status

This means the following: Even if the port is "in operation" and the user has drawn a special connection between the ports, the connection line is shown green in the active mode. These ports can, however, also be connected to other devices. You therefore need to remember that a green connection line (active mode) in a user map does not always mean that a connection actually exists.

Note

"Delete device" option

The "delete device" option is displayed if you use the selection tool and the "Draw connection" tool.

Select the device you want to delete. Right click and select "Delete device" in the shortcut menu to delete the device. This option is also available in the toolbar view.

Drawing user-defined connections manually

- 1. In draft mode, select the tool for drawing connections from the toolbar.
- 2. Click on the object from which the connection will be drawn.
- 3. Click on the object to which the connection will be drawn.

If the objects to be connected are devices, you can select the interfaces of the devices between which the connection will be established in the "Connection Wizard" dialog.

A user-defined connection is then displayed between these two objects. The connection is displayed gray.

3.5 Setting up and using views

Change the layout of a connection

The user-defined connection line between two devices has a black circle in the middle of the connection line. Using this black circle, you can bend the connection line. A connection line can have up to maximum of seven bending points.

To change the layout of the connection between objects, follow the steps below:

- 1. Select the drawing tool for connections and select the user-defined connection line in the user map.
- 2. Select the black bending point in the middle of the connection line.
- 3. Hold down the left mouse button and drag the bending point to another location.
- 4. When you release the mouse button, new bending points will be shown in the middle of the relevant connection lines.
- 5. You can repeat steps 3 and 4 until you have created a maximum of seven bending points.
- 6. Drag the bending points to different locations in the user map depending on the situation.

See also

Views - topology / Topology editor (Page 126)

3.6 Users and user groups

3.6.1 SINEMA Server users and roles concept

Overview

SINEMA Server has an extensive system of access rights. This system allows the administrator to grant or deny access to certain program objects individually and according to need. During configuration, you should take into account the following criteria in the role:

- Network security
- IT experience of the users
- The necessity for certain functions
- User friendliness

Note

Managing user rights is one of the main tasks of an administrator.

This should therefore be planned and configured to meet the specific requirements while taking into account security-relevant aspects. We strongly advise you to familiarize yourself with the user and roles concept of SINEMA Server. New or modified settings should always be checked in terms of their intended effect.

Basics

The access rights in SINEMA Server are specified using the following objects:

- User
- User groups
- Views

In principle, the following applies: Each user belongs to a user group. Each user group has certain rights that are transferred automatically to all its members (users). Each user can also be assigned so-called views via which the user is also granted certain rights.

Standard users and groups

In SINEMA Server, there are three predefined user groups with corresponding access rights. The control elements and options for the corresponding users differ in each user group. The following table shows the predefined name of the user group as well as information on the access rights:

Name of the user group	Access rights
Administrator	The administrator has all access rights available in SINEMA Server.
Power user	A power user has all the access rights of an administrator except for the user management rights.
Standard user	The standard user has the general access rights of an operator.

As default, the predefined user "Administrator" is available in SINEMA Server that is assigned to the user group of the same name.

The range of access rights when working with SINEMA Server depends on the user group to which the user belongs. The default assignment of rights to user groups is explained below:

Access right	Description	Adminis- trator	Power user	Standard user
Server access via URL	Access right for the function call via URL	No	No	No
	As default, this right is disabled for all user groups. For security reasons, it should only be enabled for user groups with restricted access rights.			
View discovered topology	Access right allowing display of the discovered topology	Yes	Yes	Yes
View reports	Access to the display of reports	Yes	Yes	Yes
Operative monitoring settings	Access right allowing management of devices, views and SINEMA Server instances	Yes	Yes	No
User settings	Access right allowing administration of users and user groups	Yes	No	No
Basic settings for discovery and monitoring	Access right for the basic discovery and monitoring settings	Yes	Yes	No
View monitored topology	Access right allowing display of the monitored topology	Yes	Yes	Yes

Access right	Description	Adminis- trator	Power user	Standard user
View all devices and servers	View all devices and servers regardless of the assignment to views	Yes	Yes	No
View server overview	Access right for the server overview	Yes	Yes	Yes
System settings	Access right for settings under "Administration > System"	Yes	Yes	No
Jobs of all job types and basic job settings	Create, edit, delete and execute all job types and make all basic job settings	Yes	Yes	No
Jobs of the job type "Firm- ware download" and relevant basic job settings	Create, edit, delete and execute jobs of the job type "Firmware download" and make basic job settings for this job type	Yes	Yes	No
Jobs of the job type "CLI" and relevant basic job settings	Create, edit, delete and execute jobs of the job type "CLI" and make basic job settings for this job type	Yes	Yes	No
Job of the job type "System backup"	Edit and execute a job of the job type "System backup"	Yes	Yes	No

How it works

Whenever a user wants to execute a command, SINEMA Server checks whether or not the user has the right to do this. The following individual points are checked:

- Which user group does the user belong to?
- Does the group have the required right?
- 1. When necessary, create new user groups. (See also section Administration Users user groups (Page 210))
- 2. Create new users and assign these to the required user groups. (See also section Administration User User (Page 208))

When necessary, assign views to the users. As a result, the response of the Web user interface of SINEMA Server terms of the devices and SINEMA Server instances that can be monitored depends on the specific view.

3.6 Users and user groups

Using SINEMA Server - reference section

4

4.1 Program user interface in detail - overview of the menus

4.1.1 User interface

This section provides you with an overview of the following:

- Menu commands with a brief explanation and references to other sections
- General functions for setting the page layout and for navigation within a Web page

Menu commands

The navigation bar has the following menu commands that are explained below



Start menu command	Meaning	See section
No other sub entries	The start window of SINEMA Server provides a quick overview of the status of the network.	Start window (Page 97)

Menu command Topology >	Meaning	See section
Discovered	Shows the network - devices and topology - in the way SINEMA Server has independently calculated it based on the discovered device data.	Topology - Discovered (Page 135)
	After selecting the "Topology" menu command, the discovered topology is displayed if no reference topology has yet been configured.	
Monitored	Shows you the current status of the network based on the desired status specified in the reference topology.	Topology - Monitored (Page 139)
	After selecting the "Topology" menu command, the monitored topology is displayed if a reference topology has already been configured.	
Reference	Starts the Reference editor. With this tool, you configure the reference topology, i.e. the desired status of the network.	Topology - Reference (Page 143)
Unmanaged devices	Manage devices that provide no or little opportunity for changing the way they work or the device data.	Topology - Unmanaged device types (Page 149)

Menu command Reports >	Tab	Meaning	See section
Availability >	Devices	Display of all devices with information relating to their availability; in other words, how long they were reachable during the monitoring period.	Reports - Availability (Page 154)
	Interfaces	All the interfaces of the devices are displayed individually.	
Performance >	LAN - Interface utilization	For all LAN interfaces, not only the possible speed but also their total load when sending and receiving is displayed.	Reports - Performance (Page 157)
	LAN - Interface error rate	The error quota when sending and receiving is displayed for all LAN interfaces.	
	WLAN - Interface error rate	The error quota when sending and receiving is displayed for all WLAN interfaces.	
	WLAN - Interface data rate	The transmission speed when sending and receiving is displayed for all WLAN interfaces.	
	WLAN - Signal strength	For all WLAN interfaces, the average signal strength is displayed.	
	WLAN - Number of clients	For all access points, the number of WLAN clients to which they were connected on average is displayed.	
	Discarded packets	The number of discarded incoming packets and the number of discarded outgoing packets is displayed for all LAN and WLAN interfaces.	
	POF power margin:	For all LAN interfaces of the type "Plastic Optical Fiber (POF)", information about the power margin is displayed.	
Inventory >	Vendor	Overview of the devices according to the manufacturer identifier.	Reports - Inventory (Page 159)
	IP address range	Overview of the devices according to IP address ranges.	

Menu command Reports >	Tab	Meaning	See section
	Device category	Overview of the devices according to device types (switch etc.)	
	PROFINET	Overview of the devices that have a PROFINET name.	
Events >	Network events System events	Display of all the events that have occurred with information relating to the status, event type and the time the event occurred.	Reports - Events (Page 160)
Validation reports >	Validation report configurations	Management of validation report configurations and generation of the corresponding validation reports	Reports - validation reports (Page 162)
	Validation report templates	Management of templates for validation report configurations	

Menu command Administration >	Tab	Meaning	See section
Discovery >	Scan	Here, you set the parameters for the network scan and start the scan.	Administration - Discovery / Scan (Page 176)
	Profiles	You can edit displayed profiles or add new profiles.	Administration - Discovery / Profiles (Page 180)
Monitoring >	General	Set the time parameters for network monitoring and globally enable the monitoring modes for devices with SIMATIC and PROFINET capability.	Administration - Monitoring General (Page 188)
	SNMP settings	Basic settings for discovery using the SNMP protocol.	Administration - Monitoring SNMP settings (Page 191)
	Polling groups > Fast / Medium / Slow	Depending on the requirements, assign the devices to the 3 possible polling groups.	Administration - Monitoring Polling groups (Page 192)
	OPC	Select devices whose data will be sent to an OPC server.	Administration - Monitoring OPC (Page 195)
Events	Event types	Make the settings for the display and representation of the network and system events.	Administration - Events (Page 198)
	Overall status groups	View / configure groups of functionally related events that influence the overall status of devices.	Administration - Events Overall status groups (Page 200)

Menu command Administration >	Tab	Meaning	See section
	Event reactions	Define view-specific, system- and device-specific reactions to events.	Administration - Events > Event reactions (Page 205)
User	User	Assign users to groups and views.	Administration - User User (Page 208)
	User groups	Create user groups with rights.	Administration - Users user groups (Page 210)
	Logon locks	Cancel logon locks for users and IP addresses	Administration - User Logon locks (Page 212)
System	System information	Display information about the management station	Administration - System System information (Page 212)
	Configuration	Functions for saving, importing or resetting the configuration data of SINEMA Server and for specifying the shared secret.	Administration - System configuration (Page 213)
	E-mail settings	Specify e-mail settings required for event reactions.	Administration - System / E-mail settings (Page 214)
My settings	Password	Changing your password	Administration - My settings Password (Page 215)
	User interface	Here, you specify the update interval for all user interface components relevant for monitoring.	Administration - My settings User interface (Page 215)
Jobs	No other sub entries	Management and control of jobs for management tasks	Administration - Jobs (Page 216)

Server overview menu command	Meaning	See section
No other sub entries	Display of the overall statuses of devices monitored by other SINEMA Server instances in the network. These SINEMA Server instances can be called directly from the server overview.	Server overview (Page 230)

General functions for the page layout

All tables have a footer with which you can specify the page layout. Other functions are used for navigation within the particular Web page.

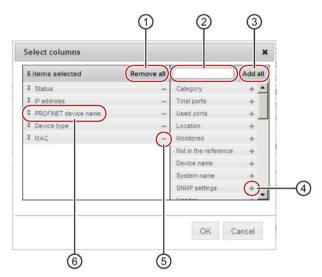
Depending on the particular Web page, you have a selection of the following functions:

Icon	Display / function	Icon	Display / function
×	Select and position columns for display.		User-specific saving of the following user interface parameters:
			Column selection
			Column order
			Column width
			Column sorting
			Number of entries per page
			Filter setting using a selection list
÷	Select saved column layout.	4	Use default column layout
G	Export table in CSV format	14	Go to first page.
<4	Go back one page.	Page 1	Display the current page and option to scroll directly to specific page.
▶ >	Go forward one page.	₽I	Go to last page.
25 💌	Specify how many rows to display per page.		

General functions for the table layout

In a series of Web pages, information is shown in the form of a table. SINEMA Server provides functions for individual structuring of the table display.

You can see the possible settings for the display in the tables of the following graphic:



- ① Selection option remove all columns from the table. At least 1 column must be selected again.
- ② Input option for character strings only the elements that contain the specified character string are displayed
- 3 Selection option add all columns to the table.

Select "-" to remove an individual column from the table.

Select "+" to add a individual entry as a column in the table

Move entries up or down using the mouse cursor to change the order of the columns and table.

Selecting entries in tables

The first column of every table contains a check box. This check box is available in the header as well as in every row of the table.

(4)

6

Follow the steps outlined below to select table entries.

Select single entry

Click the check box in the table row. You can use this to select an individual entry and deselect other selected entries.

Select multiple entries (range)

Holding down the shift key, click the check box of the first and last entry in the contiguous table range.

• Select separate multiple entries

Holding down the Ctrl key, click the check box of the required entry.

Select all entries of the same page

Click the check box in the header.

• Deselect single entries

Holding down the Ctrl key, click the check box of the selected entry.

4.1.1.1 Filtering data with filter templates

Function of filter templates

Data displayed in SINEMA Server can be filtered according to various criteria. To avoid needing to configure the selected filter criteria again before every filtering action, you can store these in a filter template and reuse the filter template. Cross-user filter templates can be reused by all users of the SINEMA Server instance.

Settings of filter templates

The settings that can be made in a filter template can be divided into three categories. The criteria of these categories are applied to the data to be displayed in the order shown below.

1. Prefilters

The prefilter contains basic filter criteria to be used at the server end on data to be displayed. Data that passes the prefilter is forwarded to the clients.

2. Complex filter

The data received by the clients is filtered in the second step using a complex query if this exists. With a complex query, filter rules can be created for individually selectable columns. These rules can be logically linked using logical operators and nested in one another by using the rule levels.

3. Simple filter

The data that has passed the complex filter is filtered in the third step by a free text entry. In contrast to the complex filter, as default the simple filter includes all columns of the relevant data category.

Use of filter templates

Filter templates can be used to filter the following lists:

- Event list
- Device list
- Interface list
- Reports

In the course of the relevant section, the prefilter settings will be described in greater detail. The control elements of the editor for filter templates and for complex filters are described below. These are identical for all lists to be filtered.

Control elements of the filter template editor

The following table explains the functions of the control elements of a filter template.

Control element / tab name	Function
Simple filter	Filter data using a free text entry. All columns of the relevant data category are included.
Complex filter	The dialog for creating a complex filter query opens; refer to the section "Control elements of the editor for complex filters".
Prefilters	Prefilter settings for filtering the data to be displayed at the server end. The prefilter settings are described in greater detail in the relevant sections on the event list, device list, interface list and reports.
Delete	Deletes the open filter template
Save	Saves the configured filter settings for the open filter template. System-defined filter templates can only be changed by users with the right "System settings".
Save as	Opens a dialog for entering a name for the filter template under which the configured filter settings will be saved. The name must be unique in the SINEMA Server instance and can contain a maximum of 25 characters.
	If you enable the "Cross-user filter template" check box in this dialog, the filter template can be used by every user who has the "System settings" right.
	Per list type a maximum of 10 user-specific and 10 cross-user filter templates can be created.
Cancel	Discards changes to the open filter template and closes the filter template and template editor.
Reset filter	Discards changes to the open filter template and closes the filter template.
Use filter	Applies the configured filter settings to the list to be filtered.

Control elements of the editor for complex filters

The editor for creating a query for the complex filter is opened with the icon. In the open filter editor, complex filters can be created with the following control elements. Created filters are displayed in the "Complex filter" area of the filter template textually.

Operator control element	Function
Complex filter	Textual representation of the created filter. The textual representation is updated when using the control elements of the editor.
5	As an alternative to using the buttons and drop-down lists of this editor, the filter text can also be edited manually. Using the arrow icon, the modified filter text is validated and adopted for the control elements of the editor.
AND 🗸	Specifies whether the filter rules of the current rule level will be linked with the logical operator "AND" or "OR".
+ {}	Inserts a new rule level below the current rule level. Filter rules can be nested within each other using rule levels. Filter rules of the same rule level are shown in the query box in a common bracket.
+	Inserts a new filter rule at the current rule level.
	Every filter rule contains a selectable column name, a selectable operator and an input box in which the value of the selected column to be checked with the operator can be entered.
-	Deletes the rule level or the filter rule.
Cancel	Discards changes to the open complex filter and closes the filter editor.

Operator control element	Function
Reset	Discards changes to the open complex filter.
Apply	Saves the settings for the complex filter and closes the filter editor. The created complex filter is now displayed in the "Complex filter" box of the filter template editor.

4.1.2 Online help

Opening help pages

You have the following options:

Opening a context-dependent page

On every Web page in SINEMA Server, you can display a page of the online help describing the current context by clicking the question mark icon in the status bar. In addition to this, in the "Device details" window, the shortcut menu command "Open help" is available to open the help page for the device details.

- Opening any help page navigating in the online help
 - After you have opened a context-dependent help page, you can navigate to any help pages of SINEMA Server with the navigation panel on the left hand side.
- Opening a topic-related help page (only with Internet Explorer)

In most help pages, you can open other help pages relating to the current topic with the "Basics" menu command.

Note

Opening using the question mark icon - new window in the Web browser

Every help page you open using the question mark icon opens in a new window of your Web browser.

This does not apply to help pages you open using the menu commands in the open online help described below.

Menu commands

The open online help has further menu commands in the header for navigation.



Menu command	Meaning
In Section >	Option for selecting sections in the open help page
Instructions	- not used -
Examples	- not used -
Basics	Option for opening help pages whose content is related to the topic of the selected help page.
History >	Option for selecting previously opened help pages.
Extra	Opens the navigation page of the online help.
	From the navigation page, you can open all the help pages of the online help of SINEMA Server.
Extra > Back	Opens the previously opened help page.
Extra > Next	Opens the next help page in the history of previously opened help pages following the currently open help page. If the currently displayed help page is the last page in the history, the menu command has no effect.

Note

Opening help pages using "History" or "Extra"

The history only includes help pages that have already been opened in the currently open Web browser window and only these can be selected.

4.1.3 Quick links

Meaning

With the "Quick links" function element , you can manage and use fast access to SINEMA Server Web pages you require often.

You can assign quick links for all standard Web pages and for view-specific Web pages.

Setting up a quick link

To assign quick links for Web pages and to specify a start page for SINEMA Server, follow the steps below:

- 1. Select the Web page you want to open using a quick link.
- Select the "Quick links" function element You open the list of available quick links.
- 3. Click the "New" button.

This opens the "Quick links" dialog and the menu command of the currently displayed Web page is shown.

- 4. Assign a name for the Web page that you would like entered in the list of quick links.
- 5. As an option, you can define one of the created direct references as the start page with the "Start page" button.

Using a quick link

To call up a Web page of SINEMA Server directly, follow the steps below:

- 1. Select the "Quick links" function element
 - You open the list of available quick links.
- 2. Double-click on the required guick link.
 - You open the Web page.

4.1.4 Calling functions with a URL

Overview

You can call up certain functions of SINEMA Server in the Web browser by specifying the URL directly and adding the login data. In this case, you do not need to log in with SINEMA Server first. The login is made in conjunction with the call for the relevant Web page.

The following actions are possible:

- Call for a specific Web page
- CSV/JSON download of the content of a Web page

Per management station URL function calls from a maximum of 50 users simultaneously are supported.

Authentication - logging in with SINEMA Server

Requirement for access

- SINEMA Server must be running on the management station that is addressed using the URL.
- To have direct access to SINEMA Server using the URL, you need to be a member of a
 user group with the "Server access via URL" access right.

In the URL, enter the user name and the user-specific password. This entry is case sensitive.

You have the following options for logging in:

 You first send a separate call for the login. SINEMA Server then opens a session with the logged in user. After this, you can enter other URLs without needing to enter the login data again.

Example:

"https://150.25.10.145:443?username=johndoe&password=hello123"

with the following significance:

IP address = 150.25.10.145

Default port = 443

Login = username=johndoe&password=hello123

You send the login data when you call a Web page.

NOTICE

Recommendation

When entering the login data, we strongly advise you to use the HTTPS protocol for security reasons. The data is transferred encrypted and cannot be read by unauthorized third persons.

Basic parameters for calling Web pages

Below there is an example of a call for a specific Web page. The parameters used in this are explained in the following table.

Example: Display of a certain device in the topology representation "Detected"

"https://sinemaserver:443?path=mnu_network_actual&ip=192.168.110.34&username=john&password=blue&topology_view=icon_view&onlycontent area=ves"

Table 4-1 Basic parameters for the Web page call

Parameter	Meaning	
path	Path of the SINEMA Server Web page to be displayed, see section below.	
ip	IP address of a device. The IP address needs to be included in the URL in the following situations:	
	If the device details of a specific device should be included	
	If you want a specific device to be displayed after the topology display is opened.	
username	Name of the user logging in	
password	User-specific password	

Parameter	Meaning	
topology_view	Specifies whether or the detailed view or the icon view is displayed when calling the covered, monitored or view-specific topology. If the parameter is not specified, the view is shown.	
	detailed_view: The detailed view is displayed	
	icon_view: The icon view is displayed.	
onlycontentarea	Specifies whether or not only the SINEMA Server main window is displayed. YES: Only the main window is displayed.	

Parameter "path"

Path	Called Web page / corresponding menu command on the Web client
path=main_logout	The user that calls the function is logged out of the SINEMA Server instance. The function call applies only for the session in which it occurs. Other sessions remain unaffected by the function call.
path=main_kill_session&username=Administrator&password=SinemaA	End all sessions of a user.
	Note: The parameters for user name and password must be specified with this function call. In the example shown, the user name is "Administrator" and the password "SinemaA".
path=mnu_admin_event&tabname=admin_condition_grp	Administration > Overall status groups
path=mnu_network_actual	Topology > Discovered
path=mnu_network_actual&ip={ip}	Topology > Discovered
	Highlights the device selected with the IP address.
path=mnu_network_reference	Topology > Reference
path=mnu_network_monitoring	Topology > Monitored
path=mnu_network_monitoring&ip={ip}	Topology > Monitored
	Highlights the device selected with the IP address.
path=mnu_reports_availability	Reports > Availability > Devices
path=mnu_reports_performance	Reports > Performance > LAN - Interface utilization
path=mnu_reports_inventory	Reports > Inventory > Vendor
path=mnu_reports_events	Reports > Events > Network events
path=views_tabs¶ms=views_{view name}	Shows the named user-specific view.
	The device list is displayed.
path=views_tabs¶ms=views_{view name}&tabname=views_topology	Shows the named user-specific view.
	The view-specific topology is displayed.
path=device_list¶ms=alldevices_ipAddress	Device list with devices that have the specified IP address.
path=device_list¶ms=alldevices_profinet	Device list with devices that have the specified PROFINET device name.

Path	Called Web page / corresponding menu command on the Web client
path=device_list¶ms=devicetype_{device type}	Device list with devices of the named device type
path=device_list¶ms=local_Not Connected	Device list with devices with the "Not connected" status
path=device_list¶ms=local_Ok	Device list with devices with the "OK" status
path=device_list¶ms=local_Fault	Device list with devices with the "Fault" status
path=device_list¶ms=local_Maintenance demanded	Device list with devices with the "Maintenance demanded" status
path=device_list&Params=local_Maintenance required	Device list with devices with the "Maintenance required" status
path=device_list&Params=local_Not reachable	Device list with devices with the "Not reachable" status
path=device_list&Params=local_Not Monitored	Device list with devices with the "Not monitored" status
path=device_list¶ms=pniosystems_{name of PNIO system}_{ip address as shown in tooltip}	Device list with devices of the named PNIO system
path=device_list¶ms=vendor_Siemens AG	Device list with devices of the "Manufacturer / Siemens AG" category
path=device_list¶ms=vendor_Microsoft	Device list with devices of the "Manufacturer / Microsoft" category
path=device_list¶ms=vendor_ciscoSystems	Device list with devices of the "Manufacturer / Cisco systems" category
path=device_list¶ms=vendor_others	Device list with devices of the "Manufacturer / Unknown" category
[call up a device list]&tabname=interfaces	Opening the interface list from one of the device lists mentioned above
path=device_details&ip={ip address}	Details of the device with the specifies IP address
path=device_details&ip={ip address}&tabname=summary	Device details in the "Overview" tab
path=device_details&ip={ip address}&tabname=status	Device details in the "Status" tab
path=device_details&ip={ip address}&tabname=desc	Device details in the "Description" tab
path=device_details&ip={ip address}&tabname=simatic	Device details in the "SIMATIC" tab
path=device_details&ip={ip address}&tabname=profinet	Device details in the "PROFINET" tab
path=device_details&ip={ip address}&tabname=settings	Device details in the "Config." tab
path=device_details&ip={ip address}&tabname=lan	Device details in the "LAN port" tab
path=device_details&ip={ip address}&tabname=wlan	Device details in the "WLAN" tab
path=device_details&ip={ip address}&tabname=events	Device details in the "Events" tab
path=device_details&ip={ip address}&tabname=vlan	Device details in the "VLAN" tab
path=device_details&ip={ip address}&tabname=redundancy	Device details in the "Redundancy" tab
path=device_details&ip={ip address}&tabname=interfaces	Device details in the "Interfaces" tab
path=device_details&ip={ip address}&tabname=expert	Device details in the "Exert" tab
path=events	Event list
path=mnu_server_overview	Server overview

Basic parameters for the CSV/JSON download of the content of a Web page

Below there is an example of the download of a specific Web page. The parameters used in this are explained in the following table.

Example: CSV download of the content of the Web page "Reports > Availability > Devices" in English specifying the start and end date to be taken into account:

"https://localhost/exportTable?command=SinemaGetReports&username=user&password=user123&report_type=4&report_startDate=2015-02-04 10:16:03&report_endDate=2015-02-05 10:16:03"

Table 4-2 Basic parameters for the Web page download

Parameter	Meaning
exportTable?	Indicates that this is a download of Web page content.
command	Indicates which Web page type should be downloaded. The following are available:
	Reports
	Event list
	Device list
	Interface list
	The values of this parameter and the filter parameters are described in the tables below.
username	Name of the user logging in
password	User-specific password
language	Display language of the content to be downloaded.
	Possible values:
	• de
	• en
	• fr
	• zh
	Default setting if the parameter is not used: en
download	Format for the download.
	Possible values:
	• csv
	• json
	Default setting if the parameter is not used: csv

Parameters for downloading reports

Parameter	Meaning
command=Sinema_GetReports	Indicates the download of reports.
report_type	Indicates the report type to be downloaded. The values of the individual report types are:
	Availability > Devices: 4
	Availability > Interfaces: 5
	Performance > LAN - Interface utilization: 6
	Performance > LAN - Interface error rate: 7
	Performance > WLAN - Interface error rate: 9
	Performance > WLAN - Interface data rate: 8
	Performance > WLAN - Signal strength: 10
	Performance > WLAN - Number of clients: 11
	Performance > Discarded packets: 33
	Performance > POF power budget: 39
	Inventory > Vendor: 1
	Inventory > IP address range: 2
	Inventory > Device category: 3
	Inventory > PROFINET: 38
	Events > Network events: 12
	Events > System events: 13
	The possible filter parameters for event reports are described in the table below.
report_endDate	End date for the report data to be downloaded
	Format: yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss
report_startDate	Start date for the report data to be downloaded
	Format: yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss
period	Period for the data to be downloaded. Possible values:
	• 24 hours: 1
	• 7 days: 2
	Unlimited: 3

The parameters for the start or end date and the period should not be specified at the same time.

Filter parameters for downloading events reports

Associated reports:

• Events > Network events (report_type: 12)

• Events > System events (report_type: 13)

Parameter	Meaning
eventNoted	Filter according to the status "Noted":
	• Yes: 0
	• No: 1
	• All: 2
	Default setting if the parameter is not used: 2
eventPendingStatus	Filter according to event statuses:
	• All: 0
	Not present: 1
	Resolving: 2
	Resolved automatically: 3
	Resolved manually: 4
	Pending: 5
	Default setting if the parameter is not used: 0
classFilter	Filter according to event classes:
	Notification: Notification
	Information: Info
	Warning: Warning
	Error: Error
	All: All
protocolFilter	Filter according to protocols:
	ICMP
	• DCP
	ARP
	SNMP
	SNMP trap
	Profinet
	SIMATIC
	SIMATIC Diag. Events
	Multiple protocols: Computed
	SIMATIC Alarms
	All: All
	Default setting if the parameter is not used: All

Multiple parameter values can be specified separated by commas.

Further filter parameters for downloading reports

Associated reports:

- Availability > Interfaces (report_type: 5)
- Performance > LAN Interface utilization (report_type: 6)

- Performance > LAN Interface error rate (report_type: 7)
- Performance > Discarded packets (report_type: 33)

Parameter	Meaning
fromlp	Filter according to "From IP address"
tolp	Filter according to "To IP address"
deviceName	Filter according to device names
deviceType	Filter according to device types
reportsCategory	Filter according to device categories:
	End Device
	Router
	Switch
	Gateway
	Access Point
	WLAN Client
	• PLC
	PC/HMI
	PC-CP
	PLC-CP
	Ident
	Motion
	Power
	Others
	• All
	Default setting if the parameter is not used: All
statistics	Filter according to ports on which port statistics are activated or deactivated:
	All: All
	Port statistics enabled: Yes
	Port statistics disabled: No
	Default setting if the parameter is not used: All
deviceFilter	Filter according to devices:
	All devices: All
	Existing devices: existing
	Default setting if the parameter is not used: All
	This filter parameter is available for all reports.

Multiple parameter values can be specified separated by commas.

Parameters for downloading event lists

Parameter	Meaning
command=Sinema_GetEvents	Indicates the download of event lists.
eventNoted	Filter according to the status "Noted":
	• Yes: 0
	• No: 1
	• All: 2
	Default setting if the parameter is not used: 2
eventPendingStatus	Filter according to event statuses:
	• All: 0
	Not present: 1
	Resolving: 2
	Resolved automatically: 3
	Resolved manually: 4
	Pending: 5
	Default setting if the parameter is not used: 0
period	Period for the data to be downloaded. Possible values:
	• 24 hours: 1
	• 7 days: 2
	Unlimited: 3
	Default setting if the parameter is not used: 1
classFilter	Filter according to event classes:
	Notification: Notification
	Information: Info
	Warning: Warning
	Error: Error
	• All: All
CategoryFilter	Filter according to event categories:
	Network events: Network
	System events: System
	• All: All
	Default setting if the parameter is not used: All

Parameter	Meaning	
protocolFilter	Filter according to protocols:	
	• ICMP	
	• DCP	
	• ARP	
	SNMP	
	SNMP trap	
	Profinet	
	SIMATIC	
	SIMATIC Diag. Events	
	Multiple protocols: Computed	
	SIMATIC Alarms	
	All: All	
	Default setting if the parameter is not used: All	
startDate	Start date for event list to be downloaded	
	Format: yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss	
endDate	End date for event list to be downloaded	
	Format: yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss	

The parameters for the start or end date and the period should not be specified at the same time.

Multiple parameter values can be specified separated by commas.

Parameters for downloading device lists

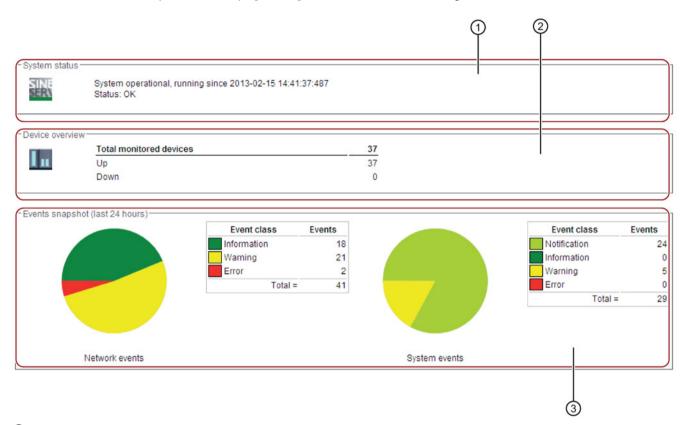
Parameter	Meaning
command=Sinema_GetDevices	Indicates the download of device lists.

Parameters for downloading interface lists

Parameter	Meaning
command=Sinema_GetInterfaces	Indicates the download of interface lists.

4.1.5 Start window

You open the Web page using the menu command: "Begin"



- System status
- 2 Device overview
- ③ Event overview grouped according to network events and system events

Layout

The start window of SINEMA Server provides a quick overview of the status of the network. Information on the availability of the devices and statistics of the last event are supplemented by general information about SINEMA Server.

Operation / content

The start window provides the following information:

- ① System status
 Information about how long (date and time) the SINEMA Server has been running.
- ② Device overview

Displays the number and status (active, inactive) of the monitored devices.

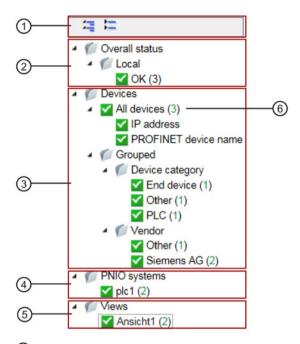
• 3 Events snapshot

Overview of the number and type (error, warning, information, notification) of unnoted events, divided into network and system events.

4.1.6 Device tree

The device tree shows a navigation area for selecting device lists that are displayed after they are selected in the "Devices" tab of the device window. The "Interfaces" tab of the device window contains information about the LAN/WLAN attachments of the devices selected in the device tree.

The icons in the for the overall status in the device tree always show the worst current status of one of the device nodes in the branch.



- 1 Button for expanding or collapsing the nodes
- Device nodes with filters for overall statuses of devices of this and other SINEMA Server instances
- 3 Device nodes for all devices and device nodes with filters for device categories, vendor and alternating devices
- Device nodes for PROFINET IO systems
- Node for user-specific views
- 6 Specifies the number of nodes contained in the particular device branch

Layout

"Overall status" node:

Below the "Overall status" node, the numbers of overall statuses of local devices as well as the devices monitored by other SINEMA Server instances are shown. Selecting an overall status below the "Local" entry generates a filtered display of the device or interface window according to the overall status. Selecting an overall status below the "Server overview" entry generates a sorted display of server overview according to the overall status.

"Devices" node:

The entries below the "Devices" node provide the option of displaying all devices or only devices of a specific category or a specific vendor or only alternating devices in the devices and interfaces window. The colors of the numbers in brackets indicate the overall statuses of the devices.

"PNIO systems" node:

The entries below the "PNIO systems" node provide the option of displaying only the controller and the PROFINET IO devices of a certain PROFINET IO system. The entries below the "PNIO systems" node are named after the PROFINET IO name of the relevant controller. The colors of the numbers in brackets after the name indicate the overall statuses of the associated PROFINET devices. The requirements for displaying a PNIO system are described in the section "Options for displaying PROFINET I/O systems".

Using the shortcut menu command "Create PNIO view", you can create a view for the devices of a PNIO system. In the views editor that opens after selecting the shortcut menu command, the devices of the PNIO system are already assigned to the view. Passively monitored devices are excluded. Changes made to the PNIO system after creating the view have no effect on the view created for the PNIO system. Changes to a PNIO view have no effect on the PNIO system.

"Views" node:

For certain purposes, you can define user-specific views that include only some of the existing devices or only part of the overall network. For more detailed information on this topic, refer to the section "Setting up and using views (Page 62)".

Status information

In the device tree, you have an overview of the statuses of the devices monitored in the network. The icons in the device tree always show the worst current status of one of the device nodes in the particular branch.

Icon for the status	Description	
~	Device status: Not connected	
MI	See section Alternating devices (Page 124)	
✓	Device status: OK	
9	Device status: Maintenance required	

Icon for the status	Description
2	Device status: Maintenance urgently required
P	Device status: Error
×	Device not reachable

Note

Display of the status of the management station

If changes are made to network adapters of the management station, this can influence the display of the status of the management station in SINEMA Server. Follow the steps below to restore the status display of the management station after changes to the network adapter configuration:

- 1. Restart the PC being used as the management station.
- 2. In SINEMA Server, delete the management station from the device list.
- 3. Run a network scan.

Options for displaying PROFINET IO systems

Depending on which controller is used in a PROFINET IO system, this can be displayed in different ways:

Devices with SIMATIC capability:

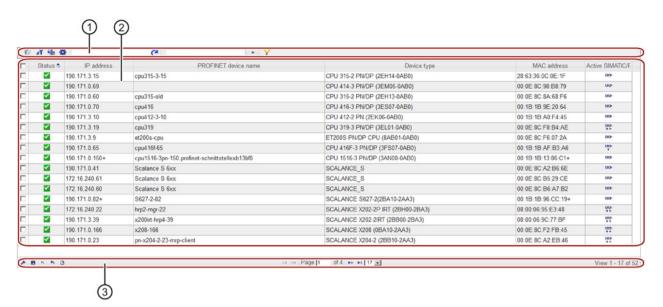
The PROFINET IO system can be displayed with the aid of the information that the controller obtains from assigned PROFINET IO devices. To do this, the monitoring setting "SIMATIC monitoring of assigned devices" must be enabled for the controller. In a display of the PROFINET IO system initiated by the controller, the displayed IP addresses are always IP addresses reported by the controller. In this representation, devices are also displayed that are assigned to the controller but that are themselves not SINEMA Server objects.

Other controller types:

The PROFINET IO system can be displayed with the aid of information that PROFINET IO devices obtain from their controller. To do this, the monitoring setting "PROFINET monitoring" must be enabled for the PROFINET IO devices to be displayed. If the display of the PROFINET IO system was initiated by PROFINET IO devices, the tooltip of the associated entry displays "Discovered by: IO devices.

PROFINET IO devices that cannot be assigned are displayed under the entry "Unassigned devices".

4.1.7 Device window with device list



- 1 Header with toolbar
- ② Device list with status display and configurable columns
- 3 Footer with setting functions and navigation

Display

You can open device lists of SINEMA Server by selecting an entry in the device tree. The "Devices" tab is always preselected in the device window.

Depending on the entry you select in the device tree, all devices or only a certain group are displayed in the device list.

Content

Device lists are divided into several columns in which the device-specific data is displayed. With the exception of the first column that is used to select rows, you can select any other column as required. Values that can no longer be updated because protocol reachability is not available are displayed grayed out.

Possible monitoring statuses

The symbol in the "Active monitoring status" column specifies whether and what type of monitoring is active for a device. In the active monitoring status, the PROFINET/SIMATIC devices also include the globally and locally configured PROFINET/SIMATIC monitoring settings.

Icon	Meaning
3	The device is not monitored.
<u>≈</u>	The PROFINET IO device becomes passive; in other words, only monitored by the CPU with SIMATIC capability assigned to the device. Passively monitored devices are shown only in the PNIO system they belong to. For passively monitored devices, no PROFINET monitoring settings can be configured.
	The passive monitoring of devices can be selected when the devices cannot be reached by SINEMA Server. Passively monitored devices do not require a device license. The requirement for passive monitoring is that the CPU with SIMATIC capability can be reached by SINEMA Server and that the monitoring setting "SIMATIC monitoring of assigned devices" is active for this CPU.
00	The device is monitored by SINEMA Server with the aid of the protocols ICMP / DCP / SNMP.
+ 00,	The device is monitored by SINEMA Server with the aid of the protocols ICMP / DCP / SNMP. Depending on whether a PROFINET IO device or a CPU with SIMATIC capability is involved, the following monitoring mode is also active:
	PROFINET: The PROFINET monitoring of the PROFINET IO device by SINEMA Server is active.
	SIMATIC: The SIMATIC monitoring of the CPU with SIMATIC capability by SINEMA Server is active.
++	The device is monitored by SINEMA Server with the aid of the protocols ICMP / DCP / SNMP. Depending on whether a PROFINET IO device or a CPU with SIMATIC capability is involved, the following monitoring modes are also active:
	PROFINET:
	The PROFINET monitoring of the PROFINET IO device by SINEMA Server is active.
	 The PROFINET acquisition of port statistics of the PROFINET IO device by SINEMA Server is active.
	SIMATIC:
	The SIMATIC monitoring of the CPU with SIMATIC capability by SINEMA Server is active.
	 The SIMATIC monitoring of the PROFINET IO devices assigned to the controller by the CPU with SIMATIC capability is active.
	The SIMATIC monitoring of SIMATIC event / alarm messages is not shown in the displayed monitoring status.

Operator input

The following table shows the functional elements of the header.

Table 4- 3 Basic settings

Icon	Display / function	Icon	Display / function
	Show details of the selected device	2 1	Call WBM (Web Based Management) If a Web page is available for the selected device, this is opened. This page displays specific information and settings for the selected network device.
4	Reread device data The data of the device is read out again according to the active monitoring setting. Note: This icon can be clicked any number of times in succession. A request within 2 minutes of the last request is, however, ignored. This avoids increased network traffic. You should therefore wait longer than two minutes before clicking the icon again.	*	Advanced settings Opens a menu bar in which the advanced settings are available. This is described in the table "Advanced settings", see below.
() · ()	Enter text to filter based on devices. The entered text is searched for in all columns. In the input box, text is displayed when a simple query entered in the filter template editor is active. The icon is displayed when a filter template with prefilter settings is active. The icon is displayed when a filter template with a complex query is active.		Selection of a previously created template for filtering according to devices. After selection, the properties of the filter template are applied to the device list. Unsaved filter settings are indicated by the "*" character. As an alternative to selecting from the drop-down list, you can also enter the name of the filter template. Cross-user filter templates are displayed in a blue font.
Y Vz	Open the editor for configuring filter settings that can be stored in filter templates. The 🄀 icon is displayed when the configured filter settings differ from the default filter settings. For more information, refer to the section "Prefilters in filter templates for device lists".		

Table 4- 4 Advanced settings

Icon	Display / function	Icon	Display / function
=	Add or change comment	■	Delete remark
0 05	Enable monitoring Enable monitoring for the selected devices. The PROFINET/SIMATIC monitoring that may be available for the device is performed according to the configured global and local PROFINET/SIMATIC monitoring settings. If the selected device is a PROFINET IO device and if the monitoring of assigned devices is activated for the controller assigned to it, as an alternative to activating monitoring by SINEMA Server, you can activate passive monitoring. In this mode, the PROFINET IO device is monitored only by the assigned CPU with SIMATIC capability.	©6• ■	Turn off monitoring Disable monitoring for the selected devices. If the selected device is a monitored PROFINET IO device and if the monitoring of assigned devices is activated for the controller assigned to it, as an alternative to fully disabling monitoring, you can also enable passive monitoring. In this mode, the PROFINET IO device is monitored only by the assigned CPU with SIMATIC capa- bility.
	Change local monitoring settings The local PROFINET/SIMATIC monitoring settings functionally correspond to the global PROFINET/SIMATIC monitoring settings, refer to the section Administration - Monitoring General (Page 188). When SIMATIC monitoring is activated for a device, SNMP is used to check whether the device has a firmware version that has been released for SIMATIC monitoring by the SINEMA Server, refer to the section Administration - Monitoring General (Page 188). To activate SIMATIC monitoring for a device, this must therefore be reachable via SNMP and must have information about the installed firmware version. Local monitoring settings only take effect on devices when the global monitoring settings of the same name are active. Devices with PROFINET/SIMATIC capability can also be configured as alternating devices.	S. C.	Create new device

Icon	Display / function	Icon	Display / function
×	Delete device After it is deleted, the device only continues to exist in the report archive. When you delete a PROFINET IO device being monitored by a CPU with SIMATIC capability using the function "SIMATIC monitoring of assigned devices", this PROFINET IO device is discovered by the controller again after it has been deleted and therefore shown again in the corresponding PNIO system.	SHEP	Specify SNMP settings
	Change device type Opens the "Set device type for" dialog in which a different device type can be assigned using the available profiles. DCP can also be enabled and the SNMP settings changed.		Change monitoring profile Opens the "Set monitoring profile for" dialog If necessary you can use this method to assign a monitoring profile to the device in addition to the general profile.
ui [†]	Customize device data The "Adapt device" dialog opens. Here, you will find the following tabs for further entries: User-defined links When necessary, you can store links (URL) to further information that is useful in conjunction with monitoring the device. Basic data		Set device basic data

Prefilters in the filter templates for device lists

Device lists can be filtered with the aid of filter templates. This section deals specifically with the available settings of the prefilter for device lists. You will find basic information on filter templates and the options of using complex filters in the section "Filtering data with filter templates" of the operating instructions of SINEMA Server.

Box group	Filter options	
Basic filter	Filter according to devices for which the port statistics are activated /deactivated:	
	• All	
	Yes: Devices with activated port statistics	
	No: Devices with deactivated port statistics	
	Filter according to devices that are part / not part of the reference topology:	
	• All	
	Yes: Devices that are part of the reference topology	
	No: Devices that are not part of the reference topology	
Monitoring status	Filter according to devices with a certain monitoring status.	

Functions of the shortcut menu

The functions presented above can also be called alternatively using the shortcut menu.

The shortcut menu also provides the option of calling up the discovered topology, the monitored topology, the reference topology or a view-specific topology from the device window. The device selected using the shortcut menu is shown centered and selected in the selected topology representation.

Using the shortcut menu "Advanced settings" > Add new job", you can create a new job for the selected devices. The selected devices are then automatically assigned to the job.

See also

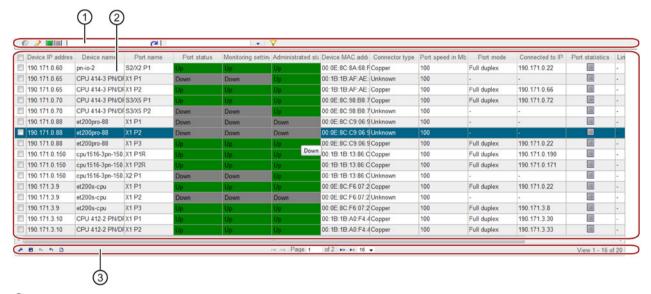
User interface (Page 77)

Filtering data with filter templates (Page 83)

Device details (Page 110)

Alternating devices (Page 124)

4.1.8 Device window with interface list



- Header with toolbar
- 2 Interface list with configurable columns
- 3 Footer with setting functions and configuration limits (identical to the footer of the device list)

Display

You can open interface lists of SINEMA Server by selecting an entry in the device tree. In the device window, then select the "Interfaces" tab.

Depending on the entry you select in the device tree, the interface list shows the interfaces of all devices or only the interfaces of a specific group of devices.

Operation / content

Interface lists are divided into several columns in which the data of the interfaces and their devices is displayed. With the exception of the first column that is used to select rows, you can select any other column as required.

The following table shows the functional elements of the header.

Icon	Display / function
0	Show device details
	Depending on whether the selected interface is a LAN or WLAN interface, the "LAN" or the "WLAN" tab of the device details is opened.
△	Edit port details
	The dialog for editing interface information opens. The meaning of the functions of this editor can be found in the section "Editor for detailed information on (W)LAN ports" in the operating instructions of SINEMA Server
	Enable / disable interface statistics. If the interface statistics are disabled, the interface is not included in reports that can be generated with "Reports > Availability > Interfaces".
() · (**	Enter text to filter based on events. The entered text is searched for in all columns.
	In the input box, text is displayed when a simple query entered in the filter template editor is active.
	The 🔟 icon is displayed when a filter template with prefilter settings is active.
	The [] icon is displayed when a filter template with a complex query is active.
•	Selection of a previously created template for filtering according to interfaces. After selection, the properties of the filter template are applied to the interface list. Unsaved filter settings are indicated by the "*" character.
	As an alternative to selecting from the drop-down list, you can also enter the name of the filter template. Cross-user filter templates are displayed in a blue font.
∀ ½	Open the editor for configuring filter settings that can be stored in filter templates.
PSCI	The $\frac{1}{k}$ icon is displayed when the configured filter settings differ from the default filter settings.
	For more information, refer to the section "Prefilters in filter templates for interface lists".

Prefilters in the filter templates for interface lists

Interface lists can be filtered with the aid of filter templates. This section deals specifically with the available settings of the prefilter for interface lists. You will find basic information on filter templates and the options of using complex filters in the section "Filtering data with filter templates" of the operating instructions of SINEMA Server.

Operator control element	Filter options
From IP	Filter according to interfaces that have the specified device IP addresses.
To IP	
Device name and device type	Filter according to interfaces that belong to devices with the specified device name or device type.
Statistics activated	Filter according to interfaces for which the port statistics are activated /deactivated:
	• All
	Yes: Interfaces with activated port statistics
	No: Interfaces with deactivated port statistics

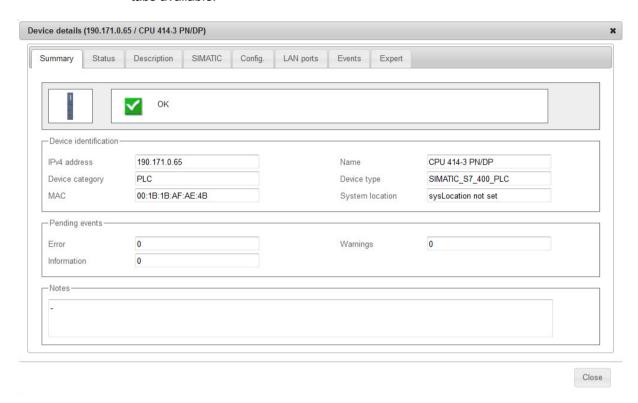
See also

Editor for detailed information on (W)LAN ports (Page 121)

Filtering data with filter templates (Page 83)

4.1.9 Device details

The following figure shows the "Overview" tab of the device details as an example of the tabs available.



Display

You can call up the "Device details" window in the following ways:

- Device window
 - Icon 🥡
 - Double-click on the appropriate row
- Any topology view ("Topology > ..." or "Views > ...")
 - Shortcut menu of the device
 - Double-click on device icon

Overview

The "Device Details" window consists of several tabs in which the data from a device are grouped in a detailed manner or are displayed in list form.

Note

Tab display

Which tabs are displayed depends on the device type.

Operation / content

The following table shows the tab contents of the "Device Details" window with a brief explanation.

Only the tabs and boxes are displayed that are relevant to the selected device. The tabs and boxes relevant for a device whose content cannot be read out by SINEMA Server due to deactivated monitoring settings or the protocol currently being used are shown grayed out. Values that can no longer be updated because protocol reachability is not available are also displayed grayed out. In the "Expert" tab, you have the option of hiding such old values. In boxes whose values cannot be displayed despite available protocol reachability, the "-" character is displayed.

For newly discovered, passively monitored devices, only the "Overview" and "Events" tabs are displayed.

Table 4-5 "Overview" tab

Parameter group	Display, content
-	Icon and overall status of the device. If the overall status is negative, the event that caused this overall status is also displayed.
Device name	IPv4 address, name, device category and type
	MAC and location
Pending events	Number of events pending for the device of the classes "Error", "Warning" and "Information"
Remarks	Comments, information

Table 4- 6 'Status' tab

Parameter group	Display, content
-	Overall status of the device. If the overall status is negative, the event that caused this overall status is also displayed.
Reachability	Information on the protocol-specific reachability of the device:
	Polling group, ICMP reachability ("Ping status"), SNMP reachability, overall status related to reachability, DCP reachability, SIMATIC or PROFINET reachability

Operating Instructions, 02/2016, C79000-G8976-C241-06

Parameter group	Display, content
PNIO system	In the "Device operational state" box, the device status obtained by SNMP is shown.
	For CPUs with SIMATIC capability, the Status LED and for PROFINET IO devices the PNIO Channel Status is shown.
	Notes on the LED status:
	BUS1F: First bus error LED
	BUS2F: Second bus error LED
	BUS2F: Third bus error LED
Summary LAN ports	Total number of ports, used, active and inactive (differing from reference), as well as with a critical behavior
Times	Information, when
	first and last time detected,
	the last poll occurred,
	the oldest stored data was read in
	and how long it was last active (up time)
Miscellaneous	Information relating to C-PLUG, power supply status

Table 4- 7 'Description' tab

Parameter group	Display, content
Names	PROFINET IO, system and automation name
Location	Location according to system and automation
Identification and maintenance	Article number, serial number, vendor ID and name, firmware version, hardware revision, DCP-ID
Manual changes	Manually created, migrated, device type changed?
User-defined links	Display of links 1 to 3, if entered
	You enter links using the "Customize device data" function.
Discovery and monitoring settings	Profile name and identifier, discovery and device type rule (in each case name and content), name and identifier of the monitoring profile

Parameter group	Display, content
Port assignment protocol	The "Port assignment" box displays whether or not the port-specific data of a device can be read out both using SNMP as well as using PROFINET and assigned to the corresponding ports. This is ensured when the data obtained via SNMP and PROFINET for the port assignment are compatible with each other. The port assignment allows SINEMA Server to switch over between SNMP and PROFINET depending on protocol availability. When there is such a protocol change, the following situations are distinguished:
	 All port information is compatible with the new protocol: The existing port information remains when there is a change of protocol.
	 Some port information is compatible with the new protocol: Only the information of the ports that can be read out and assigned via the new protocol are dis- played. The information of the other ports is removed from the device details and from the topology.
	 No port information is compatible with the new protocol: The ports of the device are displayed grayed out in the device details and in the topology.
	In the "Protocol used" box, the protocol currently being used for reading out and for assigning port information is displayed. When using PROFINET, only the information of physical ports can be read out.
Miscellaneous	Contact, OPC UA index and information about the visibility in OPC

Table 4-8 'SIMATIC' tab (only active for CPUs with SIMATIC capability with active SIMATIC monitoring)

Parameter group	Display, content
SIMATIC identification	Information to identify the CPU with SIMATIC capability.
	If the CPU is assigned at least one PROFINET IO device and the CPU itself does not operate as a PROFINET IO device, the automation roll shown is "Controller".
	If the CPU operates both as a controller and PROFINET IO device at the same time (I device), "IO device" is displayed as the automation role.
Configured cycle time	Configured minimum and maximum value for the cycle time in ms.
Measured cycle time	The shortest, last read and longest cycle time read out by SINEMA Server in ms. The values for the cycle times are recalculated every 60 seconds.

Parameter group	Display, content
SIMATIC status of assigned devices	This area shows how many of the assigned PROFINET IO devices have which status relating to the selected CPU:
	Configured devices: Total number of devices configured as PROFINET IO devices in STEP 7.
	Active devices: Number of devices exchanging data with the controller.
	Deactivated devices: Number of devices deactivated by the controller.
	Faulty devices: Number of devices in the "Error" status.
	Missing devices: Number of devices configured as PROFINET IO devices in STEP 7 that have, however, not been reached by the controller.
SIMATIC event / alarm messages	Date and time of the last logon (to receive SIMATIC event and alarm messages from the CPU with SIMATIC capability): Time of the last attempted logon to the CPU with SIMATIC capability
	Date and time of the last read out: Time of the last successful read out of the display texts from the CPU with SIMATIC capability
	Date and time of the last attempted read out: Time of the last attempt to read out the display texts from the CPU with SIMATIC capability

Table 4-9 'PROFINET' tab (only active for PROFINET IO devices with active PROFINET monitoring)

Parameter group	Display, content
PROFINET identification	Information to identify and to assign the controller of the PROFINET IO device

Table 4- 10 'Config.' tab (Configuration)

Parameter group	Display, content
Ethernet	IPv4 address, router address (standard gateway),
	device MAC address, subnet mask and DHCP (enabled?)
Profinet	PNIO name and type
SNMP settings	Configuration name, traps enabled,
	SINEMA Server trap recipient (yes / no)
General SNMP traps	Information about whether the following traps were enabled:
	Connection establishment and termination
	Warm and cold restart
	Authentication failed
Miscellaneous	Radius server address; IP forwarding (yes / no / not supported)
	Alternating device (yes / no)

Table 4- 11 'LAN' tab

Parameter group	Display, content
-	Table of all LAN ports with name, status, MAC, transmission medium, data rate and other freely selectable information. The entire table can be formatted and used as described under for the device window (column width, export etc.).
	There are icons available above the table with following functions:
	Show port details
	Change port details, refer to the section "Editor for detailed information on (W)LAN ports" in the operating instructions of SINEMA Server
	Enable port statistics
	Disable port statistics
	If statistics is activated for a port, information about data traffic, port load and error rates is monitored using SNMP or possibly PROFINET.

Table 4- 12 'WLAN' tab

Parameter group	Display, content
-	Table of all WLAN interfaces with index, name, status, SSID and information about critical statuses. The content of the table corresponds to the "LAN ports" tab.
	The "Open interface" icon provides you with more detailed information.

Table 4- 13 'Events' tab

Parameter group	Display, content
-	Table of all reported events with name, status, timestamp, status and other arbitrary information. The entire table can be formatted and used in the same way as the device window (Page 102) (column width, export etc.).
	There are icons available above the table with following functions:
	Mark events as "Noted"
	Resolve pending events
	Add / edit remark
	Delete remark
	Set filter for display (status, time, type)

Table 4- 14 "IP Interfaces" tab

Parameter group	Display, content
-	Display of all interfaces of a device with IP address data and the associated connection status. The table is displayed only for devices that can be reached via at least two IP addresses. With the button at the top left edge, the interface can be specified whose IP address will be displayed in SINEMA Server.

Table 4- 15 'VLAN' tab

Parameter group	Display, content
Basic data	Maximum number of possible VLANs and currently used VLANs
VLANs	Table of the currently used VLANs with identifier (VID), name and status and the "tagged" and "untagged ports.

Table 4- 16 'Redundancy' tab

Parameter group	Display, content
-	Table of all redundancy mechanisms used with the ports involved, protocol used, status, role (manager or client) along with supplementary information.
	For more detailed information, the "Show port details" icon is available (refer to the section "Detailed information redundancy attachments (Page 102)").

Table 4- 17 'Expert' tab

Parameter group	Display, content
-	Listing of all the parameters read from the device with associated value, protocol and time of the last change on the device.
	The values of this tab are made available as raw data and are not further prepared. The data is therefore primarily for analysis by experts, for example by product support.
	In the box above the table, you can enter a search text that has the effect of a filter criterion for all columns of the table.
	Using the drop-down list, you can restrict the display to one of the protocols used to read out.
	If the value "All" is selected in the drop-down list and you enable the check box "Do not display value if not reachable via protocol", parameters whose values can no longer be read out via the relevant protocol are shown grayed out. If one of the protocols is selected in the drop-down list, values that can no longer be read out are hidden.

Table 4- 18 'User-defined OIDs' tab

Parameter group	Display, content
-	Table of MIB objects (see "Expert" tab) that are monitored as result of individual
	user settings.

Note

Display of the OID values

The correctness of the display of the OID depends on the correct selection of the data type in the profile setting.

Functions of the shortcut menu

The following functions are available in all tabs via the shortcut menu:

- Open WBM
- Reread data

For more detailed information, refer to section Device window with device list (Page 102)

- Enable/disable automatic update
- · Add current window to quick links
- Log on again for SIMATIC event / alarm messages

For more detailed information, refer to section Administration - Monitoring General (Page 188)

- Open help
- Display selected device in a (view-specific) topology (only available for devices monitored by SINEMA Server)

See also

Detailed information WLAN (Page 120)

Editor for detailed information on (W)LAN ports (Page 121)

Alternating devices (Page 124)

4.1.10 Device details - subcategories

4.1.10.1 Detailed information LAN ports

Opening the display

You can open the "LAN ports" window from the "LAN ports" tab of the device details as follows:

- Select the port and then click the icon
- Double-click on the appropriate row

Operation / content

The following table explains the groups and contents of the box.

The values of the box groups "Data traffic", "Utilization" and "Error" are only monitored if port statistics is activated. The following symbols indicate the communication directions of the corresponding data values:

Symbol	Communication direction
→	Send
+	Receive
\leftrightarrow	Half duplex (sending or receiving)

Group	Display, content
Basic data	Name of the connector (detected)
	Interface index (unique number of the port)
	MAC address
	Transmission medium (user-defined)
	Transmission medium (detected)
	Status (up or down)
	Admin status
	Max. bandwidth (Mbps)
	Mode (full duplex or half duplex)
	Description
	Alias name
Topology	Device connection (IP address, device name)
	Port connection
	Note: If a reference topology has been configured, the values in this section originate from the reference topology. If no reference topology has been configured, the values in this section originate from the discovered topology.
Discovered topology	Device connection (IP address, device name)
	Port connection
Plastic Optical Fiber (POF)	Signal delay (ns)
	Calculated cable length (m), according to the calculation in STEP 7
	Power budget
Data traffic	Transmit (transmission speed in Mbps)
	Receive (receive speed in Mbps)
	This data is only monitored if port statistics is activated.
Utilization	Full duplex:
	Transmit utilization (degree of utilization as a percentage)
	Receive utilization (degree of utilization as a percentage)
	Half duplex:
	HD utilization (combined degree of utilization as percentage)

Group	Display, content
Error	Full duplex:
	Transmit error rate (error rate as a percentage)
	Receive error rate (error rate as a percentage)
	Number of send errors (number of bad outgoing packets)
	Number of receive errors (number of bad incoming packets)
	Number of discarded outgoing packets
	Number of discarded incoming packets
	Half duplex:
	HD error rate (combined error rate as percentage)
	Number of errors (combined a number of bad packets)
	Number of discarded packets (combined number of discarded packets)
Miscellaneous	Time at which port statistics was enabled for the selected port.

4.1.10.2 Detailed information WLAN

Opening the display

You can open the details window for WLAN interfaces from the "WLAN" tab of the device details as follows:

- Select the port and then click the port and then click the
- Double-click on the appropriate row

Operation / content

The following table explains the groups and contents of the box.

Group	Display, content
Basic data	Name of the connector (detected)
	Description
	Interface index (unique number of the port)
	Authentication type (e.g. WEP or WPA2-PSK)
	 SSID (names of the WLANs (wireless networks) assigned to the interface)
	BSSID (ID numbers of the WLANs assigned to the interface)
	 WLAN protocol (wireless standard acc. to IEEE: e.g. 802.11n or 802.11g)
	Channel (wireless channel of the interface)
	Frequency (wireless frequency of the interface)
	Max. data rate (Mbps)
	Mode (full duplex or half duplex)
Status	Status (up or down)
	Signal strength (strength of the wireless signal in dBm)
	Transmit data rate (transmit speed in Mbps)
	Receive data rate (receive speed in Mbps)
	Transmit error rate (error rate as a percentage)
	Receive error rate (error rate as a percentage)
	Number of clients (number of clients connected via this interface)

Group	Display, content
Clients	Table of all clients connected to the interface. Per client, the following information can be displayed:
	Slot number (number of the connected interface)
	Client name
	Client IP (IP address of the connected client)
	Client MAC (MAC address of the connected client)
	Transmit data rate (transmit speed in Mbps)
	Receive data rate (receive speed in Mbps)
	Transmit error rate (error rate as a percentage)
	Receive error rate (error rate as a percentage)
	 Critical performance (information as to whether or not the existing connection needs to be considered critical)
	Signal (signal strength of the existing connection in dBm)
	 Signal state (indicates whether the signal strength is OK, low or high)

4.1.10.3 Editor for detailed information on (W)LAN ports

Opening the editor

You can call up the dialog for editing port information from the "LAN" and "WLAN" tab of the device details as follows:

Select the port and then click the 🤌 icon.

Operation / content

The following tables explain the contents of the box.

Table 4- 19 Basic data (only for LAN ports)

Parameter	Meaning
Connector type	Display of the connector type detected by SINEMA Server
Connector type (user-defined)	Selection of the connector type

Table 4- 20 Port monitoring

Parameter	Meaning
Reference port status - Up	The desired status for the port in the reference topology is "Up"
Reference port status - Down	The desired status for the port in the reference topology is "Down"

Parameter	Meaning		
	If this option is selected, the port is handled as follows:		
LAN ports)	Port connection statuses are not monitored		
	Events relating to port reference statuses are not displayed		
	If this option is selected, the port is handled as follows:		
ports)	Port connection statuses are not monitored		
	Events relating to port reference statuses are not displayed		

When a reference connection goes out from an interface, this cannot be configured as "Down".

See also

Alternating devices (Page 124)

4.1.10.4 Detailed information redundant ports

Opening the display

Alternatively the window with details for redundant connectors can be opened from the "Redundancy" tab of the device details as follows:

- Select the port and then click the port icon
- Double-click on the appropriate row

Operation / content

Depending on the redundancy method (protocol) being used, different information is displayed. With the help of PROFINET monitoring, only MRP redundancy information can be displayed. The following table shows the possible content with a brief explanation.

Protocol	Group	Display, content	
HRP	Basic data	Port name (e.g. X5P1)	
		Role (what is the task (client, master) of the interface within the ring?)	
		Port status (information about what the interface does with IP packets . forward or block)	
	Redundancy manager	Ring state (OK, disrupted)	
		Ring state changes (number of status changes already made due to disruptions in the ring)	
		Measured trip delay (indicates in ms how quickly the status change is made)	

Protocol	Group	Di	Display, content		
MRP	Basic data	•	Name of the port (e.g. X5P2)		
		•	Role (what is the task (client, master) of the interface within the ring?)		
		•	Port state (information about what the interface does with IP packets . forward or block. Is only displayed via SNMP)		
		•	Domain name		
	Redundancy manager	•	Ring state (OK, disrupted)		
		•	Ring state changes (number of status changes already made due to disruptions in the ring. Is only displayed via SNMP)		
		•	Measured trip delay (indicates in ms how quickly the status change is made. Is only displayed via SNMP)		
		•	Time ticks since (Is only displayed via SNMP)		
		•	Domain error (Is only displayed via SNMP)		
STP or RSTP	Basic data	•	Name of the port (e.g. X0P5)		
		•	Port type		
		•	Port STP state		
		•	Port status		
		•	Path costs (notional calculated costs for the current transport path of the IP packets). Path costs are used to calculate the most suitable transmission path.		
		•	Priority		
		•	No .'Forward transmissions'		
		•	Big network support		
		•	Passive Listening		
Standby	Basic data	•	Name of the port (e.g. X6P1)		
		•	Role (what is the task (master, master) of the interface on the "duplicate" connection?)		
		•	Port state (information about what the interface does with IP packets . forward or block)		
		•	Connection status (up, down)		
		•	Topology changes (number of topology changes already made due to disruptions on the connection)		
		•	Connection name (name of the standby connection. Required for identification since several may exist).		

4.1.11 Alternating devices

Meaning

An alternating device is a device that is deliberately not permanently connected to the network.

Alternating devices can, for example, be engineering PCs that are only connected for diagnostics. Alternating devices also occur when using tool changer devices. The PROFINET IO devices connected to tool changer devices are switched active or inactive as necessary. In both cases, alternating devices are only reachable temporarily for SINEMA Server.

Handling of alternating devices in SINEMA Server

If alternating devices cannot be reached by SINEMA Server, it is assumed that they have been deliberately deactivated or are not connected to the network. For this reason, the devices do not receive the overall status "Not reachable" but rather "Not connected". No reachability related events are displayed for devices in the "Not connected" status. As soon as the devices can be reached again, the device overall statuses and the reachability-related events are displayed normally again.

Devices can be configured in the monitoring settings as alternating devices, refer to the section Device window with device list (Page 102)

Note

PROFINET IO devices configured as alternating

With PROFINET IO devices that are not reachable by SINEMA Server and that are monitored by controllers using the function "SIMATIC monitoring of assigned devices", the SIMATIC status reported by the corresponding controller decides the overall status of the device. If the controller reports the PROFINET IO device as being deactivated, the IO device has the overall status "Not connected". If the controller does not report the PROFINET IO device as being deactivated, the IO device has another overall status. This applies regardless of whether the PROFINET IO device is configured as alternating.

Note

Events pending for alternating devices

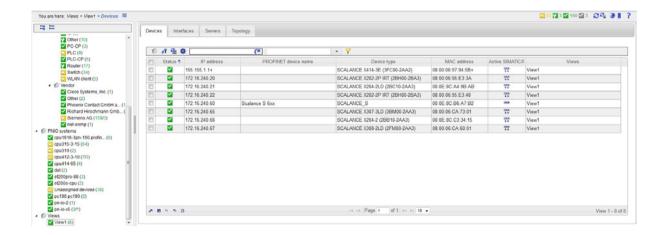
Events that were triggered for a device are still pending for this device even after it is configured as an alternating device and are not resolved automatically. Such events need to be resolved manually.

Under certain circumstances, it is useful to configure the ports to which alternating devices are connected as unmonitored or as docking ports, refer to the section Editor for detailed information on (W)LAN ports (Page 121).

4.1.12 Views

4.1.12.1 Views - Overview

The following figure shows the layout and operator controls of the "Views" window, "Devices" tab.



Opening a view

You can open the "Views" window of SINEMA Server by selecting the entry with this name in the device tree or one of its lower-level entries.

The "Devices", Interfaces" and "Servers" tabs are always present, the "Topology" tab only if this has been configured accordingly (selected).

Working with and content of the "Devices" tab

The "Devices" tab displays the devices that were assigned to the selected view with the View editor. As default, the device list of a view also includes the "Views" column. This column shows the views in which the device occurs.

See also

Device window with device list (Page 102)

Meaning and how it works (Page 143)

Setting up and using views (Page 62)

Working with and content of the "Interfaces" tab

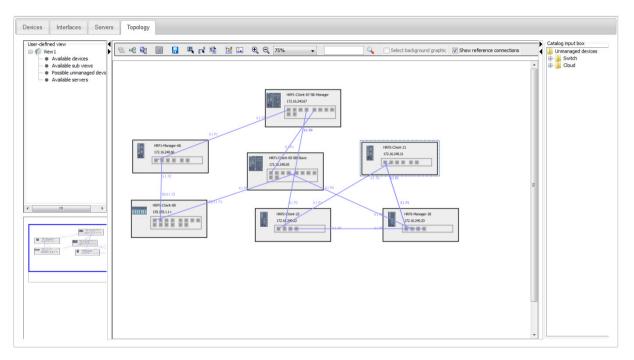
The "Interfaces" tab displays information about the interfaces of devices that were assigned to the selected view with the View editor. There is no difference compared with the interface list that is not dependent on the view.

Working with and content of the "Servers" tab

The "Servers" tab shows SINEMA Server instances that were created in the server overview and assigned to the current view. In the server list of a view, the columns for displaying the overall device status are not available. Similar to the "Devices" tab, the "Views" column shows the names of the views to which the SINEMA Server instances are assigned.

4.1.12.2 Views - topology / Topology editor

The following figure shows the layout and operator controls of the "Views" window, "Topology" tab in draft mode.



"Topology" tab - modes

The input options in this tab need to be distinguished as follows:

- Draft mode
 - In this mode, the Topology editor is enabled.
- Active mode

The network monitoring takes place in this mode.

You select the mode with the function element in the header.

If you create a new topology, the topology display is automatically in draft mode.

Operation / content - in draft mode

In "Draft" mode, you specify the devices, SINEMA Server instances and connections between these components to be displayed and design the required view layout. In terms of functionality, it is similar to the Reference editor and many of its tools and icons are also available here.

The following table explains the function elements of the header. Note that SINEMA Server instances cannot be part of reference topologies. This means that functions related to reference topologies are not available for SINEMA Server instances.

Icon	Display / function	Icon	Display / function
Έ	Select detail view	뭠	Select icon view
S E	Recalculate topology		Display mode
-			Change to the active mode to monitor the network in this view.
	Save view details (draft)	In-	Select selection mode
-		•	This tool is enabled automatically when you open the page.
- L	Select draw mode	医 管	Create user-defined connections
	In this mode, you configure the connections.	_	for all reference connections
	Note: SINEMA Server instances		
	can only have connections to other SINEMA Server instances.		
# 2	Configure topology settings	2	Insert background graphic
			Insert a background graphic and change its size.
			Maximum size: 10 MB
			Maximum resolution: 7000 * 7000 pixels
•	Enlarge display (zoom factor)	©	Reduce display (zoom factor)
100% ▼	Select zoom factor		Input box for device scan (IP address)
Q	Start device scan	Select background graphic	Select background graphic for further processing
Show reference connections	Show/hide reference connections		

Note

Moving device icons freely

A special feature (compared with the Reference Editor) is that device icons can be freely moved and user-defined connections can be transformed in a variety of ways by moving the handles (•). This allows topologies to be represented clearly and individually.

Operation / content - in active mode

In the "active" mode, the devices, SINEMA Server instances and connections are displayed as specified in the draft layout.

The following table explains the function elements of the header.

Icon	Display / function	Icon	Display / function
=	Select detail view	20	Select icon view
	Display mode Change to the draft mode to specify the display layout.	<u> </u>	Configure topology settings
•	Enlarge display (zoom factor)	Q	Reduce display (zoom factor)
100%	Select zoom factor		Input box for device scan (IP address)
Q	Start device scan		

The functionality in the data area as well as in the "Device hierarchy" and "Bird's eye view" is almost identical to that of the "Topology > Monitored" window.

Display in active mode

The active mode represents a monitoring view.

The view of the devices shown in this mode is similar to the devices shown in the "Monitored topology" Web page. The color coding of the device status, ports and connections of objects correspond to those in the "Monitored topology" Web page. The following points apply to the display of SINEMA Server instances:

- The reachability status of the SINEMA Server instance is indicated by a colored line at the lower edge of the object. The meaning of the colors for the instance icon corresponds to the meaning of the colors for the SINEMA Server monitor icon.
- In the top left corner of the object, you can see the most negative overall status of one of the devices monitored by the relevant SINEMA Server instance.

In active mode, only the user-defined connections are shown. The following points apply to the display of user-defined connections:

- If there is a connection drawn by the user between two monitored devices, the color of the line depends on the fill color of both ports.
- If there is a connection drawn by the user between a monitored and an unmonitored device, the color of the line depends only on the port status of the monitored device.
- If there is a connection drawn by the user between two monitored devices that does not correspond to any reference connection, this is indicated by an icon to identify a virtual connection.
- User-defined connections between unmonitored devices are always shown in gray. The
 port status of an unmonitored device is unknown which is why these ports are shown
 gray.

- User-defined connections between two SINEMA Server instances are always shown in gray.
- A network cloud can be added from the catalog of unmonitored devices in draft mode.

See also

Configure connections (Page 70) Status display (Page 27)

4.1.13 Event list

Event list

The event list shows all the events in the form of a table. This page provides various navigation options in the upper part of the page. For each event, specific parameters are displayed in a separate table row that are explained below.



Extent of the display - user management and views

Which events are displayed also depends on the views assigned to the currently entered user. This means that events of interest are only monitored in conjunction with the configured views.

Meaning

Below you will find information about the significance of the individual boxes:

Column	Meaning		
"Check box"	The selection box is used to select an event prior to editing a particular		
Official box	event.		
	Multiple selections are possible.		
	Note:		
	By double-clicking on the selected event you open the device details ("Events" tab) of the device belonging to the event.		
Noted	Display indicating whether the event was noted by the user with the "Events noted" function.		
	"Yes" = Noted		
	"No" = Not noted		
Event status	Display of the status that the event has in terms of the overall status of a device.		
	Pending: When an event in an overall status group that is assigned a negative overall status (every overall status except "OK") is triggered for a device, it is given the event status "Pending". This status indicates that the event was entered in a list of pending events for the device.		
	Resolving: An event in an overall status group that is assigned the overall status "OK" is identified by the event status "Resolving" because when it occurs, the event clears all other events of the same overall status group from the list of events pending for the device.		
	Resolved automatically: An event in an overall status group that was in the list of pending events for a device and was then removed from the list of pending events by a resolving event of the same overall status group is identified by the event status "Resolved automatically".		
	Resolved manually: An event in an overall status group that was in the list of pending events for a device and was then removed from the list of pending events manually using the stamp icon in the event list is identified by the event status "Resolved manually".		
	Not present: A triggered event that is not assigned to any overall status group has no event status.		
Event	Configured event information or event message.		
Event class	Information on the class (weighting) of the event. The entries are color-coded with the following meaning:		
	light green = notification		
	dark green = information		
	yellow = warning		
	• red = error		
Time stamp	The "Time stamp" box provides information on the date and time of the generation of the event.		
Event details	Shows the full information for each event.		
IP address (affected)	Shows the IP address of the device that triggered the event.		

Column	Meaning	
IP address (reporting)	Shows the IP address of the device that reported the information to trigger the event to SINEMA Server.	
Remarks	Store additional information, for example, about event reactions.	
	Note:	
	If several events are selected, an edited comment is entered for all the selected events.	
Trigger	Name of the source device.	
Time stamp (reported)	Time at which the SIMATIC event / alarm message was sent by the CPU with SIMATIC capability.	
Event category	Specifies whether a network event or a system event is involved.	
Device status	Overall status that potentially causes the event on a device.	
Overall status group	Name of the overall status group to which the event is assigned.	
Affected (name)	Shows the PROFINET name of the device that triggered the event.	
Affected (name)	Shows the PROFINET name of the device that reported the information to trigger the event to SINEMA Server.	
Protocol	Information about which protocol supplied the event information.	
Interface	Provides information on the interface type being used and the interface number. This box uses a separate, unique numbering sequence for LAN and WLAN devices.	

Note

Receiving SNMP traps

SINEMA Server receives SNMP traps only if the IP address of the SINEMA Server is configured on the relevant devices as the trap destination.

Operator input

The following table explains the function elements of the header.

Icon	Meaning
	Noted events
•	By marking events as "Noted", you confirm your awareness of the changed status of an active entry in the event list. No other reaction is associated with this function.
	Configured event reactions are triggered solely by the status change of the event.
2	Removes a selected pending event from the list of events pending for a device. The event then has the event status "Manually resolved".
■	Edit remark
	Note: If several events are selected, an edited comment is entered for all the selected events.
Ē.	Delete remark

Icon	Meaning		
±	Maximize / minimize As default, SINEMA Server shows up to 10 events in the event list. By maximizing the display, you expand the display of the event list to the size of the full Web page. Using the functions in the footer, you also have the option of paging through the entire event list and configuring the layout of the event list.		
() • (*	Enter text to filter based on events. The entered text is searched for in all columns In the input box, text is displayed when a simple query entered in the filter template editor is active. The icon is displayed when a filter template with prefilter settings is active. The icon is displayed when a filter template with a complex query		
•	is active. Selection of a previously created template for filtering according to events. After selection, the properties of the filter template are applied to the event list. Unsaved filter settings are indicated by the "*" character. As an alternative to selecting from the drop-down list, you can also enter the name of the filter template. Cross-user filter templates are displayed in a blue font.		
▽ ½	Open the editor for configuring filter settings that can be stored in filter templates. The icon is displayed when the configured filter settings differ from the default filter settings. For more information, refer to the section "Prefilters in filter templates for event lists".		
Ø Ø	Not connected / connected to topology If a topology representation is displayed in the content area, you have the option of connecting the event list with this topology representation. In the connected status, devices for which events of the event list were triggered are highlighted optically in the selected topology representation. The devices whose events are highlighted can be specified in the "Highlight only selected entries" check box:		
	 Check box is enabled: Only the devices of the events selected in the event list are optically highlighted. Check box is disabled: All devices of the current event list are optically highlighted. Using the filter settings of the event list, the number of highlighted devices can be adapted. The highlighted devices are listed in the "Device hierarchy" area. If the automatic updating is disabled, you can call up the highlighted devices one after the other with the shortcut menu in the topology display. The order in which they are called is based on the listing of the highlighted devices in the "Device hierarchy" area. 		

Prefilters in the filter templates for event lists

Event lists can be filtered with the aid of filter templates. This section deals specifically with the available settings of the prefilter for event lists. You will find basic information on filter templates and the options of using complex filters in the section:

Filtering data with filter templates (Page 83)

Box group	Filter options		
Basic filter settings	Noted:		
	• Yes		
	• No		
	• All		
	Event state:		
	• All		
	" - ": Events to which no event status is assigned		
	Resolving: Events that when they occur remove all other events of the same overall status group from the list of events pending for a device		
	 Resolved automatically: Events that were removed from the list of events pending for a device by resolving events 		
	Resolved manually: Events that were removed manually from the list of events pending for a device		
	Pending: Events pending for the devices		
	Period:		
	Filter according to events records of the last 7 days / 24 hours / all events as of the current time / period entered manually.		
Event categories	Filter according to the origin of events:		
	Network events		
	System events		
Event classes	Filter according to the severity of events:		
	Notification		
	Information		
	Warning		
	• Error		
Protocols	Filter according to protocols by which the events were triggered:		
	• ICMP		
	• DCP		
	• ARP		
	SNMP		
	SNMP trap		
	PROFINET		
	• SIMATIC		
	Multiple (event was triggered by more than one protocol)		
	SIMATIC event messages		
	SIMATIC alarm messages		

Functions of the shortcut menu

The shortcut menu provides the option of calling up the discovered topology, the monitored topology, the reference topology or a view-specific topology from the event list. In the selected topology representation, the device is selected and shown centered that triggered the event selected in the event list. This function is not available for traps that SINEMA Server has received from unknown devices.

In addition to this, you can call the overall status group to which the selected event belongs using the shortcut menu.

See also

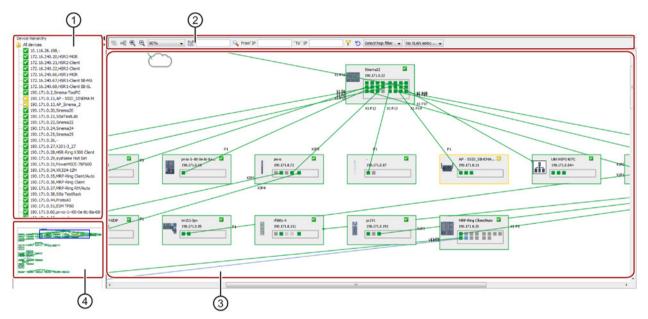
Administration - Events > Event reactions (Page 205)

4.2 Topology

4.2.1 Topology - Discovered

4.2.1.1 Meaning and how it works

You can open the "Discovered topology" Web page with the functions described below with the menu command: **"Topology > Discovered"**



- ① Device hierarchy
- 2 Toolbar
- 3 Device hierarchy in the topology display
- 4 Overall view (bird's eye view) with sliding detail selector

Operator input

The following table explains the operator controls that are available on the toolbar:

Icon	Display / function	Icon	Display / function
	Select detail view The detail view is used to display the topology layout of the devices and their connections. It shows the device status, port status and connection lines.	H	Select icon view In the icon view, the devices are displayed as icons without ports. The start and end port numbers are shown on the connection line. This view shows the network structure such as ring, star and linear bus topology with the devices in the form of icons. The devices and their connections in the current network are shown with their current status and the monitoring status.
€ ,	Enlarge display (zoom factor)	Q	Reduce display (zoom factor)
100%	Select zoom factor		Topology settings Select the from the following options in the displayed dialog: Basic settings Show port names for connections Device labeling Name IP address Vendor Category Device remarks PROFINET device name System name Name of the automation plant Device type MAC address From the device names, up to 2 entries can be selected.
	Input box for device search Specify an IP address for the node scan. The found node is highlighted with a dotted frame.		Start node scan
From IP	"From" text box for IP filter	То ІР	"To" text box for IP filter

Icon	Display / function	Icon	Display / function
7	Activate IP filter	<u>.</u>	Reset IP filter
Select Hop Fi ▼	Select HOP filter Select the number of hops to be shown in the topology starting from a network node. If no particular node is selected you will be prompted to select a node after selecting the filter setting.	No VLAN selected ▼	Select VLAN filter If one or more VLANs are configured in your network structure, you can select one of these VLANs from the drop-down list. The corresponding devices and ports are then highlighted in the topology.

If you click with the right mouse button in a free window area, the following functions are available with the shortcut menu:

- Enlarge view
- Reduce view
- Refresh view

If you click with the right mouse button on a device icon , the following functions are available with the shortcut menu:

- Show device details (alternatively by double-clicking on the device icon)
- Open WBM

4.2.1.2 Icons and colors in the discovered topology

Interfaces

The status of the device or the color of a connection line has no effect on the interface color. The following table shows the interface colors and their significance:

Interface color	Description
	Active
	Down (with current connection)
	Down (without current connection)
	Unknown (not reachable)

Connections

Connection colors

The connection between the devices is shown by a line. If the connected devices are visible, the color of the connected ports decides the color of the connection line. Which of the port colors decides the color of the connection line depends on the priority of the port color:

- Red (highest priority)
- Blue
- Green
- Gray (lowest priority)

Connection types

Wireless links, optical connections, electrical connections and unknown connections are shown in the detail view of the discovered topology and the monitored topology as follows:

Connection type	Description	
	Wireless connection	
	Optical connection	
	Electrical connection	
	Unknown connection	

The types of the connected ports decide the type of connection displayed. Which of the port types decides the type of connection depends on the priority of the port type:

- Electrical (highest priority)
- Optical
- Wireless
- Unknown (lowest priority)

Unknown connection partner

Devices whose connection partner is unknown are shown connected in the discovered topology with a cloud icon.

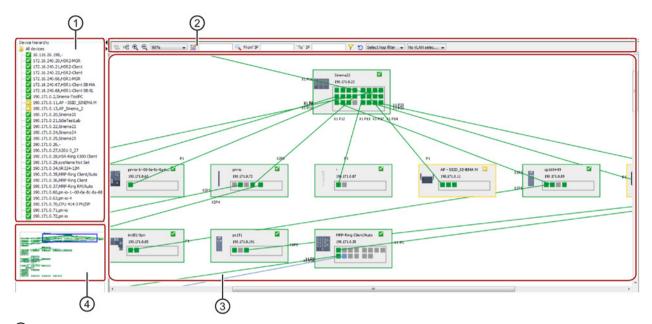
Devices not inserted in the reference topology

Discovered devices that were not inserted in the reference topology are indicated in the discovered topology by the \$\square\$ icon.

4.2.2 Topology - Monitored

4.2.2.1 Meaning and how it works

The functions described below are available with the menu command: "Topology > Monitored"



- Device hierarchy
- (2) Toolbar
- 3 Device hierarchy in the topology display
- (4) Overall view

The monitored topology can only be displayed when a reference topology has already been created and saved. Only the devices located in the saved reference topology are displayed. "Unmanaged devices" inserted in the reference topology are displayed in the monitored topology.

Unmonitored devices are not shown in this topology. If a device is set to the "Unmonitored" monitoring setting, it is automatically removed from the reference topology and therefore also from the monitored topology. If such a device returns to the monitored status, SINEMA Server handles this device like a new device.

Operator input

The toolbar and the relevant shortcut menus contain the same operator elements as in the discovered topology. Only the drop-down list for selecting the hop filter does not exist in the monitored topology.

4.2 Topology

Note

Difference compared with the "Discovered topology" Web page

In the "Monitored topology" Web page, the pane of the device hierarchy includes the "All devices" folder that contains only the devices that are shown in the device view. The catalog window of the unmanaged devices is shown in the detail view of the monitored topology.

4.2.2.2 Icons and colors in the monitored topology

Interfaces

In the detail view of the monitored topology, two statuses are displayed for each port: the detected status and the status that results from comparing the detected port status and the reference port status.

- The detected status is indicated by the border color of the port.
- The resulting status is indicated by the fill color of the port in the rectangle.

The following table shows the edge and fill colors of ports depending on their detected statuses and their reference statuses:

Detected port status	Reference port sta- tus	Resulting port status		Border color / fill color
Active	Active	Active		
Active	Inactive	Active - Maintenance required		
Active	Unmonitored / Docking port	Unmonitored / docking port		
Inactive	Active	Inactive - Mainte- nance urgently re- quired	With current connection	
			Without current connection	
Inactive -	-	-	With current connection	
			Without current connection	
Inactive	Unmonitored / docking port	Unmonitored / dock-ing port	With current connection	
			Without current connection	
Unknown	-	-		

Table 4- 21 Statuses of ring ports:

Redundancy status (device details)	Standby port status		Fill color/border color
Up	Active		
Up	Active - Main	tenance required	
Up	Inactive - Maintenance urgently required		
		With current connection	
		Without current connection	_
Up	Inactive		
		With current connection	
		Without current connection	
Up	Unknown		
Passive	Active		
Passive	Active - Maintenance required		
Passive	Inactive - Maintenance urgently required		
		With current connection	
		Without current connection	
Passive	Inactive		
Passive	Unknown		

Connections

In terms of the connected ports, the connection lines of the monitored topology correspond to the connection lines of the reference topology. If the reference connection between two ports does not correspond to the discovered connection, the connection color is red regardless of the fill colors of the ports. Otherwise the connection color is based on the fill color of the two connected ports. In terms of their fill color unmonitored unmonitored ports / docking ports behave like inactive ports; in other words, the connection color is defined by the status of the partner port.

Table 4- 22 Connection colors of LAN connections

Fill color port 1	Fill color port 2	Connection color
Green	Green	Green
Green	Red	Red

4.2 Topology

Fill color port 1	Fill color port 2	Connection color
Green	Light gray (unknown)	Green
Green	Light blue	Light blue (standby connection)
Red	Green	Red
Red	Red	Red
Red	Light gray (unknown)	Red
Red	Light blue (isolated)	Red
Light gray (unknown)	Green	Green
Light gray (unknown)	Red	Red
Light gray (unknown)	Light gray (unknown)	Light gray
Light gray (unknown)	Light blue (isolated)	Light blue (standby connection)
Light blue (isolated)	Green	Green
Light blue (isolated)	Red	Red
Light blue (isolated)	Light gray (unknown)	Green

Table 4-23 Connection colors of WLAN connections

Status of the reference connection - up	Line color / explanation
No	light gray
Yes	The color of an active reference connection is based on the port color (green, red or light gray).
	light gray: The user has specified in the reference that a connection can exist.
	green: connection discovered as active by SINEMA Server.
	red: one of the interfaces belonging to the connection is down.

A reference connection is treated as an active connection if one of the reference connections corresponds to the actual WLAN connection. The color of the active connection is based on the color of both ports. Yellow and dark gray are used to indicate an invalid port status if a reference connection is defined. All other reference connections between a client and several APs that are down are shown in gray. Which of the port colors decides the color of the active connection between client and AP depends on the priority of the port color:

- Red (highest priority)
- Green
- Gray (lowest priority)

Devices not inserted in the reference topology

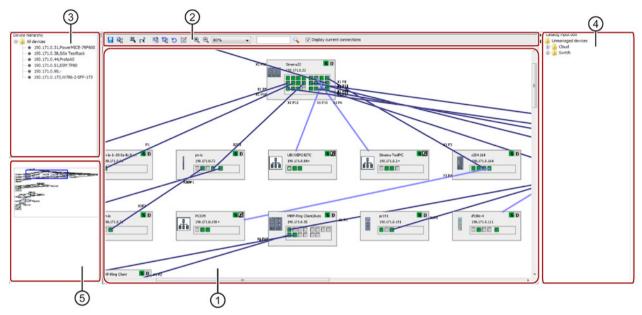
If devices were discovered that cannot be inserted in the reference topology, this is indicated in the monitor topology with the like icon in the top left corner.

4.2.3 Topology - Reference

4.2.3.1 Meaning and how it works

The functions described below are available with the menu command: "Topology > Reference"

The Reference editor consists of five areas in which the complete information on the topology of the devices discovered in the network is displayed.



- Reference editor
- (2) Toolbar
- 3 Device hierarchy
- 4 Catalog control box ("unmanaged devices")
- Overall view

Initially, the devices in the reference topology are displayed according to the discovered topology in their hop layers.

Devices that are newly discovered while a reference topology already exists are displayed in the dialog area "Device hierarchy". With the selection mode activated, you need to insert such devices manually using drag-and-drop in the reference editor. This also applies to devices whose connections are unknown.

In selection mode, you can insert devices that cannot be monitored by SINEMA Server as an "unmanaged device" in the reference editor from the drop-down box on the right-hand side. This allows you to complete incomplete network topologies.

After saving the reference topology the devices located in the reference editor are displayed in the monitored topology.

Operator input

The following table explains the operator controls that are available on the toolbar:

Icon	Display / function	Icon	Display / function
	Save reference topology		Recalculate topology The effect of this function is that the devices are sorted and dis- played according to their hop lay- ers.
	Select selection mode In the selection mode, functions for arranging the devices and for setting reference statuses are available.	<u>.</u> *	Select draw mode In the draw mode, functions are available for drawing and defining reference connections.
	Use current connections as reference With this function, current connections, current protocol-specific availability of devices and current port statuses are applied as reference.		Reset reference topology The following actions are taken if you click the "Reset reference topology" button: Reference connections are deleted. Reference statuses for ports are deleted Reference statuses for protocol-specific device availabilities are deleted Added devices are deleted
₽	Discard last change	≣ ≥	Configure topology settings
•	Enlarge display (zoom factor)	Q	Reduce display (zoom factor)
[100% ▼]	Select zoom factor		Input box for node scan
	Start node scan	☑ Display current connections	Display current connections If the check box is enabled, current connections, current port statuses and current protocol-specific availability of devices are displayed.

If you click with the right mouse button in a free window area, the following functions are available with the shortcut menu:

- Enlarge view
- Reduce view
- · Refresh view

If you click with the right mouse button on a device icon , the following functions are available with the shortcut menu:

- Delete device
- Add comment

- Show device details (alternatively by double-clicking on the device icon)
- Open WBM

4.2.3.2 Configuring reference connections

Configuration options

Reference connections are shown in black and can be configured as follows in the reference editor:

Drawing reference connections manually

In drawing mode, click on the device ports you want to connect one after the other. As an alternative you cam click on the device one after the other and then select the ports to be connected in the "Connection wizard" dialog.

In the Reference editor, a maximum of one connection can be drawn from a port to another port. If you attempt to specify several connections for a port, this will be evaluated as a change of connection partners. The old connection is then replaced by the new one.

Drawing connections between ports of different media types is fundamentally possible. When connecting ports of the media types "Wireless" or "Unknown" to a port of another media type, you will be prompted to check whether the combination is correct.

Specify a current connection as a reference connection

In the drawing mode, double-click on a current connection. This is shown in light blue. As an alternative, in selection mode or on drawing mode, you can select the menu command "Adopt as reference" in the shortcut menu.

Using all current connections as reference connections

In selection mode click on the icon in the toolbar.

Unmanaged devices in the current topology - effect on connections

Unmanaged devices are not automatically displayed in the reference topology. If there is an unmanaged device between two monitored devices, this leads to the following connection:

A cloud between the ports of devices

This normally happens when more than two devices are connected to the unmanaged device.

A direct connection between the ports

This normally happens only two devices are connected to the unmanaged device.

4.2.3.3 Configuring reference statuses for ports and protocols

Configuring reference statuses for ports

The following reference statuses can be configured for ports:

- Up
- Down
- Unmonitored (only for LAN ports):
 - Port connection statuses are not monitored
 - Events relating to port reference statuses are not displayed
- Docking port (only for LAN ports):
 - Port connection statuses are not monitored
 - Events relating to port reference statuses are not displayed

It is not possible to change the reference status of ports if they have a reference connection. The reference status of a port can be configured as follows in selection mode:

Switching over the reference status manually by double-clicking

Double-click on the port of a device to switch over between the status "Up" and "Down".

Changing the reference status using the shortcut menu

Right-click on the port. A shortcut menu with the statuses modes listed above is displayed:

Adopting the detected status as the reference status

By clicking on the icon the detected port statuses are also defined as reference statuses.

Configuring reference statuses for protocol-specific device availabilities

If the device type of a device supports the protocols SNMP and DCP, the availabilities of the device via these protocols can be configured. The initial reference status for the protocol-specific availability always corresponds to the status discovered by SINEMA Server.

Reference statuses for protocol-specific device availabilities can be configured as follows in selection mode:

Switching over the reference status by double-clicking

Double-click on the icon for the relevant protocol. There is a switchover between the "available" and "unavailable" status.

· Adopting the detected status as the reference status

By clicking on the icon the detected statuses for protocol-specific availability are also defined as reference statuses.

Configuring cloud connections in the network

A network cloud is a special type of unmanaged device. Each device that has no IP address and that is surrounded by three or more LLDP devices is identified by SINEMA Server as a network cloud. Each network cloud is assigned a unique name. This name is displayed in the Reference topology editor. In contrast to other unmanaged devices, a network cloud has no ports. A network cloud can nevertheless be used as an endpoint for various connections.

Clouds identified by SINEMA Server have the name "ActualCloud *XXX" in the discovered topology and the name "ReferenceCloud *XXX" in the reference topology (XXX stands for the index number 1 or 2 or 3 etc.).

Assuming there is a cloud in the current topology. Specifying this current cloud (including all connections) as a reference cloud causes the following actions:

- The connection line is displayed in black identifying a reference connection.
- After reloading the reference topology a simulation of the discovered cloud is created (ReferenceCloud *1).
- The same connection partners are available as for the current cloud.
- This reference cloud is displayed in the monitored topology and remains in the application until the cloud is deleted.
- Both the current and the reference cloud are always displayed in the Reference editor.
- If the discovered cloud is specified as a reference cloud (ReferenceCloud*2), a new reference cloud is created. The old reference cloud is orphaned.

Note

Deleting orphaned clouds - creating a reference cloud

The orphaned clouds can either be deleted manually or the application deletes them itself when the reference topology is reloaded. To display a reference cloud at least one reference connection must be available in the editor.

See also

Editor for detailed information on (W)LAN ports (Page 121)

4.2.3.4 Icons and colors in the reference topology

Interfaces

In the reference topology, two statuses are displayed for each port: the discovered and the configured status.

- The detected status is indicated by the border color of the port.
- The configured status is indicated by the fill color of the port in the rectangle.

4.2 Topology

The following table shows the edge and fill colors of ports depending on their detected statuses and their reference statuses:

Detected port	Display cur-	Setting in the reference topology			
status	rent connec- tions	Up	Down	Unmonitored	Docking port
Active	Enabled				
Active	Disabled				
Inactive	Enabled				
Inactive	Disabled				
Unknown	Enabled				
Unknown	Disabled				

Connections

Reference connections are shown in black. Current connections are shown in light blue. A current connection that was defined as a reference connection is shown by black line with a light blue edge. So that current connections are shown, the corresponding check box in the toolbar must be selected.

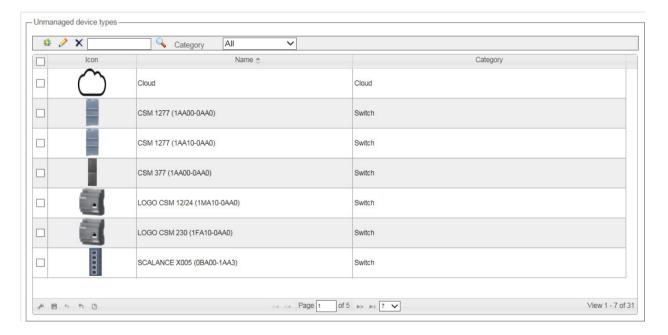
Protocol-specific device availability:

The detected and configured statuses are displayed in the reference topology in terms of the protocol-specific device availablility. The display of the SNMP protocol statuses uses the same scheme as the display of TCP protocol statuses. The SNMP protocol statuses are shown as follows:

Detected protocol	Display current connections	Setting in the reference topology	
status		Reachable	Not reachable
Reachable	Enabled	S	S
Reachable	Disabled	S	S
Not reachable	Enabled	S	S
Not reachable	Disabled	S	S
Protocol is not supported	Enabled		R
	Disabled		~

4.2.4 Topology - Unmanaged device types

You open the Web page shown below using the menu command: "Topology > Unmanaged devices"



4.2 Topology

Layout

On the **"Topology > Unmanaged devices"** Web page, you can manage devices that cannot be monitored by SINEMA Server and that can be inserted in the reference topology to complete the representation. These devices are then also displayed in the monitored topology.

Operator input

The following table explains the function elements of the header:

Icon	Display / function
**	Create new device
0	Change device data
×	Delete device
	Enter text for text search
Q	Start text search
Category All V	Filter display based on device category (All, switch, access point, client, terminal, gateway, other device)

In the table below this, the previously created devices are displayed with the their icon, name, device family and category.

4.2.5 Topology - special features

Partial connections

A partial connection is a connection in which the connection port of at least one device is unknown. The following types of partial connections must be distinguished:

- Type A: Port-to-device connection
- Type B: Device-to-device connection

In the topology displays, the connection lines end at the frames of device symbols if the connection port is unknown for the corresponding devices.

Display of partial connections in the discovered topology

Type A: The color of the connection line depends on the color of the port from which connection information is available.

Type B: The color of the connection is always gray.

Display and handling of partial connections in the reference topology

Partial connections are displayed in the reference topology based on the same scheme as in the discovered topology.

Partial connections cannot be included in the reference. Instead, partial connections can be expanded by drawing connections to connection ports that were not discovered. Connections created in this way then serve as reference for the monitored topology.

Display of partial connections in the monitored topology

The color of an expanded connection is formed by comparing it with the discovered connection information. For partial connections of type A, the connection color is decided by the fill color of the port if the connection information matches:

Connection type	Match with the discovered con- nection	Fill color of the port	Connection color
Α	Yes	Green	Gray
Α	Yes	Not green	Fill color of the port
Α	No	Every fill color	Red
В	Yes	-	Gray
В	No	-	Red

Link aggregations

With a link aggregation, several parallel physical connections with the same transmission speed are grouped together to form a logical connection with a higher transmission speed. This method based on IEEE 802.3ad is also known as port trunking or channel bundling.

Display of link aggregations in the discovered topology

In the discovered topology, all the connections of a link aggregation are represented by one connection line.

Display and handling of link aggregations in the reference topology

Link aggregations are displayed in the reference topology based on the same scheme as in the discovered topology and can be expanded by connections that are not displayed.

Display of link aggregations in the monitored topology

SINEMA Server checks the connections drawn in the reference topology to establish whether they belong to the link aggregation. If they do belong and if the ports involved with the connections are active, the connections are displayed in gray. If the ports involved are inactive, the general rules of the monitored topology for deciding the color of connection lines apply.

4.3 Reports

Types of report

SINEMA Server provides a set of reports for network monitoring and analysis. Specifically, the following properties and criteria are analyzed:

- Availability
- Performance
- Inventory
- Events
- Validation reports

In the report types "Availability", "Performance", "Inventory" and "Events" you can select the data to be evaluated more precisely based on the form, content and time period. The reports can be used to display statistical data in tables or graphic diagrams. You can create a preview of a report and print it out. The pages with the generated reports contain information in various boxes displayed in the table view. Optionally, this information is also shown as a pie chart or bar chart. Depending on the filter criteria the appropriate boxes are displayed with report information. The following information in the section, relates to the Web pages of the four report types mentioned.

For information on validation reports, refer to the section Reports - validation reports (Page 162)

Operation / content

The following table shows the functional elements of the header in the tabs for reports.

The reports contain a selection of the following function elements:

Icon	Display / function	Icon	Display / function
•	Show/hide graphic	##	Show/hide table
24 hour	Evaluation time period: 24 hours	<u>7 day</u>	Evaluation time period: 7 days

Icon	Display / function	Icon	Display / function
	Enter text to filter based on data records. The entered text is searched for in all columns. In the input box, text is displayed when a simple query entered in the filter template editor is active. The icon is displayed when a filter template with prefilter settings is active. The icon is displayed when a filter template with a complex query is active.		Selection of a previously created template for filtering according to data records. After selection, the properties of the filter template are applied to the report. Unsaved filter settings are indicated by the "*" character. As an alternative to selecting from the drop-down list, you can also enter the name of the filter templates are displayed in a blue font.
∀ ½	Open the editor for configuring filter settings that can be stored in filter templates. The 🄀 icon is displayed when the configured filter settings differ from the default filter settings. You will find further information in the sections on the individual report types.		

Note

Validity of the filter settings

The filter settings made on these pages remain valid until you log out from the application. If you change the filter settings, these also remain valid if you change back and forth between Web pages.

Printing reports

When you select the report function, the function element for the print function appears in the status bar.

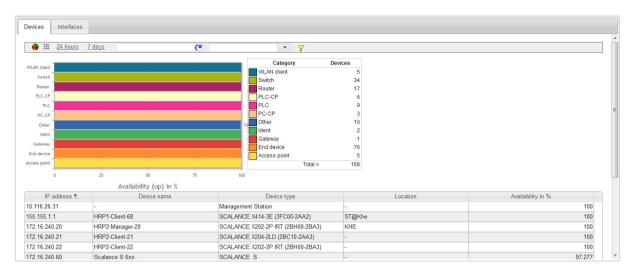
SINEMA Server outputs the content of the currently displayed report Web page in a new Web page. There, you can select further output methods with the functions available in your Web browser, for example, output to printer or to a PDF file.

Archive management

Historical data for creating reports is stored in the system database. In the management station, the SINEMA Server Monitor provides a function with which you can delete, swap out or import historical data.

4.3.1 Reports - Availability

The report types described below are available with the menu command: "Reports > Availability"



Meaning

Display of all (filtered) objects with information relating to their availability; in other words, how long they were reachable during the monitoring period. In addition to the table display, a graphic is also generated in which the monitored objects are evaluated again in groups.

"Devices" tab

The display is limited to complete devices regardless of their individual ports. The grouping in the graphic is according to device groups (routers, switches, access points etc.).

"Interfaces" tab

All the interfaces of the devices are displayed individually. The grouping in the graphic is according to the transmission media (copper, glass fiber, wireless, unknown).

If a user-defined name was assigned for an interface, this is shown in the default "Name" column instead of the discovered name.

Operation / content

Although the column assignment in the data area is preset, you can arrange it any way you require (in the footer). Except for the "constant" information as it appears in the Device details, for example, you can also select the following statistical values:

- Availability (percentage)
- Number of outages
- Total uptime (period absolute)
- Total inactive (period absolute)
- · Last discovered
- First discovered

- Average downtime (period absolute)
- Average uptime (period absolute)
- Unmonitored period (period absolute)
- Not monitored (percentage)
- Device deleted (information, whether and when deleted)

Calculations for the availability report

The availability report provides report data relating to the availability of devices in the network. To be able to calculate this information about device availability, the total operating time or the total downtime of a device must be known. The calculation of the availability report is based on the average operating time and the average downtime of devices and interfaces.



Average operating time = total operating time / total downtimes

Total operating time = operating time 1 + operating time 2 + operating time 3 + ...

Average downtime = total downtime / total failures

Total downtime = downtime 1 + downtime 2 + downtime 3 + ...

The downtime can be caused by failures or planned downtimes.

% availability = average operating time * 100 / (average operating time + average downtime)

4.3 Reports

Prefilter for reports on availability

Reports on availability can be filtered with the aid of filter templates. This section deals specifically with the available settings of the prefilter for availability reports. You will find basic information on filter templates and the options of using complex filters in the section "Filtering data with filter templates" of the operating instructions of SINEMA Server.

Table 4- 24 Filters for availability reports in the "Devices" tab

Operator control ele- ment	Filter options
Device	Filtering according to existing or deleted devices.
Period	Filter according to data records of the last 7 days / 24 hours / period entered manually.

Table 4- 25 Filters for availability reports in the "Interfaces" tab

Operator control ele- ment	Filter options
From IP	Filter according to data records that have the specified IP addresses.
To IP	
Device name, device type and device category	Filter according to data records for interfaces that belong to devices with the specified device name, the device type or the device category.
Statistics activated	Filter according data records for interfaces for which the port statistics are activated /deactivated:
	• All
	Yes: Interfaces with activated port statistics
	No: Interfaces with deactivated port statistics
Device	Filtering according interfaces belonging to existing or deleted devices.
Port status	Filter according to interfaces with an active connection status:
	• All
	Only interfaces with an active connection status
Period	Filter according to data records of the last 7 days / 24 hours / period entered manually.

See also

Filtering data with filter templates (Page 83)

4.3.2 Reports - Performance

The report types described below are available with the menu command: "Reports > Performance"

Structure and meaning

Display of all (filtered) objects with information relating to their performance; in other words, how fast and reliably they have transferred and received data during the monitoring period.

The "Reports > Performance" window has the following tabs:

- LAN Interface utilization:
 - For all LAN interfaces, not only the maximum possible speed but also their total load when sending and receiving is displayed.
- LAN Interface quality:

The error quota when sending and receiving is displayed for all LAN interfaces.

- WLAN Interface quality:
 - The error quota when sending and receiving is displayed for all WLAN interfaces.
- WLAN Interface data rate (transmission speed):
 For all WLAN interfaces, the bandwidth (data rate) when sending and receiving is displayed.
- WLAN Signal strength:

For all WLAN interfaces, the average signal strength is displayed.

- WLAN Number of clients:
 - For all access points, the number of WLAN clients to which they were connected on average is displayed.
- Discarded packets:

The number of discarded incoming packets and the number of discarded outgoing packets is displayed for all LAN and WLAN interfaces.

POF power budget:

For LAN interfaces of the type "Plastic Optical Fiber (POF)", information about the power budget is displayed.

4.3 Reports

Operation / content

Although the column assignment in the data area is preset, you arrange it any way you wish (in the footer). Except for the "constant" information as it appears in the Device details, for example, you can also select the following statistical values:

- Average transmission performance (%)
- Average reception performance (%)
- Average performance (%)
- Maximum transmission performance (%)
- Maximum reception performance (%)
- Maximum performance (%)
- Average error rate (%)
- Maximum error rate (%)
- Average transmission error rate (%)
- Average reception error rate (%)
- Maximum transmission error rate (%)
- Average POF power budget

- Maximum reception error rate (%)
- Average transmission data rate (%)
- Current transmission data rate (Mbps)
- Maximum transmission data rate (Mbps)
- Average signal strength (dBm)
- Maximum signal strength (dBm)
- Average client number
- Maximum client number
- Mode (WLAN default)
- Used channel
- Information if and when deleted
- Maximum POF power budget

Special feature

If the "Historical data" box is also displayed, you can use the shortcut menu of this icon to generate a further diagram in which the data that has already been recorded can be further analyzed.

Prefilter for reports on performance

Reports on performance can be filtered with the aid of filter templates. You will find basic information on filter templates and the options of using complex filters in the section "Filtering data with filter templates" of the operating instructions of SINEMA Server.

The meaning of the settings of the prefilter for reports on performance can be found in the section on the "Availability" report type.

See also

Reports - Availability (Page 154)

Filtering data with filter templates (Page 83)

4.3.3 Reports - Inventory

The report types described below are available with the menu command: "Reports > Inventory"

Layout

The "Reports > Inventory" Web page contains the "Vendor", "IP address range", "Device category" and "PROFINET" tabs.

meaning / content

Inventory reports contain information relating to the vendor, IP range and device category for all the devices discovered in the network during the selected period.

Although the column assignment in the data area is preset, you arrange it any way you wish (in the footer). The following can be selected:

- IP address
- Device name
- Device type
- Location
- Name of the IP address range
- Number of interfaces (used / total)
- PROFINET device name
- MAC address
- Firmware version
- Article number
- Historical data

In the "PROFINET" tab, the following additional columns can be selected:

- PNIO name
- Device category
- PNIO role
- Subnet mask
- Router address
- Assigned PLC

Prefilter for reports on the inventory

Reports on the inventory can be filtered with the aid of filter templates. You will find basic information on filter templates and the options of using complex filters in the section "Filtering data with filter templates" of the operating instructions of SINEMA Server.

4.3 Reports

In the prefilter of reports on the inventory, you can filter according to monitored or unmonitored devices.

See also

Filtering data with filter templates (Page 83)

Reports - Availability (Page 154)

4.3.4 Reports - Events

The report types described below are available with the menu command: "Reports > Events"

Layout

The "Reports > Events" Web page contains the "Network events" and "System events" tabs.

Meaning

Display of all the events that have occurred (filtered) with information relating to the status, event type and the time it occurred. In addition to the table, a graphic is also generated in which the monitored events are regrouped (error, warning etc.).

Predefined report forms (tabs):

Network events:

All network events are displayed; in other words, messages generated by the network devices.

System events:

All system events are displayed; in other words, the messages generated by SINEMA Server.

Prefilter for reports on events

Reports on events can be filtered with the aid of filter templates. This section deals specifically with the available settings of the prefilter for availability reports. You will find basic information on filter templates and the options of using complex filters in the section "Filtering data with filter templates" of the operating instructions of SINEMA Server.

Table 4- 26 Filtering reports on events

Operator control element	Filter options
Basic filter settings	Noted:
	• Yes
	• No
	• All
	Event state:
	• All
	" - ": Events to which no event status is assigned
	Resolving: Events that when they occur remove all other events of the same overall status group from the list of events pending for a device
	Resolved automatically: Events that were removed from the list of events pending for a device by resolving events
	Resolved manually: Events that were removed manually from the list of events pending for a device
	Pending: Events pending for the devices
	Period: Filter according to data records of the last 7 days / 24 hours / all events as of the current time / period entered manually.
	From device: Filter according to deleted or existing devices
Event classes	Filter according to the severity of events:
	Notification
	Information
	Warning
	• Error
Protocols	Filter according to protocols by which the events were triggered:
	• ICMP
	• DCP
	• ARP
	• SNMP
	SNMP trap
	PROFINET
	• SIMATIC
	Multiple (event was triggered by more than one protocol)
	SIMATIC event messages
	SIMATIC alarm messages

4.3 Reports

See also

Filtering data with filter templates (Page 83)

4.3.5 Reports - validation reports

4.3.5.1 Overview

Function of validation reports

A validation report is the result of a configurable collection of validation is with which monitoring data of different categories can be checked based on configurable criteria. The priority can be defined for every selected validation. With the priority, you specify whether or not the result of a validation is relevant to the overall result of the validation report.

Parts of validation reports

A validation report is created in the form of a PDF file and validation report attachments and can be downloaded in the ZIP format from SINEMA Server

The PDF file contains the overall result of the validation report, a validation overview and if applicable the results of validations that were not passed. The overall result indicates whether the validation is of the validation report were passed in total. This is the case when all validations with the validation priority "Obligatory" were passed. The validation overview indicates which validations were performed, whether these were passed, for how many devices, ports or events the relevant validation was performed and how many did not meet the criteria of this validation. In the results of validations that were not passed the data is highlighted in red due to which the relevant validation did not pass.

The validation report attachments contain all data in the .XLSX format that were used to obtain the results of the validations performed.

4.3.5.2 Validation report configurations

Layout of the Web page

After selecting the Web page "Reports > Validation reports" the "Validation report configurations" tab shows all the configurations of validation reports stored in Sinema Server with their status information, properties and file sizes. With the control elements of the header, validation report configurations can be managed and the corresponding validation reports downloaded.

Operator input

The following table explains the control elements of the header of the tab.

Control element	Function
38	Adding a new validation report configuration
	The dialog for validation report configurations is opened, refer to the section Configuration of validation reports, and validation report templates (Page 165). With the configurations of validation reports, and validation report templates, the same validations and be selected and configured.
	Copying a selected validation report configuration
	The selected validation report configuration is copied and the configuration dialog for the new object is opened. The settings of the copied object are adopted and can be adapted.
⊘	Editing a selected validation report configuration
	The dialog for validation report configurations is opened, refer to the section Configuration of validation reports, and validation report templates (Page 165).
×	Deleting a selected validation report configuration
	The selected validation report configurations are deleted. By deleting validation report configurations, the corresponding validation reports are also deleted. Validation reports in the "In progress" status cannot be deleted.
<u></u>	Displaying a selected validation report configuration
	The dialog for configuration of the validation report opens. No changes can be made.
	Displaying the PDF file
	The PDF file for the validation report created for the selected validation report configuration is displayed in a new tab of the Web browser. Displaying PDF files is only possible for validation reports in the status "Finished".
	A suitable PDF reader is required to display PDF files.
1	Downloading validation report
	The validation report for the selected validation report configuration is downloaded including the validation report attachments in ZIP format. Multiple selection is possible. Downloading validation reports files is only possible for validation reports in the status "Finished".
	The text box "Size of the selected validation reports (MB)" shows the file size of the validation reports of all validation report configurations.
C	Searches the list of validation report configurations for the entered text.

4.3.5.3 Validation report templates

Layout of the Web page

To simplify the creation of validation report configurations, in the "Validation report templates" tab, you can create templates that can be used and adapted when creating validation report configurations.

Operator input

The following table explains the control elements of the header of the tab.

Control element	Function
36	Adding a validation report template
	The dialog for validation report templates is opened, refer to the section Configuration of validation reports, and validation report templates (Page 165). With the configurations of validation reports, and validation report templates, the same validations and be selected and configured.
	Copying a selected validation template configuration
	The selected validation report template is copied and the configuration dialog for the new object is opened. The settings of the copied object are adopted and can be adapted.
⊘	Editing a selected validation template configuration
	The dialog for validation report templates is opened, refer to the section Configuration of validation reports, and validation report templates (Page 165).
×	Deleting selected validation template templates
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	The selected validation report templates are deleted.
(24	Searches the list of validation report templates for the entered text.

4.3.5.4 Configuration of validation reports, and validation report templates

Overview

Via the buttons for creating, editing or copying validation report configurations and validation report templates you reach the dialog in which the validation is to be made can be configured. The available validations are assigned to categories whose content you can hide and display using the PLUS and Minus sysmbols. The categories and the validations they contain are displayed in an overview tree in the left area of of the configuration dialog. By selecting an entry in this tree, you come directly to the relevant position of the configuration dialog. Before a validation can be configured, the corresponding check box must be enabled. After enabling a validation, its priority can be specified by clicking the symbol in front of the check box. The symbols have the following meaning:

Symbol	Meaning
<u> </u>	Validation priority "Obligatory"
	A validation with this priority relevant for the overall result. The validation must have passed, so that the overall result "Passed" can be reached.
6	Validation priority "Optional"
	A validation with this priority is not relevant for the overall result. Validation reports that only contain validations with this validation priority always have the overall result "Passed".

Configuration settings

For validation report configurations, you can select a validation report template in the "Configuration settings" area. So that the template settings are adopted, you need to click the "Use validation report template" button after selecting a validation report template.

Before saving a validation report template you need to specify its name in the "Configuration settings" area.

Basic settings

In the basic settings of the configuration dialog, you can enter information about the company and the plant to which the data to be evaluated by the validation report is assigned. The specified information appears on the title page of the PDF file of the validation report. For validation report configurations, the name of the validation report to be generated must be specified in the basic settings. The PDF file generated for the validation report configuration is given this name.

The following sections explain the configurable validations. The table column "Description of the validation" always names the scenario in which a validation fails.

After configuring a validation report, its creation can be started with the "Create validation report" button. As an alternative, the settings made can be saved as a validation report configuration or as a validation report template.

Device properties

The following validations can be configured in the "Device properties" category:

Validation	Description of the validation	Configuration options	Presentation of the result in the PDF file if the validation did not pass.
White list for firmware versions	For all monitored devices a check is made whether their firmware versions differ from those of the white list. If the device type and the article number of a monitored device exist in the white list, the firmware version specified in the white list for the article number is used for the validation. If monitored devices do not exist among the devices of the white list, the validation fails.	The white list can be created manually or by importing a CSV file. The expected format of CSV files is described in the section below this table. Devices can be specified with their device type or their article number. If more than one firmware version is specified for a device these must be separated by a comma. For the validation, the firmware versions detected from the specified firmware versions are used. If the check box "Ignore devices without a firmware version" is enabled, monitored devices without a firmware version detectable by the SINEMA Server have no influence on the result of the validation.	The monitored devices whose firmware versions differ from the white list are listed based on their device information. Their detected firmware versions are highlighted in red.
Different firmware versions	For all monitored devices a check is made whether devices with the same device profile or of the same device type have different firmware versions.	You can select whether the validation is performed for devices with the same device profile or devices of the same device type. If the check box "Ignore devices without a firmware version" is enabled, monitored devices without a firmware version detectable by the SINEMA Server have no influence on the result of the validation. If the "Ignore standard profiles" check box is enabled, the validation for standard profiles or the device types they contain is not performed.	The following data is specified per device profile or device type: Number of different detected firmware versions. Listing of these detected firmware versions Number of devices involved

Validation	Description of the validation	Configuration options	Presentation of the result in the PDF file if the validation did not pass.
IP address parameters	A check is made whether there are currently monitored devices whose IP addresses, subnet masks and gateways do not match the information specified for the validation.	IP address ranges with the relevant subnet mask and gateway can be specified. Per row, an IP address and a subnet mask must be specified. If no gateway is specified, no validation is made. If a gateway is specified, this gateway must match the devices belonging to it. As an alternative to manual specification of the IP address range the IP address ranges configured in "Administration > Discovery > Scan" can be used. In this case, the subnet masks for the relevant IP address ranges must be added manually.	The monitored devices whose IP address parameters do not match the information specified for the validation, are listed based on their device information. The deviating parameters are highlighted in red.
Device names	A check is made whether there are currently monitored devices whose PROFINET device names and/or system names do not match at least one of the name patterns specified for the validation.	The name pattern of the required PROFINET device names and system names can be specified in the form of regular expressions. The information specified for the validation is not case sensitive. For PROFINET device names and system names, a maximum of 10 regular expressions can be specified. It is possible to specify whether the PROFINET device name or the system name of a device needs to match the regular expressions or whether there must be a match with the PROFINET device name and system name.	The monitored devices whose PROFINET device names and/or system names do not match the regular expressions specified for the validation are listed based on their device information. The deviating names are highlighted in red.

Expected format of CSV files

A white list can be created in a text editor as a CSV file and then imported into SINEMA Server. To be able to do this, the CSV file must have the following format:

- The separator between different points of a day to record is the comma.
- Each data record is noted in a row.
- At the first position of a data record, the character string "ArticleNumber" or DeviceType" is specified. This information categorizes the information at the second position.
- At the second position of a data record, the actual article number or the actual device type is specified.
- At the third to nth position of a data record, the firmware versions are specified.

PROFINET

In the "PROFINET" category, the following validations can be configured:

Validation	Description of the validation	Configuration options	Presentation of the result in the PDF file if the validation did not pass.
PROFINET IO devices without an assigned controller	A check is made whether there are PROFINET IO devices for which PROFINET monitoring is enabled and that are not assigned to a controller.	No configuration is necessary. A search is made for PROFINET IO devices without unassigned controller starting with all network adapters of the management station.	The PROFINET IO devices without an assigned controller are listed based on the device information.

Performance (devices)

In the "Performance (devices) category, the following validation can be configured:

Validation	Description of the validation	Configuration options	Presentation of the result in the PDF file if the validation did not pass.
Availability	A check is made for all monitored devices whether their availability in the specified period was below the specified limit value. The validation is performed only for devices on which the necessary information for the validation exists.	The period stretches from the current point in time into the past. It can be specified in days, hours and minutes. The maximum permitted period is 4 weeks. The limit value for the availability is specified as a percentage. The default is 95%.	The monitored devices whose availability is below the specified limit value are listed based on their device information. The availability value is highlighted in red. The number of unavailable devices is also displayed.

Performance (ports)

In the "Performance (ports)" category, the following validations can be configured:

Validation	Description of the validation	Configuration options	Presentation of the result in the PDF file if the validation did not pass.
Half duplex	A check is made whether there are monitored device ports in the port mode "half duplex". Only the LAN ports in operation are checked. LAN ports in operation without a detectable port mode are evaluated as errors.	No configuration is necessary.	The ports in the port mode "half duplex" are listed based on the corresponding information.
Port speed	A check is made whether there are monitored device ports that have a lower speed than the speed specified. Only the LAN ports in operation are checked. LAN ports in operation without a detectable speed are evaluated as errors.	The limit value for the speed is specified in Mbps. The default is 100 Mbps.	The ports whose speed is below the specified limit value are listed based on the corresponding information. The speed is highlighted in red.
Interface utilization	A check is made whether there are monitored device ports that had a higher receive and/or transmit utilization than that specified. Only the LAN ports in operation are checked for which port statistics were enabled in SINEMA Server.	Either only the last detected values or the values of a period that can be entered manually are used for the validation. The period stretches from the current point in time into the past. It can be specified in days, hours and minutes. The maximum permitted period is 4 weeks. The limit value for the utilization is specified as a percentage. The default is 50%.	The ports whose receive and/or transmit utilization is higher than the specified limit value are listed based on the corresponding information. The maximum receive and/or transmit utilization is highlighted in red.
Interface error rate	A check is made whether there are monitored device ports that had a higher receive and/or transmit error rate than that specified. Only the LAN ports in operation are checked for which port statistics were enabled in SINEMA Server.	Either only the last detected values or the values of a period that can be entered manually are used for the validation. The period stretches from the current point in time into the past. It can be specified in days, hours and minutes. The maximum permitted period is 4 weeks. The limit value for the error rate is specified as a percentage. The default value is 0%.	The ports whose receive and/or transmit error rate is higher than the specified limit value are listed based on the corresponding information. The maximum receive and/or transmit error rate is highlighted in red.

4.3 Reports

Validation	Description of the validation	Configuration options	Presentation of the result in the PDF file if the validation did not pass.
Discarded packets	A check is made whether there are monitored device ports that discarded more incoming and outgoing packets than specified in the period specified. Only the LAN ports in operation are checked for which port statistics were enabled in SINEMA Server.	Either only the last detected values or the values of a period that can be entered manually are used for the validation. The period stretches from the current point in time into the past. It can be specified in days, hours and minutes. The maximum permitted period is 4 weeks. The limit value is specified	The ports whose number of discarded receive and/or transmit packets is higher than the specified limit value are listed based on the corresponding information. The number of discarded receive and/or transmit packets is highlighted in red.
		by the number of discarded packets. The default is 0.	
Power margins of POF ports	A check is made whether there are monitored POF ports whose power margin is outside the specified range. Only the POF ports in operation are checked for which port statistics were enabled in SINEMA Server and for which information on the power margin exists. POF ports in operation without detectable values are evaluated as errors.	The range of the permitted power margin can be specified in dB. The default range is 4.5 to 99 dB.	The POF ports whose power margin is outside the specified range are listed based on the corresponding information. The power margin is highlighted in red.
Length-dependent power margins of POF ports	A check is made whether there are monitored POF ports whose power margin is outside the range specified for the cable length. Only the POF ports in operation are checked for which port statistics were enabled in SINEMA Server and for which information on the power margin exists. POF ports in operation without detectable values are evaluated as errors.	Ranges for cable lengths can be specified in m. These ranges can be assigned ranges for permitted power margin in dB.	The POF ports whose power margin is outside the range specified for the cable length are listed based on the corresponding information. The power margin is highlighted in red.

Events

In the "Events" category, the following validation can be configured:

Validation	Description of the validation	Configuration options	Presentation of the result in the PDF file if the validation did not pass.
Network events	A check is made whether more network events were triggered than specified from the selected event classes and from overall status groups if selected in the specified period.	The period stretches from the current point in time into the past. It can be specified in days, hours and minutes. The maximum permitted period is 4 weeks. If no event classes were selected, the events of all event classes are checked. You can configure whether all events or only the events of selected overall status groups are checked.	The following data is specified per overall status group: Number of events of the event class "Error" Number of events of the event class "Warming" Number of events of the event class "Information"

4.3.6 Historical data and trend charts

Within the Web pages for the report types "Availability", "Performance", "Inventory" and "Events" you can call up the recorded data and trend charts. This information is shown in additional Windows.

Select a row in the table view of a report and select one of the following menu entries using the right mouse button:

- Show historical data
- Show trend charts

Note

Show historical data

In the tables of the reports, SINEMA Server provides an additional column "Historical data". This column indicates the existence of historical data.

4.3.6.1 Historical data

Meaning

The data of a device or an interface monitored in SINEMA Server is subject to change. SINEMA Server records these changes and shows them in the historical data.

Content

For the selected report entry of a device or an interface, the displayed table "Data history" has a row for each registered change. A row contains the following entries:

Entry	Meaning	
Attributes	Names the property whose status has changed.	
	The following is displayed depending on the selected report type and the selected entry:	
	For devices:	
	- IP address	
	 MAC address 	
	 Device type 	
	 Device category 	
	PROFINET device name	
	Monitoring status	
	For interfaces:	
	 Interface type 	
	Transmission rate	
	 Interface mode 	
Old value	Shows the value prior to the registered change.	
New value	Shows the value after the registered change.	
Time of the change	Date and time of the status change	

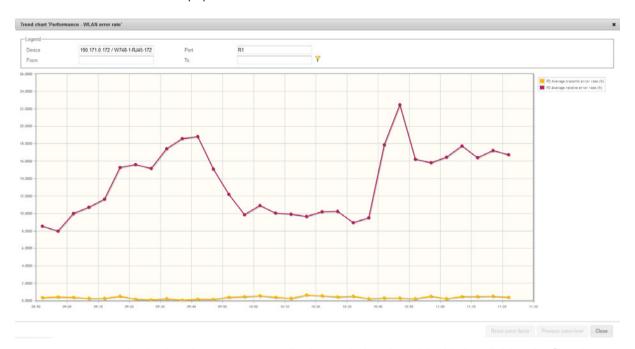
4.3.6.2 Trend charts

Meaning

Trend diagrams show certain properties of devices, interfaces and transfer parameters over time in a graphic form.

Display and content

The following figure shows the example of a possible trend chart from the "WLAN interface error rate (%)" with the trend of the "Average transmit error rate (%) and "Average receive error rate (%)"



In the header, you enter a display period and enable this by clicking the filter icon. Information on the display:

- The lines of the trend have dots that mark the end of a period. By selecting the dot with the mouse pointer, you display information about the date, time and duration of the period.
- The Y axis represents the range of values of the displayed trends data.
- The X axis represents the period of time.
- If different trend data is displayed in a chart, the color distinguishes the type of data.
- If there are interruptions in a chart line, this means that there were periods in which there
 was no monitoring.

Reports with trend charts

The following list shows which reports record which trend data.

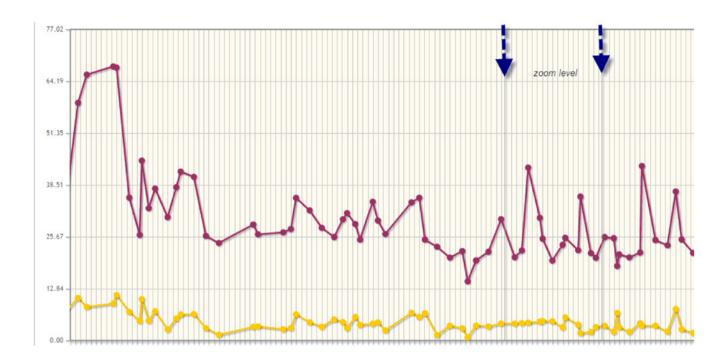
Report type	Tab	Trend data
Availability	Devices	Availability in %
	Interfaces	Active time in %
Performance	LAN - interface utilization	Average transmit utilization in %
		Average receive utilization in %
		Average utilization as %
		For full duplex mode, the display has 3 trend lines.
	LAN interface error rate	Average transmit error rate in %
		Average receive error rate in %
		Average error rate in %
		Display with 2 trend lines.
	WLAN interface error rate	Average transmit error rate in %
		Average receive error rate in %
	WLAN - Interface data rate (transmission speed)	Average transmission data rate (Mbps)
	WLAN - signal strength	Average signal strength (dBm)
	WLAN - number of clients	Average number of clients

Zoom function

The zoom function of the trend charts allows you to restrict the displayed period. This increases the resolution of the display and improves the clarity of the displayed times.

To use the zoom function, follow the steps below:

- 1. In the trend chart, click on the required starting time of the period and hold down the mouse button.
- 2. Drag the mouse pointer to the required end time and release the mouse button.



4.4 Administration

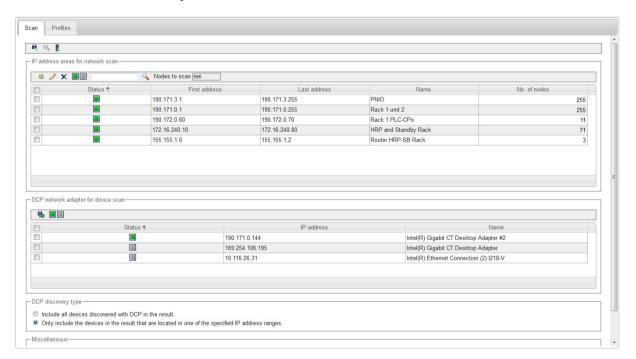
SINEMA Server includes various tools for managing the network, program, users and other objects. You can open the tools in the following Web pages using the menu commands with the same names:

"Administration > ..."

- Discovery
- Monitoring
- Events
- User
- System
- My settings
- Jobs

4.4.1 Administration - Discovery / Scan

The functions described below are available with the menu command: "Administration > Discovery" "Scan" tab



Scan

On this Web page, you set the parameters for the network scan and start the scan.

You have the option of specifying the IP address range for the scan in the network and the DCP network adapter of the management station used for the scan.

Other setting options relate to whether or not detected devices are taken into account and the execution of the scan.

Header area

The following table shows the function elements of the header area.

Icon	Display / function
M _L	Start network scan
	When a scan is running, you can recognize this due to the appearance of the scan icon in the status bar of SINEMA Server.
iri.	Stop network scan
	Starting automatic device type change
F	A search is made for more suitable device profiles and device types included in them for devices that were assigned a standard profile.

• IP address areas for network scan

Here you specify which IP addresses SINEMA Server should limit itself to for the network scan. With the green status icon, the corresponding range will be included in the scan, and all else excluded.

The following table shows the functional elements of the header.

Icon	Display / function
36	Create a new address range
36	Note: A maximum of 40 IP address ranges can be created.
₽	Change address range
×	Delete address range
	Change the status of the selected (✓) ranges
	green: Network range is included in the scan.
	gray: Network range is defined but not included in the scan.

4.4 Administration

"DCP network adapter for device scan" area

Here you specify the LAN interface of the management station to be used for the DCP network scan (green status icon).

Note

Network scan via other protocols

The network scan via other protocols is performed regardless of the settings configured in this area.

Note

Network adapters without DCP capability

The following network adapters cannot send DCP packets and are therefore not shown in the list "DCP network adapter for device scan".

- CP 1604
- CP 1616
- CP 1616 onboard
- CP 1613
- CP 1613-A2
- CP 1623
- CP 1628

The following table shows the functional elements of the header.

Icon	Display / function
4	Scan LAN interfaces
	Change the status of the selected (✓) interfaces green: Network adapter is used for the scan.

"DCP detection type" area

To take discovered devices into account, select from the following options:

- Include all devices discovered with DCP in the result.
- Only include the devices in the result that are located in one of the specified IP address ranges.

Note

Effect of the option "Include all devices discovered with DCP in the result"

If you select the option "Include all devices discovered with DCP in the result" in the DCP scan settings, note the following:

With this setting, it is possible that DCP devices that are outside the IP ranges but within the subnets connected to the NICs are also detected.

• "Miscellaneous" area

Here, you can select functions using the check boxes:

- Automatic scan

If this option is selected, the scan is started automatically at the set interval. You set the interval with the "Administration > My settings" menu command.

The check box is deselected as default.

Adapting the scan range

If you do not adapt the scan range, the device scan can take a very long time if there is a very large scan range. If the scan range covers more than 1500 addresses, a message will warn you to expect the scan to take a long time. You should therefore restrict the scan range to the devices to be monitored. To do this, it is advisable to create smaller scan groups if the IP addresses are not consecutive. This division speeds up scanning of the devices. A maximum of 40 scan groups can be created.

See also

Detecting devices in the network (Page 47)

4.4.2 Administration - Discovery / Profiles

The functions described below are available with the menu command: "Administration > Discovery" "Profiles" tab

Displaying and editing profiles

The "Profiles" tab shows the device profiles that exist in SINEMA Server in the form of a table. Via this table, you have access to all the functions of profile editing.

You can edit the displayed profiles or add new profiles. The following types of profile must be distinguished:

· General profile

This profile type contains information required for discovery and monitoring of network devices.

Monitoring profile

This profile type contains information that is only required for monitoring network devices.

In addition to the general profile, a device can also be assigned a monitoring profile. As result, user-specific monitoring rules remain unaffected by changes in the general profile. This is an advantage when a vendor-specific general profile is replaced by a new profile version.

This difference is shown in the selectable table column Profile type.

Controlling the profile display and editing profiles - function elements

The following table explains the function elements of the header area.

Icon	Display / function
	Create new profile
	Requirement: A general profile must be selected.
	The Profile editor is opened with the "Add profile ID" dialog.
	Create new monitoring profile
	Requirement: A general profile or monitoring profile must be selected.
	The Profile editor is opened with the "Add profile ID" dialog.
A	Edit selected profile
	The Profile editor is opened with the "Profile" dialog with the selected profile data.
×	Delete the selected profiles
	Profiles are deleted following a further prompt for confirmation.
	Default profiles cannot be deleted.
	Enable / disable selected profiles
	Enabled profiles are used during discovery and scanning.
	Save modified profiles
-	The profiles marked with "*" are stored in SINEMA Server.

Icon	Display / function
5	Restore selected profiles
	The function can be used with the profiles supplied with SINEMA Server following modification
	Export profiles
	The selected profile data is added to a ZIP archive. You are prompted to specify a storage location for downloading the ZIP archive.
	Note: If the data to be exported contains a profile whose limit value uses a user- defined overall status group, all profiles of the SINEMA Server instance must be exported.
•	Import profiles
	The dialog box for selecting the profile file is displayed.
	File type: ZIP file
	Note: Profiles that exist in SINEMA Server and have the same profile identifier are overwritten by the imported profile.
	If the data to be imported contains a profile whose limit value uses a user-defined overall status group, all profiles must be imported into the SINEMA Server instance.
	Enter text for text search / filter setting
	Start profile search
*	Result: The profiles that contain the specified text string in one of the displayed columns.

See also

Profile concept (Page 53)

4.4.2.1 The Profile editor

Displaying and editing profiles

With the Profile editor, you can perform one of the following actions:

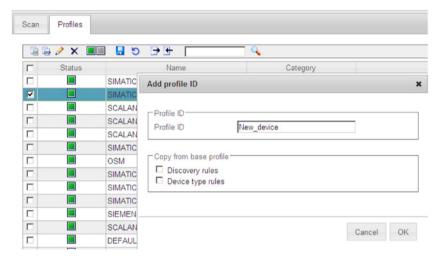
- Add a new device type to an existing profile
- Create a new profile
- Edit / modify an existing profile

The dialogs and tabs are described below.

For information on the procedure, you should also refer to the section Setting up profiles and assigning device types (Page 56)

Create new profile

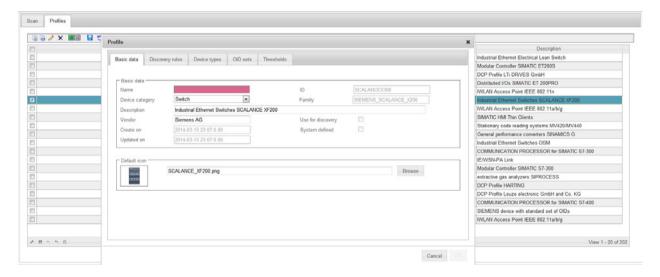
If, after selecting a profile as template, you create a new profile with the "Create profile" function element, you open the "Add profile ID" dialog.



When you confirm your entries with OK, you open the following dialogs of the Profile editor.

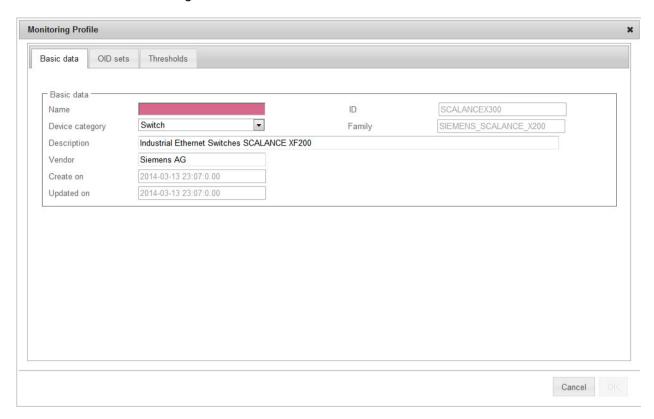
General profile - entering profile details with the Profile editor

If you edit or create a general profile, you open the dialog with the tabs required for discovery and monitoring of a network device.



Monitoring profile - entering profile details with the Profile editor

If you edit or create a new monitoring profile, you open the dialog with the tabs required for monitoring a network device.



Function elements

Some of the tabs described below also have function elements available. For information on the entries, refer to the tabs described below.

Icon	Display / function	Icon	Display / function
36	Add an entry		Edit selected entry
	You open a further input dialog.	<i>L</i>	You open a further input dialog.
×	Delete selected entry		Change between "Use for discov-
^	The selected entry is deleted (only after you have confirmed this).		ery" / "Do not use for discovery"
	Enter text for text search / filter		Start search for entry
	setting		Result: The entries that contain the specified text string in one of the displayed columns are displayed.

"Basic data" tab

Input box / parameters	Description
Name	Profile name
Device category	The device category is assigned to all devices discovered using this profile.
ID	Profile ID
Family	Display of the family name. The entry cannot be changed here.
	The entry is relevant if you want to modify the monitoring profile of the device. The monitoring profile of a device must always belong to the same family as the general profile.
Description	Option for entering a technologically suitable profile description.
Vendor	Vendor name (can be entered).
	Note: If a device is assigned a profile without a vendor ID, the DCP ID is used to identify the vendor.
Use for discovery	When this check box is enabled, the profile is used for the device discovery.
Use for PROFINET discovery	When this check box is enabled, devices can be assigned to this device profile and the device types contained can be assigned using article numbers. By enabling the check box device profile and device type rules are activated for this device profile that contain the article numbers of the devices identifiable via PROFINET as assignment criteria. After enabling the check box in the "Criteria" area, the article numbers of device type rules can be edited. The corresponding device profile and device type rules are then updated automatically.
System defined	When this check box is enabled the profile is set by the system and was not created by the user.
	System-defined profiles can be reset to the factory settings and restored after deleting.
	The setting cannot be changed.
Default icon	Here, you assign a default icon to the profile for display in the topology. If no other icon is defined in the device types for a device that belongs to this profile, this default icon is used in the topology display.
Created on	Date and time the profile was created
Updated on	Date and time of the last update of the profile.

"Discovery rules" tab (only for general profile)

The tab contains all the rules to be checked through during assignment of devices to device profiles.

The table must contain at least one rule to be able to enable the profile for monitoring.

Each rule must be unique within a management station and may only occur once.

The entries are made in an additional dialog. Use the function elements described above to create a new data record.

Discovery rules for the PROFINET discovery using article numbers are derived from device type rules and cannot be changed in the "Discovery rules" tab. Such discovery rules can be edited by editing the article numbers in the "Criteria" area of device type rules. The corresponding device profile and device type rules are then updated automatically.

Input box / parameters	Description		
Status	Display of the status selected in the header or in the dialog.		
	green: Rule is used for discovery.		
Name	Name of the discovery rule.		
Rule	Specifying a rule with criteria for SNMP/DCP. The use of the following wild cards is possible:		
	* (Any number of characters including spaces)		
	? (The character preceding this wildcard can not or can occur once, including spaces)		
	(Exactly any one character including spaces)		
	If the characters above are not to be used as wild cards they must follow a "\" e,g. "\?"		

"Device types" tab (only for general profile)

The tab is used to define a name and an icon and to specify rules for the device type assignment that will be used for the discovered devices.

If no rule is suitable for the type of a discovered device, the profile name will be used as the name of the device type and the default icon of the profile will be used to display the device.

The entries are made in an additional dialog. Use the function elements described above to create a new data record.

Input box / parameters	Description
Status	Display of the status selected in the header or in the dialog.
	green: Rule is used for discovery.
Icon	Icon that will be used instead of the default icon specified in the pro- file.
Device type	Name of the device type
Rule name	Name of the device type rule

Input box / parameters	Description
Rule	Specifying rules with protocol-specific criteria:
	PROFINET: Specifying the article numbers. Several article numbers are separated by commas. The use of wildcards (*) is not allowed.
	It is only possible to specify article numbers in the device type criteria if the check box "Use for PROFINET discovery" has been enabled in the "Basic data" tab. The specified article numbers are also used as device profile criteria. • SNMP/DCP:
	Specifies the SNMP value. The use of the following wild cards is possible:
	 * (Any number of characters including spaces)
	 ? (The character preceding this wildcard can not or can occur once, including spaces)
	 (Exactly any one character including spaces)
	If the characters above are not to be used as wild cards they must follow a "\" e,g. "\?"
Icon name	File name of the icon used
Article numbers	Article number according to the conventions of the manufacturer

"OID sets" tab

Contains SNMP OID sets

To enter or edit the values and descriptions of the OID sets, you open an extra dialog.

The entries are made in an additional dialog. Use the function elements described above to create a new data record. Per device profile, a maximum of 90 OIDs can be created in user-defined OID sets, 30 OIDs each for the data types "Integer32", "Uinteger32" and "String". The OIDs are then displayed in the device detail tab "User-defined OIDs" of the corresponding devices.

Input box / parameters	Description
Name	Name of the OID set
Description	Text as description
System defined	System defined as opposed to user defined.
	Refer to the note on "Editable" in the next line.
Editable	Display "yes / no"
	Only user-specific OID sets and OIDs from the system-defined OID set "Automation" can be modified.
	For OIDs from the OID set "Automation", an alternative OID can be specified or a fixed display value defined. In addition to this, rules can be specified for extracting partial values from the individual OIDs.
	Other OID sets that are read by SINEMA Server are displayed and cannot be modified.

"Thresholds" tab

Here, in data records, you specify limit values for data values that are read by the device or calculated by the system. With these limit values, you link events that are triggered if the value exceeds all falls below the limit value. You select the events to be linked to the thresholds from the overall status groups. Overall status groups are formed based on the functional relationship of their events and make it easier for you to locate the required event.

The operator used for the threshold check has a specific data type that is specified in the OID set. The thresholds must be specified accordingly.

Requirement: You can only define new data records for data values for user-specific OID sets.

The entries are made in an additional dialog. Use the function elements described above to create a new data record.

Input box / parameters	Description
Rule name	Name of the data record
Source	Relates to a user-defined or system-defined OID set.
System defined	Yes: The threshold is linked to a system-specific OID set. The threshold and event can be edited.

4.4.3 Administration - Monitoring

Overview

The functions described below are available with the menu command: "Administration - Monitoring"

The Web page contains the following tabs:

- General
- SNMP settings
- Polling groups
- OPC

4.4.3.1 Administration - Monitoring General

Administration - Monitoring General

Time settings

- Scan interval
 - The time interval for automatic network scans
- Interval for device type change
 At the specified interval, a search is made for more suitable device profiles and device
 types included in them for devices that were assigned standard profiles.
- Ping timeout
 Specifies the time after which a device is classified as being unreachable using ICMP
- DCP query interval The interval for making DCP queries
- DCP query retries
 - If DCP queries for a device fail as often as specified here the device receives the overall status "Not reachable".

General settings

Duplicate IP address detection
 If this check box is set, SINEMA Server checks whether or not the IP address exists more than once in the network.

Note

Requirement for discovery of duplicate IP addresses

The discovery of duplicate IP addresses is only possible if you have also installed the "WinPcap" component.

Automatic device type change
 If check box is set, a search is made for more suitable device profiles and the device
 types in them for devices that were assigned standard profiles. The default interval for
 automatic device type change is 70 minutes and can be configured in the "Time settings"
 area. In addition to this, the automatic device type change is always performed when a
 device with an assigned standard profile changes from the "Not reachable" status to the
 "Reachable" status.

PROFINET monitoring settings

PROFINET monitoring is only supported for devices with PROFINET IO capability. The PROFINET monitoring settings listed below only affect monitored devices.

- PROFINET monitoring
 If this check box is enabled, PROFINET monitoring of PROFINET devices is enabled globally. Activating this monitoring at the device level is achieved using device parameters with the same name, see section Device window with device list (Page 102).
- PROFINET monitoring of port statistics (can only be selected when the "PROFINET monitoring" check box is enabled)
 If this check box is set, PROFINET monitoring of LAN port statistics for PROFINET devices is enabled globally. Activating this monitoring at the device level is achieved using device parameters with the same name, see section Device window with device list (Page 102)
 - In addition to this, the port statistics must be enabled in the device details for the required LAN port.
- Use PROFINET monitoring settings for newly discovered PROFINET devices
 If this check box is enabled, the configuration of the two options named above is used for newly discovered devices.
- Duplicate PROFINET IO name detection
 If this check box is set, SINEMA Server checks whether or not the PROFINET IO device name exists more than once in the network.

SIMATIC monitoring settings

The SIMATIC monitoring is supported only for SIMATIC S7-300 / S7-400 / ET 200 CPUs. SIMATIC monitoring is not for supported for S7-400/S7-400 H CPUs with the following firmware versions:

- S7-400 CPUs: Firmware V5.0.0 to V6.0.3
- S7-400 H CPUs: Firmware V5.0.0. to V6.0.4, V8.1.0

Devices for which SIMATIC monitoring is supported are known in this document as being "with SIMATIC capability". The following SIMATIC monitoring settings are available:

- SIMATIC monitoring
 If this check box is set, SIMATIC monitoring of CPUs with SIMATIC capability is enabled globally. Activating this monitoring at the device level is achieved using device parameters with the same name, see section Device window with device list (Page 102).
- SIMATIC monitoring of assigned devices (can only be selected when the "SIMATIC monitoring" check box is enabled)
 When this check box is enabled, the SIMATIC monitoring of device data about assigned PROFINET IO devices and that is available on CPUs with SIMATIC capability is enabled globally. Activating this monitoring at the device level is achieved using device parameters with the same name, see section Device window with device list (Page 102).
- SIMATIC monitoring including assigned devices and SIMATIC event messages (can only be selected when the "SIMATIC monitoring of assigned devices" check box is enabled) When this check box is enabled, SINEMA Server logs on to CPUs with SIMATIC capability to receive SIMATIC event messages. The received event messages are displayed in the global and in the device-specific event list of the CPU and are indicated as having the status "Incoming" (for active statuses) or "Outgoing" (for no longer active statuses). Activating this monitoring at the device level is achieved using device parameters with the same name, see section Device window with device list (Page 102) The logon to receive SIMATIC event messages from CPUs with SIMATIC capability can be restarted by the shortcut menu entry "Log on again for SIMATIC event / alarm messages".
- SIMATIC monitoring including assigned devices and SIMATIC alarm messages (can only be selected when the "SIMATIC monitoring of assigned devices" check box is enabled) When this check box is enabled, SINEMA Server logs on to CPUs with SIMATIC capability to receive SIMATIC alarm messages. The received alarm messages are displayed in the global and in the device-specific event list of the CPU and are indicated as having the status "Incoming" (for active statuses) or "Outgoing" (for no longer active statuses). Activating this monitoring at the device level is achieved using device parameters with the same name, see section Device window with device list (Page 102) The logon to receive SIMATIC alarm messages from CPUs with SIMATIC capability can be restarted by the shortcut menu entry "Log on again for SIMATIC event / alarm messages".

Note

Requirements for receiving and displaying SIMATIC event messages / alarm messages

To allow SINEMA Server to receive and display SIMATIC event messages / alarm messages from a CPU with SIMATIC capability, the following requirements must be met:

- In the STEP 7 configuration of the CPU, SIMATIC event messages / alarm messages must be enabled so that end devices can log on to the CPU to receive the messages. Enabling the messages for SINEMA Server is based on the same principle as for HMI devices.
- To assign the messages to message texts, the option "Enable Web server on module" must be enabled in the STEP 7 configuration of the CPU. As an alternative in STEP 7 as of V5.5.4 the option "Generate and load Web server configuration" can be enabled. This is, however, not available for all CPUs with SIMATIC capability.

4.4.3.2 Administration - Monitoring SNMP settings

SNMP settings

The following table explains the function elements of the header.

Icon	Display / function	Icon	Display / function
200	Create new record for SNMP settings	Ø	Change SNMP settings
×	Delete SNMP settings		Change the status of the selected (✓) SNMP settings

The table below this shows the existing data records with SNMP settings. As default, the following SNMP settings are available and enabled:

SNMP setting	SNMP version	Read community	Write community
SNMP settings - V1	1	public	private
SNMP settings - V2c	2c	public	private
SIEMENS IPCs with Diag- Monitor	2c	DMMCL	DMMCL

During the network scan, SINEMA Server searches through all devices capable of SNMP in descending order of the active SNMP versions. If an SNMP setting with version 3 is available and enabled, this setting is used by SINEMA Server during the scan.

Note

Using SNMP V3

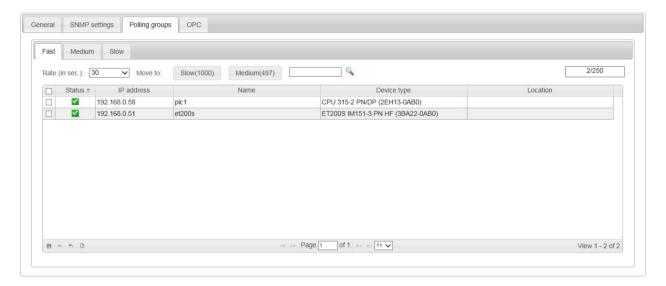
For reasons of security, it is advisable to use SNMP settings in which SNMP V3 is used. Select only secure passwords with a high password strength.

Depending on the SNMP version (1, 2c, 3), when you create or change a record, another window opens in which you can enter the parameters of this version, for example

- Retries
- Timeout
- Group name
- Security level
- User name
- Authentication algorithm
- Authentication password
- Encryption algorithm
- Encoding password

4.4.3.3 Administration - Monitoring Polling groups

This window shows the three polling groups "Fast", "Medium" and "Slow" each in a separate tab, together with their assigned network devices.



Meaning

A polling group is a device group whose UP/DOWN status is polled at a certain interval (polling rate). The polling rate can be specified for each group within a certain range. The number of devices per group is limited. The division into 3 polling groups is defined for the relevant bandwidth of your polling rate. The following groups are distinguished

- Fast
- Medium
- Slow

Network devices that are not monitored or that can be ignored or are classified as non-critical can be moved to lower-level polling groups. This means that such devices are polled at a longer interval. This technique allows you to control the network load when lots of devices need to be polled.

Polling groups

The 3 polling groups appear in the form of tabs within the polling dialog. These polling groups are divided up based on the polling rate measured in seconds.

Fast

This group is intended for all devices that need to be polled frequently.

- The default setting is 30 seconds.
- The minimum polling interval is 10 seconds; the maximum polling interval is 60 seconds.
- As default, the group can contain up to 100 devices. Up to 250 devices can be assigned.

Medium

This group is intended for all devices that need to be polled with medium frequency.

- The default setting is 150 seconds.
- The minimum polling interval is 90 seconds; the maximum polling interval is 150 seconds.
- As default, the group can contain up to 200 devices. Up to 500 devices can be assigned.

Slow

This group is intended for all devices that need to be polled less frequently.

- The default setting is 300 seconds.
- The minimum polling interval is 180 seconds; the maximum polling interval is 300 seconds.
- As default, the group can contain up to 200 devices. Up to 1000 devices can be assigned.

Note

Number of devices

The number of devices shown in the medium and slow tabs is the number of devices remaining until the maximum possible number of devices is reached.

Operator input

The following table shows the functional elements of the header:

Icon	Display / function	Icon	Display / function
Rate (in sec.): 30	Polling rate in seconds	Fast (150)	Transfer selected (✓) devices to the "Fast" polling group *
Slow (120)	Enter selected (✓) devices in the "Slow" polling group *	Medium (50)	Transfer selected (✓) devices to the "Medium" polling group *
	Enter text for text search	Q	Start text search
41/250	Display the used / available table entries		

^{*)} The number after the group name indicates how many table entries are still available.

The table below this shows the network devices assigned to this group, in each case with

- Status
- IP address
- Name
- Device type
- Location

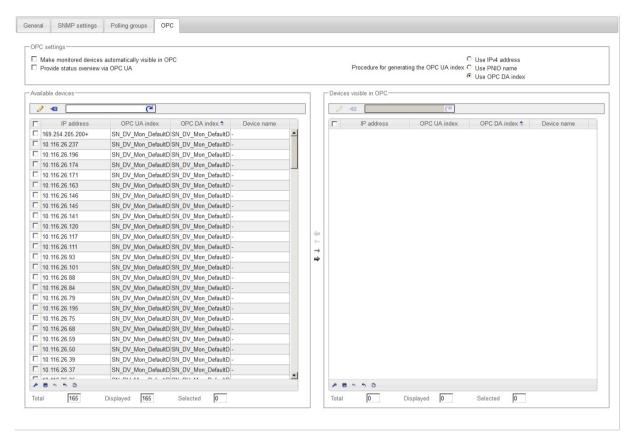
Setting up polling groups - procedure

To move devices from one group to another, follow the steps below:

- 1. Select the device or the devices you want to move to another group.
- 2. Click the appropriate icon in the header. Result: The selected devices are moved to the required group.

4.4.3.4 Administration - Monitoring OPC

You open the Web page shown below using the menu command: "Administration > Monitoring > OPC"



Overview

In industrial manufacturing, devices of different manufacturers with different process controllers as well as incompatible protocols and data formats are often used. For these to be able to communicate with each other, an open communications standard (OPC --> Open Process Control) was defined. This allows plant data, alarms, events and other process data to be exchanged between all systems in real time. SINEMA Server also provides the option of making data available using OPC.

For more information on the topic of OPC in SINEMA Server, see also the section Data exchange via OPC (Page 235)

Layout

In the "Administration > Monitoring > OPC" window, you can configure the data of which devices will be sent to an OPC server. This device data is then visible for OPC clients and can be evaluated and monitored by them. Device data from unmonitored and passively monitored devices cannot ever be sent to an OPC server.

OPC settings

In the dialog area "OPC settings", the following control elements are available:

Operator control element	Function
Make monitored devices automatically visible in OPC	When this check box is selected, the device data of all devices monitored by SINEMA Server is visible in OPC.
Procedure for generating the OPC UA index	For monitored devices that do not yet have an OPC UA index, SINEMA Server generates an OPC UA index using one of the following procedures:
	Using the Ipv4 address The OPC UA index is formed from the four digits of the IPv4 address of the device. The periods of the IPv4 address are not adopted If the digits have less than three places, the missing places are filled out with the digit "0". Example: IPv4 address: 102.23.10.4 OPC UA index: 102023010004 In the case of an IP address change, the OPC UA index is not updated.
	Using the PNIO name: The PNIO name of the device is used as the OPC UA index. A maximum of 64 characters of the PNIO name are adopted. If non-permitted characters occur in the PNIO name, these are replaced by the "_" character.
	Using the OPC DA index (default setting): The OPC DA index of the device is used as the OPC UA index.
	If this setting is changed, existing OPC UA indexes are not updated.
Provide status overview via	When this check box is selected, the following information is provided via OPC:
OPC UA	The numbers of devices per overall status
	The worst existing overall status
	The following information is provided for each view:
	 Name of the view
	Name of the higher-level view
	The worst existing overall status
	Number of reachable devices
	Number of unreachable devices
	Number of unconnected devices

Available devices and visible in OPC

In the dialog area "Available devices and devices visible in OPC", it is possible among other things to configure the data of which devices is visible in OPC manually. If the "Make monitored devices automatically visible in OPC" check box is selected in the OPC settings, settings made relating to this are ignored and the corresponding control elements are disabled.

The following control elements are available:

Operator control ele-ment	Function
Ø	A dialog opens in which the OPC UA index of the selected device can be changed manually. Using the button (in this dialog, the existing OPC UA index is updated according to the configured procedure.
	The OPC UA index must be between 6 and 64 characters long and must be unique among the monitored devices. Spaces, tabs and the following characters must not occur in the OPC UA index:
	.:;,[]{}?*V%!()\$@
√ ≣	Update the OPC UA indexes of the selected devices according to the configured procedure.
	Enter text for text search / filter
C	Start text search / filter setting
4	Remove all devices from the list "Devices visible in OPC"
+	Remove all devices from the "Devices visible in OPC" list
\rightarrow	Add the selected (✓) devices to the "Devices visible in OPC" list
*	Add all devices to the "Devices visible in OPC" list

In the footer, there is information about how many devices are in each area in total, and how many are displayed and selected.

Although the column assignment in the data area is preset, you arrange it any way you wish (in the footer). You can choose from all the device properties as those available via the device window and the device details.

4.4.4 Administration - Events

4.4.4.1 Administration - Events Event types

You open the Web page shown below using the menu command: "Administration - Events > Event types"

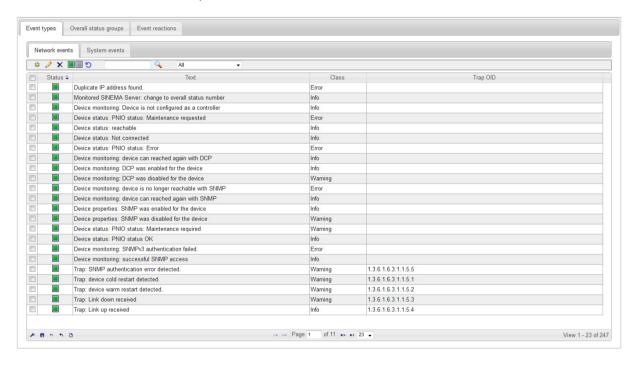
The Web page contains the following tabs:

- "Network events"
- "System events".

In these tabs you have the option of configuring the display of network- and system-relevant events.

As soon as there are status changes or error events in the network, these appear as traps or events in the tabs described here.

The tabs are nearly identical in the form and content. Therefore, the following figure serves as an example for both tabs.



Event types - meaning

"Network events" tab

Network events provide information about changes or error events in the network. When certain alarm events occur, devices generate trap frames that can be evaluated by management stations. The trap frames contain error messages in plain text.

"System events" tab

System events provide information about actions, changes and error events of SINEMA Server.

Operator input

The following table explains the function elements of the header.

Icon	Display / function
36	Create a new event type (only network event)
	The input dialog is displayed. If you enable the "Trap" check box, you can specify the OID that will trigger the trap network event (see representation above).
⊘	Edit event type
e	The input dialog is displayed (see above)
×	Delete event type (only network event)
	Note:
	Network events created by "System" cannot be deleted.
	Change the status of the selected (✓) event type (activated / deactivated)
	Note:
	Deactivated event types move to the end of the table.
L)	Restore the default settings for selected event types
	Note:
	Event types created by "User" cannot be reset.
	Enter text for text search / filter setting
	Start text search / filter setting
•	Result: The traps / events that match the text string specified for the text search are displayed.
All 🔻	Filter the display according to the following criteria:
	• All
	Enabled
	Disabled

Content

The events are shown in the form of a table.

Although the column assignment in the data area is preset, you arrange it any way you wish (in the footer). The following information can be selected:

Parameter	Meaning
"Check box"	Select this option to select all the displayed entries.
Status	Shows the status of the events (enabled / disabled)
Text	Contains the configurable event text.
Class	Contains the configurable classification.
Trap OID (only with "net-	Object identification
work events")	The OID is set by the particular network device. If traps are received and the OID is unknown, the OID box in the display remains empty.
Original text	Contains the text entry specified the first time the event type was detected.
Original class	Contains the classification that was specified the first time the event type was detected.

Parameter	Meaning	
Originator (only for "network events")	Specifies the instance that made the initial definition. The following are possible:	
	System	
	User	
Overall status group	Specifies the overall status group to which the event belongs. The following are possible:	
	Name of the overall status group	
	None	

Input dialog - special features

The entry in the text boxes is language specific. If you write to the text box directly, the text is stored under the currently set language.

If you click the globe symbol beside the text box, you open an additional dialog in which you can make the entries for the permitted languages.

See also

Administration - System / E-mail settings (Page 214)

4.4.4.2 Administration - Events Overall status groups

Function of overall status group

An overall status group is a group of functionally related events that influence the overall status of a device. Each event within an overall status group can be assigned an overall status that the device will adopt when the corresponding event condition occurs.

Conventions for events in the overall status groups

The following conventions apply to events in the overall status groups:

- An overall status group must contain at least one event. A maximum of 20 events can be assigned to an overall status group.
- An event can only belong to one overall status group.
- Only events assigned to an overall status group can influence the overall status of a device.

Statuses of events in overall status groups

To form the overall status of devices, various statuses are significant that events from overall status groups can adopt. These event statuses are displayed in the "Event status" column of the event list.

Event status	Meaning
Pending	When an event that is assigned a negative overall status (every overall status except "OK") is triggered for a device, it is given the event status "Pending". This status indicates that the event was entered in a list of pending events for the device.
Resolving	An event that is assigned the overall status "OK" or "Not connected" is identified by the event status "Resolving" because when it occurs, the event clears all other events of the same overall status group from the list of events pending for the device.
Resolved automatically	An event that was in the list of pending events for a device and was then removed from the list of pending events by a resolving event of the same overall status group is identified by the event status "Resolved automatically".
Resolved manually	An event that was in the list of pending events for a device and was then removed from the list of pending events manually using the stamp icon in the event list is identified by the event status "Resolved manually".
-	A triggered event that is not assigned to any overall status group or is not assigned any overall status in the group has no event status.

Rules for forming the overall status

The overall status of devices is formed by events from the overall status groups according to the following rules:

- The event with the most negative overall status pending for the device decides the overall status of the device. The classification as the most negative overall status applies to all the overall status groups.
- If a resolving event is triggered, the event status "Pending" is removed for all events of
 the corresponding overall status group. The device then falls back to the most negative
 overall status assigned to one of the remaining pending events. If there is no further
 event pending for the device, the device receives the overall status "OK" or "Not
 connected".
- As an alternative, the "Pending" status can also be removed manually using the stamp
 icon in the event list. The device then falls back to the most negative overall status
 assigned to one of the remaining pending events. If there is no further event pending for
 the device, the device receives the overall status "OK" or "Not connected".

Example of forming overall statuses

In the following example, various events are triggered by a device that belong to different overall status groups.

The overall status groups are made up of the following events:

- Overall status group "A":
 - Event "A1": Warning Overall status "Maintenance demanded"
 - Event "A2": Info Overall status "Maintenance required"
 - Event "A3": Info Overall status "OK" (resolving event)
- Overall status group "B":
 - Event "B1": Warning overall status "Error"
 - Event "B2": Info Overall status "OK" (resolving event)
- Overall status group "C":
 - Event "C1": Warning Overall status "Maintenance demanded"

The following table shows the changes in the device overall status based on the occurrence of these events and the events pending for the device. Initially there are no pending events for the device and the device has the overall status "OK".

Triggered event / user action	Overall status of the device	Events pending for the device
A1	Changes from "OK" to "Maintenance demanded".	A1 - "Maintenance demanded"
A3	Changes from "Maintenance demanded" to "OK".	None.
C1	Changes from "OK" to "Maintenance demanded".	C1 - "Maintenance demanded"
The user triggers the event status "Pending" for the event "C1".	Changes from "Maintenance demanded" to "OK".	None
A2	Changes from "OK" to "Maintenance required".	A2 - "Maintenance required"
A1	Changes from "Maintenance required" to "Maintenance demanded".	A1 - "Maintenance demanded"A2 - "Maintenance required"
B1	Changes from "Maintenance demanded" to "Error".	B1 - "Error"A1 - "Maintenance demanded"A2 - "Maintenance required"
C1	"Error", no change.	 C1 - "Maintenance demanded" B1 - "Error" A1 - "Maintenance demanded" A2 - "Maintenance required"
A3 (resolving event for overall status group "A")	"Error", no change.	C1 - "Maintenance demanded" B1 - "Error"
B2 (resolving event for overall status group "B")	Changes from "Error" to "Mainte- nance demanded".	C1 - "Maintenance demanded"
The user triggers the event status "Pending" for the event "C1".	Changes from "Maintenance demanded" to "OK".	None

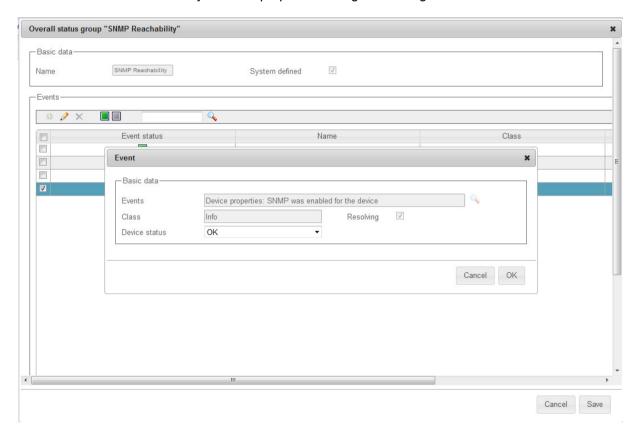
Types of overall status groups

A distinction must be made between system-defined and user-defined overall status groups.

In system-defined overall status groups, the assignments of overall statuses to events belonging to the overall status group can be adapted. Events of the overall status group can also be enabled / disabled. Existing events cannot, however, be removed from a system-defined overall status group. It is also not possible to add an event to a system-defined overall status group.

In user-defined overall status groups events can be included that are visible in the entry "Event types". Overall statuses can be freely assigned to these events. It is also possible to remove events from user-defined overall status groups. A maximum of 100 overall status groups can be created.

The following figure shows the events of the system-defined overall status group "SNMP Reachability" and the properties dialog of an assigned event:



Layout of the Web page

On the "Administration > Events > Overall status groups" Web page, system-defined and, if they exist; user-defined overall status groups are displayed.

Operator input

The following table explains the function elements of the header.

Icon	Function
36	Create new overall status group
	The dialog for configuring overall status groups is displayed (see description below).
⊘	Edit overall status group
	The dialog for configuring overall status groups is displayed (see description below).
×	Delete overall status group
	Note:
	System-defined overall status groups cannot be deleted.
5	Reset selected overall status groups
	The selected system-defined overall status groups are reset to the default settings.
	Enter text for text search / filter setting
Q	Start text search / filter setting
	Result: The overall status groups that match the text string specified for the text search are displayed.

Content

The overall status groups are shown in the form of a table.

Parameter	Meaning
"Check box"	Select this option to select all the displayed entries.
Name	Name of the overall status group
System-defined	Specifies whether the overall status group is system-defined or user-defined.
	In system-defined overall status groups, the assignments of overall statuses to events belonging to the overall status group can be adapted. Events of the overall status group can also be enabled / disabled. Existing events cannot, however, be removed from a system-defined overall status group. It is also not possible to add an event to a system-defined overall status group.
	In user-defined overall status groups, any events created in "Event types" can be included. Overall statuses can be freely assigned to these events. It is also possible to remove events from user-defined overall status groups. A maximum of 100 overall status groups can be created.

Dialog for configuring overall status groups

This dialog shows the name of the overall status group and its events. Assigned events can be enabled or disabled for triggering. User-defined overall status groups can be assigned events that are visible in the entry "Administration" > "Events" > "Event types". After selecting an assigned event or the icon **, the dialog for assigning events opens.

Dialog for assigning events

This dialog is used to select an assigned event and to select the overall status that the event will cause if it is triggered. The following functions are available:

- Event: Name of the assigned event. In user-defined overall status groups, the dialog for selecting the assigned event can be opened using the icon . In this dialog, you can select the network event to be assigned. The OIDs are displayed as default in the selection dialog for trap network events.
- Event class: Categorization of the assigned event.
- Overall status: Overall status that the device will adopt when the event occurs.
- Resolving: Specifies whether or not an event resolves (removes) all other events pending
 in the list for a device in the same overall status group. Only events assigned the "OK"
 overall status are resolving events.
- OID: Display of the OID of a selected trap network event.

4.4.4.3 Administration - Events > Event reactions

The dialogs described below are available with the menu command "Administration > Events > Event reactions"

Configuring event reactions

Event reactions can be defined for the following context types:

for a specific view

This allows you to define a view-specific event reaction. The views already configured in SINEMA Server are available.

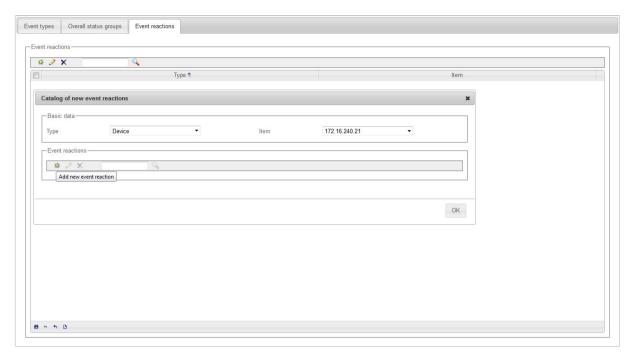
- for the system
- for network devices

All the devices discovered by SINEMA Server are available.

This type selection followed by selection of the relevant object is made in the "Catalog of new event handling methods" dialog that then opens.

In a further dialog "Event handling", you configure the actual event reaction.

The following figure shows the dialog sequence for specifying an event reaction for a network device.



The last dialog to be displayed "Event handling" also shows the selected context type and the selected object in the title bar.

Working with "Event reactions" and the "Catalog of new event handling methods"

The following table explains the function elements of the header.

Icon	Display / function	Icon	Display / function
**	Add new event reaction. With this function, you open a new dialog "Catalog of new event handling methods". The information in this table reflects that in the opened dialog.		Change event handling
	Depending on the selected type, in the "Catalog of new event handling methods", you open a further dialog "Event reactions".		
×	Delete event handling		Enter text for text search
Q	Start text search		

"Catalog of new event handling methods" dialog

In this dialog, the following settings can be configured:

Basic data / Type

From the drop-down list, you can select the following:

- Views
- System
- Device
- · Basic data / Object

Depending on the selection you make for "Type", the available views or devices are listed in the drop-down list. If no views have yet been configured in the system, the selection is empty.

Event reactions

Operator input, see table above.

Note

One event reaction per type / object

You can configure an event reaction for each selected combination of "Type" / "Object". Assigning multiple event reactions is not possible.

"Event reactions for device / System / View x" dialog

In this dialog, the following settings can be configured:

Parameter	Meaning
Topic	Here, various predefined topics can be assigned depending on the type "View / Device / System".
Event	Here, various predefined events names can be assigned depending on the type "View / Device / System".
E-mail address	Specifies e-mail recipients to be notified when the event occurs.
	Note: If multiple e-mail recipients are specified, these need to be separated from each other by a semicolon (there must be no spaces).
Language	The sent e-mail contains an event-specific information text. Here, select the language to be used for output.

Parameter	Meaning
Program	Here enter the name of a program that will be executed as a reaction to an event in the form of a process in the background.
Text	Specifies an additional text to be transferred by e-mail (see also information relating to the "Language" parameter).
	You can also specify the transfer parameters for program execution.
	Example: mail.exe \$i \$m \$n
	These transfer parameters are interpreted and replaced by SINEMA Server as follows when the executable program is called.
	Syntax and meaning
	\$i - placeholder for IP address
	\$m - placeholder for MAC address
	\$n - placeholder for device name

4.4.5 Administration - User

Overview

The "Administration > User" Web page has the following tabs:

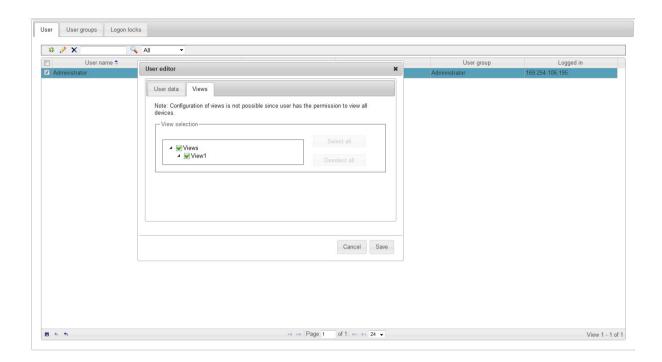
- "User"
- "Groups"
- "Logon locks"

The following explains the form, content and functionality of these tabs.

4.4.5.1 Administration - User User

You open the Web page shown below using the menu command: "Administration > User > User"

The figure shows the Web page with the User editor opened.



Functions

The following table explains the function elements of the header.

Icon	Display / function
36	Create a new user
	This opens the User editor.
⊘	Change user
	This opens the User editor.
×	Delete user
	Enter text for text search / filter
	Start text search / enable filter
•	The user groups containing the specified text in their names are displayed.
All 🔻	Filter display:
	• All
	Logged in
	Logged off

The data area contains the user data with the following columns:

- User name
- Full user name
- E-mail
- View(s) (assigned views)

- User group
- Logged in (IP address)

If you create or change a user, another window opens with two tabs in which you can enter the user-specific data.

User editor

When you create or modify a user, a further window opens in which you can enter the user data and select the views. If the user does not have the right "View all devices and servers", after the user is logged on only the devices and SINEMA Server instances are displayed that are assigned to the view of the user. A PNIO system is only displayed for this user when the corresponding controller is assigned to at least one view of this user.

See also

Users and user groups (Page 73)

4.4.5.2 Administration - Users user groups

On the Web page "Administration > Users > User groups" you can manage user groups and activate or deactivate the rights for existing user groups in the user group editor.

Functions

The following table explains the function elements of the header.

Icon	Display / function
85	Create a new user group
	This opens the User groups editor.
A	Change user group
F.,	This opens the User groups editor.
	Note: The "User settings" right in the "Administrator" user group cannot be disabled.
×	Deleting user group
	Enter text for text search / filter
	Start text search / enable filter
	The user groups containing the specified text in their names are displayed.

All user groups are displayed in the data area.

User group editor

When you create or change a group, another window opens in which you can select the user rights of the respective group. These rights include:

- · Server access via URL
- View discovered topology
- View reports
- Operative monitoring settings
- User settings
- Basic settings for discovery and monitoring
- View monitored topology
- View all devices and servers
- View server overview
- System settings
- Jobs of all job types and basic job settings
- Jobs of the job type "Firmware download" and relevant basic job settings
- Jobs of the job type "CLI" and relevant basic job settings
- Job of the job type "System backup"

Procedure

In the open User Group editor, follow the steps below to create a user group and to assign one or more functions to the user group:

- 1. Enter a name for the new user group.
- 2. Select one or more entries in the table.
- 3. Select the "Activate" button to assign the selected functions to the user group.
- 4. Select the "Deactivate" button to remove the selected functions from the user group
- 5. Select the "Save" button to apply the settings.

See also

Users and user groups (Page 73)

4.4.5.3 Administration - User Logon locks

Protection from brute force attacks

To protect against brute force attacks, after five failed logon attempts the IP address of a user or a user the logon to SINEMA Server is rejected assuming that there was less than five minutes between the logon attempts.

Locked IP addresses / unlocking users

Locked IP addresses are displayed under "Administration > User > Logon locks" and can be unlocked by users who have the "User settings" right. Whether and after what period IP addresses or users are unlocked can be configured by users with this right using the symbol . As default, automatic unlocking is enabled. The default and minimum value for the locking period is 10 minutes.

4.4.6 Administration - System

4.4.6.1 Administration - System System information

The "Administration > System > System information" Web page shows you the following information about the management station in the form of a table:

- Computer
 - Processor
 - Main memory
 - Hard disk
 - MAC address
 - IP address(es)
- Operating system
 - Type and version
 - Computer name
 - Computer status
 - Time zone
- SINEMA server
 - License type
 - Version number
 - Revision

4.4.6.2 Administration - System configuration

Meaning

In this dialog, you can export your system configuration, import an exported system configuration and reset your system configuration to initial values.

In this dialog, you also specify the shared secret for access to data of other SINEMA Server instances. Before a SINEMA Server instance can query device data of another SINEMA Server instance and display it in the server overview, the same shared secret must be configured for both of them.

With the "Administration > System > Configuration" menu command, you obtain the following buttons and functions:

"System configuration" dialog area:

"Export" button

To export the system configuration, click the "Export" button. The following settings can be saved on a specified path:

- Scan settings
- Device profiles
- General monitoring settings
- Event types / event reactions / overall status groups
- "Unmanaged" device types
- Users and user groups
- Filter templates
- Basic settings of the basic job settings
- Settings of the job type "Firmware download" of the basic job settings
- Settings of the job type "Firmware activation" of the basic job settings
- Settings of the job type "CLI" of the basic job settings

If you want to change the proposed file name for the export file, you need to specify the file extension .ENC manually. Otherwise the export file will be saved in the wrong format

Note the special points when exporting job-relevant settings in the section Basic settings (Page 226).

"Import" button

To import an existing system configuration, click the "Import" button and select the file *.dpl in the dialog that opens.

Importing a system configuration is only possible when there are currently no devices in the system.

Note the special points when importing job-relevant settings in the section Basic settings (Page 226).

• "Reset" button

To reset certain settings of the system configuration, click the "Reset" button. A dialog box with options opens in which you can make your selection.

Resetting a system configuration is only possible when there are currently no devices in the system.

4.4.6.3 Administration - System / E-mail settings

Before you can configure an event reaction in "Administration > Event reactions" you need to configure e-mail settings in "Administration > System > E-mail settings". The following needs to be specified:

- SMTP server IP
- SMTP port
- Email address of the sender
- User name (optional)
- Password / password confirmation (optional)
- Encryption (selection from drop-down list)

See also

Administration - Events Event types (Page 198)

[&]quot;Server overview" dialog area: Entry of the shared secret.

4.4.7 Administration - My settings

4.4.7.1 Administration - My settings Password

Password

The window contains the usual fields for changing a password:

- Previous password
- New password
- Confirm new password

You can save the change using the \blacksquare icon in the header.

4.4.7.2 Administration - My settings User interface

The "Administration > My settings > User interface" Web page includes the "Monitoring refresh interval" box. With the monitoring interval, you specify the number of seconds after which the data in the user interface is updated. The minimum value is 15 seconds.

You can save the value using the \blacksquare icon in the header.

4.4.8 Administration - Jobs

4.4.8.1 Overview

Function of jobs

A job is a set of tasks that can be executed in SINEMA Server. When a job is executed for devices every device is process in a task of this job.

Jobs can be created, plan and started manually or time-controlled in SINEMA Server. While jobs are executing, simultaneous use of other functions of SINEMA Server is possible. The processing status of jobs and the corresponding tasks can be viewed at any time and are also communicated by the corresponding events

Available job types

The following types of job are available in SINEMA Server:

- Run a firmware download (and optional activation) for SCALANCE X and SCALANCE W devices
- Firmware activation for SCALANCE X and SCALANCE W devices by restarting the devices
- Execute CLI commands
- Create system backup

See also

Basic job settings (Page 225)

Configuration of jobs (Page 220)

4.4.8.2 Requirements for the execution of jobs

Before jobs can be executed, the following job type-specific requirements must be met.

Job type "Firmware download"

Before jobs of the type "Firmware download" can be executed, the following requirements must be met:

TFTP server:

A TFTP server is required that can be reached from the management station and from the devices and on which the firmware files can be stored. When there is a firmware download, the devices then obtain the firmware files from this TFTP server. The TFTP server is not part of the SINEMA Server product package.

You configure the TFTP server in SINEMA Server in the "Firmware download" tab of the basic job settings.

The TFTP server used should be protected by a firewall.

Firmware files

The firmware files need to be stored in the firmware storage of SINEMA Server via the basic job settings. Files stored there are copied automatically by SINEMA Server to the basic directory specified for the TFTP server. You specify which firmware files can potentially be used for a device by adding a firmware file to the firmware storage and specifying the article numbers for which the firmware file will be valid. When configuring a job, only the firmware files valid for devices are available.

Hardware Support Packages (HSPs):

HSPs contain instructions required by SINEMA Server among other things for running firmware downloads to devices. For every device for which a firmware download will be performed an HSP identified with the article number of this device is required. HSPs for the supported Siemens devices already exist in SINEMA Server and are named with the article numbers of the corresponding devices. Whether the HSPs required for a firmware download for the article numbers assigned to a firmware file exist is shown in the "HSP support" column: "Firmware download" is shown in the "Firmware download" tab of the basic job settings. If several HSPs for at least one of the assigned article numbers, the entry "Yes" is highlighted in red in the table column. In this case, check the HSP assignment because SINEMA Server itself selects one of the HSPs in this case. In the "Basic settings" tab of the basic job settings new HSPs can be added and the list of HSPs already added to article numbers can be edited.

Job type "Firmware activation"

For every device whose firmware will be activated an HSP identified with the article number of this device is required. HSPs for the supported Siemens devices already exist in SINEMA Server and are named with the article numbers of the corresponding devices. Whether the HSPs required for a firmware activation for the article numbers assigned to a firmware file exist is shown in the "HSP support" column: "Firmware activation" is shown in the "Firmware download" tab of the basic job settings. If several HSPs for at least one of the assigned article numbers, the entry "Yes" is highlighted in red in the table column. In this case, check the HSP assignment because SINEMA Server itself selects one of the HSPs in this case. In the "Basic settings" tab of the basic job settings new HSPs can be added and the list of HSPs already added to article numbers can be edited.

Job type "CLI"

Before jobs of the type "CLI" can be executed, the following requirements must be met:

CLI scripts:

The CLI scripts need to be stored in the CLI script storage of SINEMA Server via the basic job settings. You specify which CLI scripts can potentially be used for a device by adding a CLI script to the CLI script storage, selecting the compatibility type "Restricted" and then specifying the article numbers of the devices for which the CLI script will be valid. When you configure a job, after selecting this CLI script, only the devices valid for it are available for selection. If you have selected the combat ability type "Universal", all monitored devices are available for selection in the device assignment.

Hardware Support Packages (HSPs):

For every device for which a CLI script will be executed an HSP identified with the article number of this device is required. HSPs for the supported Siemens devices already exist in SINEMA Server and are named with the article numbers of the corresponding devices.

Job type "System backup"

In contrast to other job types, a job already exists for the job type "System backup" that executes as default every day at 04.00 am. To execute this job and HSP is required that already exists in SINEMA Server.

A created system backup can be transferred back manually via SINEMA Server Monitor. If SINEMA Server cannot be started correctly, the last created system backup is transferred back automatically. The path on which SINEMA Server searches for this system backup can be configured in the job type-specific settings, refer to the section Job type-specific settings for the job type "System backup" (Page 224).

The basic job settings are described in section Basic job settings (Page 225).

This configuration of jobs is described in sectionConfiguration of jobs (Page 220).

Layout of the Web page

The Web page "Administration > Jobs" displays all the jobs stored in SINEMA Server with their configured properties and status information.

With the control elements of the header, jobs can be managed and controlled for execution.

Operator input

The following table explains the control elements of the header.

Symbol	Function
36	Add new jobr
3/16	The dialog for configuring jobs is displayed, see section Configuration of jobs (Page 220).
ia i	Copy selected job
	The selected job is copied and the configuration dialog for the new job is opened. The settings of the copied job are adopted including the devices assigned to the job and can be adapted.
	Copying makes sense, for example when creating a job to activate a firmware file based on a job for downloading a firmware file, when both jobs will be executed for the same devices.
	This function is not available for the job type "System backup".
△	Edit selected job
*	The dialog for configuring jobs is opened, see section Configuration of jobs (Page 220).
×	Delete selected jobs
	The selected job is deleted. Multiple selection is possible. Jobs in the "In progress" status cannot be deleted.
	This function is not available for the job type "System backup".
•	Basic job settings
	The dialog for configuring the basic job settings is opened, see section Basic job settings (Page 225).
>	Run selected jobs
	The selected job is started from the beginning and changed to the "In progress" status. Multiple selection is possible. The execution started with this but has no influence on executions planned for the job.
П	Pause / suspend selected jobs
	The function of this button depends on the status of the selected job:
	Job status "In progress": The selected job is paused and changed to the "Paused" status. Tasks of the job currently being processed are executed where possible to the end. However no new tasks are started. This function is not available for the job type "System backup".
	Job statuses "Pending / Finished / Stopped / Failed partly / Failed": Jobs in one of these statuses and not configured with the type of execution "Manual" are changed to the "Suspended" status. For jobs in the "Suspended" status, planned executions are not performed and changes to their configuration are not possible.
	This button has no influence on jobs in other statuses.
I¥	Continue selected jobs / cancel suspension of jobs
	The function of this button depends on the status of the selected job:
	 Job status "Paused": The selected job is continued from the position at which the job was paused.
	Job status "Suspended": The selected job is changed to the "Pending" status and executed again according to the planning configured for it.
	This button has no influence on jobs in other statuses.

4.4 Administration

Symbol	Function
	Stop selected jobs
	A job in the status "In progress" is stopped with this button and cannot be continued at the same position If the type of execution "Manual" was configured for the job, it is given the status "Stopped". Tasks of the job currently being processed are executed where possible to the end. However no new tasks are started. Multiple selection is possible.
	Stop / suspend all jobs
	The function of this button depends on the status of the job:
	Job status "In progress": Refer to the description of the "Stop selected jobs" function.
	Job status "Pending / Finished / Stopped / Failed partly / Failed": Jobs in one of these statuses and not configured with the type of execution "Manual" are changed to the "Suspended" status. For jobs in the "Suspended" status, planned executions are not performed and changes to their configuration are not possible.
	Regardless of the jobs involved, the buttons "Run selected jobs", "Pause / suspend selected jobs" and "Stop selected jobs" are disabled. By clicking the "Stop / suspend all jobs" button again the buttons are re-enabled and planned executions of jobs are performed again.
0 (24	Enter text to filter based on jobs. The entered text is searched for in all columns.
	In the input box, text is displayed when a simple query entered in the filter template editor is active.
	The [] icon is displayed when a filter template with a complex query is active.
•	Selection of a previously created template for filtering according to jobs. After selection, the properties of the filter template are applied to the list of jobs. Unsaved filter settings are indicated by the "*" character.
	As an alternative to selecting from the drop-down list, you can also enter the name of the filter template. Cross-user filter templates are displayed in a blue font.
7	Open the editor for configuring filter settings that can be stored in filter templates.
V ≥	The $\frac{1}{k}$ icon is displayed when the configured filter settings differ from the default filter settings.

4.4.8.3 Configuration of jobs

Overview

You reach the dialog for configuring jobs via the button for creating, editing or copying a job or using the shortcut menu command "Advanced settings > Add new job" in the device list. In this dialog you can make basic settings not dependent on the job type and job type-specific settings and assign the required devices to a job. After using the shortcut menu command, the selected devices are already assigned to the job. The settings cannot be changed for jobs that are currently being executed.

See also

Overview (Page 216)

Basic settings

The "Basic settings" tab contains the following parameters:

Parameter	Function
ID	ID of the job that is generated automatically when the job is saved. The ID cannot be changed.
Status	Current status of the job. A job as the status "Draft" until all the properties required to execute it are configured. Afterwards the job is set to the "Pending" status and can be executed. For information on other job statuses, refer to the section Requirements for the execution of jobs (Page 217)
Description	Freely selectable description of the job.
Tasks	Display of the total number of tasks contained in the job. Behind this the tasks successfully executed during the last execution are shown in green and failed tasks if detectable are shown in red.
Type of execution	With this drop-down list, the type of execution of the job can be specified:
	Manual: The job can only be executed using the buttons "Run selected jobs" in the header of the job list and "Save and execute" in the configuration dialog for jobs.
	Once: The job is executed once at a selectable time. The job can also be executed with the "Run selected jobs" button.
	Every n hours: As of a selectable point in time the job is executed at a selectable interval of hours. The minimum value is 1, the maximum value 24. The end of the periodic execution can be specified with a number of executions or with end date. The job can also be executed using the "Run selected jobs" button.
	 Every n days: As of a selectable point in time the job is executed at a selectable interval. As the interval, the options "Daily", "Weekly", "Monthly" or a user-defined number of days can be selected. The end of the periodic execution can be specified with a number of executions or with end date. The job can also be executed using the "Run selected jobs" button. For jobs configured with a type of execution other than "Manual", no logon to SINEMA Server is necessary.
Job type	With the job type, you specify the function of the job:
	• Firmware download: Runs a firmware download for SCALANCE X and SCALANCE W devices. As an option, the firmware can be activated after the update.
	• Firmware activation: Activates the firmware of a SCALANCE X or SCALANCE W device by restarting the device.
	CLI: Executes a CLI script.
	System backup A system backup contains all the project and program data including the monitored devices and events. This is have in selected already as default for an existing ish. The ish type for this ish separat have
	This job type is selected already as default for an existing job. The job type for this job cannot be changed and no further jobs with this job type can be configured.

4.4 Administration

Job type-specific settings for the job type "Firmware download"

For the job type "Firmware download" the "Job type specific settings" tab contains the following parameters:

Parameter	Function
Maximum number of tasks per-	Specifies the maximum number of tasks of the job that can be performed at one time. Each device is processed in its own task.
formed at the same time	The minimum value is 1, the maximum value of the cross-job value configured in the basic job settings
Run firmware	As the mode of firmware activation, one of the following options can be selected:
activation	After the firmware downloads for all devices have been made
	Immediately after the firmware download to a device
	Do not execute
Use following firmware	With the following options you specify which firmware file will be used when downloading to the devices assigned to the job. A device-specific selection in the "Devices" tab overwrites the selection in this tab.
	Default firmware: For a device the firmware file is used for which the article number of the device is specified in the basic job settings and that is configured there as default firmware.
	 Newest firmware For a device the firmware file is used for which the article number of the device is specified in the basic job settings. If several firmware files come into question, the firmware file with the highest identified firmware version is used. This is shown in the "Firmware download" tab of the basic job settings.
If an error occurs:	With the following options you specify is how a failed task execution is handled:
	Continue with following tasks Execution continues with the following tasks of the job.
	Do not run following tasks: All the following tasks of the job are no longer run. Tasks already being run continue to be executed.
Configuration backup	If this check box is enabled, prior to running firmware downloads to the devices of the job, their configurations are saved automatically on the TFTP server. A configuration file has the file extension *.cfg and is named with the IP address of the device and the time stamp of the creation of the file. It is not possible to restore configuration files using SINEMA Server.
	The creation of automatic configuration backups by SINEMA Server is particularly useful before performing firmware downgrades since here the device configurations can be lost.

Job type-specific settings for the job type "Firmware activation"

For the job type "Firmware activation" the "Job type specific settings" tab contains the following parameters:

Parameter	Function
Maximum number of tasks per-	Specifies the maximum number of tasks of the job that can be performed at one time. Each device is processed in its own task.
formed at the same time	The minimum value is 1, the maximum value of the cross-job value configured in the basic job settings
If an error occurs:	With the following options you specify is how a failed task execution is handled:
	Continue with following tasks Execution continues with the following tasks of the job.
	Do not run following tasks: All the following tasks of the job are no longer run. Tasks already being run continue to be executed.

Job type-specific settings for the job type "CLI"

For the job type "CLI" the "Job type specific settings" tab contains the following parameters and control elements:

Parameter / control element	Function
Script name	Display of the name of the CLI script that was selected with the "Select" button.
Select	Opens a dialog in which a CLI script can be selected that was saved in the CLI script storage via the basic job settings: If the job has already been assigned devices, this dialog displays the CLI scripts valid for these devices and CLI scripts with the type of validity "Universal".
Description	Display of the description of the CLI script that was selected with the "Select" button.
Details	Opens a dialog that displays the settings, CLI commands and article numbers of the CLI script. No changes can be made in this dialog.
User name	Specifies the user name required for execution of the CLI scripts for the devices assigned to the job. Only one user name can be specified for each job. Specifying a user name is optional, the maximum number of characters is 25.
Password	Specifies the password of the selected user. The maximum number of characters is 25.
SSH port (encrypt- ed)	The "SSH" protocol and the specified port are used for communication with the devices for which the CLI scripts will be run. The setting made here overwrites settings from the basic job settings.
	For security reasons the "SSH" protocol should be used for communication with the devices.
Telnet port (unen- crypted)	The "Telnet" protocol and the specified port are used for communication with the devices for which the CLI scripts will be run. The setting made here overwrites settings from the basic job settings.
Use basic job setting	The protocol and the port that was selected in the basic job settings are used for communication with the devices.
Maximum number of tasks performed at the same time	Specifies the maximum number of tasks of the job that can be performed at one time. Each device is processed in its own task.
	The minimum value is 1, the maximum value of the cross-job value configured in the basic job settings
If an error occurs:	With the following options you specify is how a failed task execution is handled:
	Continue with following tasks Execution continues with the following tasks of the job.
	Do not run following tasks: All the following tasks of the job are no longer run. Tasks already being run continue to be executed.

Job type-specific settings for the job type "System backup"

For the job type "System backup" the "Job type specific settings" tab contains the following parameters:

Parameter	Function
Number of system backups	Number of system backups stored on the configured path on the management station. If the specified number is reached, the next system backup automatically deletes the system backup with the oldest time stamp. The minimum value is 1, the maximum value 10.
Path for system backups on management station	Pass on the management station on which system backups are saved and on which SINEMA Server searches for the last created system backup when automatically restoring. Paths to network drives are not permitted.

Overview

In the "Devices" tab, you can assign the required devices to the job using the horizontal arrow buttons. Only monitored devices can be assigned. In addition to this, the selection of the assignable devices can be restricted depending on the selected job type. When the job was created in the device list using the shortcut menu "Advanced settings > Add new job", the selected devices are already assigned to the job.

The order of the assigned devices to be processed can be specified using the vertical arrow buttons in the header. If the simultaneous processing of several tasks is permitted, the configured processing order can differ from the real order.

For jobs whose execution has already started, only the area of the assigned devices is displayed. In this view, the task status is displayed in the "Status" column. For failed tasks, the cause of the error is shown in a tooltip.

Below the job type-specific properties of the assignment dialog are described.

Device settings for the job type "Firmware download"

If a job of the type "Firmware download" is involved, in the area of the assigned devices, you can call up a dialog for selecting a firmware file for each device using the button. Multiple selection is only possible for devices that have the same article number. In the dialog, all the firmware files located in the firmware storage of SINEMA Server are displayed that are identified with article number of the selected device. The selection in this dialog overwrites the configuration made in the job type-specific settings. Based on the examples of entries, the following table explains how the selection dialog works:

Entry	Effect on selection
V2.0	The firmware file with the name V2.0 is always used.
V2.5 (current default firmware)	The firmware file with the name V2.5 is always used. This is currently configured as the default firmware for the article number of the device.
V3.0 (currently the newest firmware)	The firmware file with the name V3.0 is always used. This is currently the firmware file with the highest identified firmware version of the firmware files valid for the article number of the device.

Entry	Effect on selection
Default firmware (V2.5)	For a device the firmware file is always used for which the article number of the device is specified in the basic job settings of SINEMA server and that is configured there as default firmware. Currently this is version V2.5.
Newest firmware (V3.0)	The firmware file with the highest identified firmware version of the firmware files valid for the article number of the device is always used. Currently this is version V3.0.

In the area of the assigned devices, the "Current firmware version" column shows the firmware currently on the device and the "Firmware download" column shows the configured firmware download behavior. If a concrete firmware version was selected in the selection dialog described above, the text "User-defined" is displayed in this column. Otherwise the option selected in the job type-specific settings is displayed.

Device settings for the job type "Firmware activation"

In the area of the assigned devices, the "Current firmware version" column shows the firmware currently on the device. The firmware cannot be changed for the assigned devices.

Device settings for the job type "CLI"

If a CLI script with the compatibility type "Universal" was selected in the job type-specific settings, all monitored devices are available for selection in the "Available devices" area. If the combat ability type "Restricted was selected only the monitored devices valid for the CLI script are available for selection.

For jobs that have already been executed, the symbol can be used to display the course of execution of the CLI script.

4.4.8.4 Basic job settings

Overview

In the basic job settings, you can make cross-job type and job type-specific settings. It is also possible to export and import basic job settings you have made. The "Events" tab shows all the job-relevant events that have occurred. These are also displayed in the event list.

Basic settings

In the basic settings, the following parameters and control elements are available:

Parameter / control element	Function	
Maximum number of tasks performed at	Specifies the maximum number of tasks that can be performed at one time. The specified number applies to the tasks of jobs of all job types.	
the same time	The minimum value is 1, the maximum value 25.	
Export	Opens a dialog in which the parts of the basic job settings to be exported can be selected.	
	The export of basic job settings is not possible during the execution of jobs. For this reason, SINEMA Server automatically runs the function "Stop / suspend all jobs" after clicking the "Export" button. After the export has been performed, planned executions of jobs are performed again.	
	It is not possible the change the basic job settings during export.	
	If you want to change the proposed file name for the export file, you need to specify the file extension .ENC manually. Otherwise the export file will be saved in the wrong format	
Import	Opens a dialog in which the parts of the basic job settings to be imported can be selected.	
	Due to importing, the selected parts of the basic job settings are completely overwritten. Tasks whose firmware files are overwritten by the import can therefore fail.	
	The import of basic job settings is not possible during the execution of jobs. For this reason, SINEMA Server automatically runs the function "Stop / suspend all jobs" after clicking the "Import" button. After the import has been performed, planned executions of jobs are performed again.	
	It is not possible the change the basic job settings during import.	
36	Add new HSP	
1/8/	Opens a dialog in which a Hardware Support Package (HSP) can be selected for import.	
<i>→</i>	Edit selected HSP	
	Opens a dialog in which a descriptive text for the HSP and a waiting time for a response from devices can be specified in seconds. In addition to this, article numbers of devices for which the HSP is valid can be specified, changed and deleted.	
	Only HSPs for the job types "Firmware download" and "Firmware activation" can be edited.	
×	Delete selected HSPs	
**	Deletes the selected HSP. Multiple selection is possible.	
	Tasks that use a deleted HSP fail.	
C	Searches the list of HSPs for the entered text.	

See also

Requirements for the execution of jobs (Page 217)

Firmware download

The following parameters and control elements are available:

Parameter / control element	Function
TFTP server	IP address of the TFTP server The TFTP server must be reachable from the management station and from the devices.
Port	The port used for the connection to the TFTP server. The default port is 69.
Number of retries	Number of attempts to perform a firmware download after a firmware download failed. The minimum and default value is 1, the maximum value 3.
Time between retries	Time in seconds between the retries. The minimum and default value is 30 seconds, the maximum value 180 seconds.
36	Add new firmware file
-	Opens a dialog for selecting a firmware file. After the selection, an editor is opened for the firmware file, see table "Editor for firmware files" below.
	The maximum permitted file size for firmware files is 100 MB.
<i>→</i>	Edit selected firmware file
	Opens the editor for editing the selected firmware file that is described in the table "Editor for firmware files".
×	Delete selected firmware files
	Deletes the selected firmware files from the firmware storage of SINEMA Server. The firmware file on the TFTP server is not deleted. Tasks with the deleted firmware file fail.
	Mark as default firmware
	Marks the selected firmware files as default firmware for the corresponding article numbers. Per article number there can only ever be one default firmware. If several firmware files are configured as default firmware for an article number, SINEMA Server uses the firmware file with the highest identified firmware version as default firmware.
	So that the firmware file is used for a device with one of these article numbers, "Default firmware" must be selected in the job type-specific settings for the job, see section Job type-specific settings for the job type "Firmware download" (Page 222).
	Remove designation as default firmware
_	Removes the designation as default firmware from the selected firmware files.
<u>.</u>	Copy selected firmware files to TFTP server
	Deletes the selected firmware files from the firmware storage of SINEMA Server to the basic directory configured for the TFTP server.
0 (2	Enter text to filter based on firmware files. The entered text is searched for in all columns.
	In the input box, text is displayed when a simple query entered in the filter template editor is active.
	The [] icon is displayed when a filter template with a complex query is active.
•	Selection of a previously created template for filtering according to firmware files. After selection, the properties of the filter template are applied to the list of firmware files. Unsaved filter settings are indicated by the "*" character.
	As an alternative to selecting from the drop-down list, you can also enter the name of the filter template. Cross-user filter templates are displayed in a blue font.
7	Open the editor for configuring filter settings that can be stored in filter templates.
Z	The χ icon is displayed when the configured filter settings differ from the default filter settings.

4.4 Administration

Table 4- 27 Editor for firmware files

Parameter / control element	Function
Firmware version	Firmware version that was read by SINEMA Server from the selected firmware file. The read out firmware version can be changed manually and is used to form the identified firmware version. The specified firmware version must contain a valid combination of periods and digits.
Description	Freely selectable description of the firmware file.
Default firmware	Marks the firmware file as default firmware for the corresponding article numbers. Per article number there can only ever be one default firmware. If several firmware files are configured as default firmware for an article number, SINEMA Server uses the firmware file with the highest identified firmware version as default firmware.
	So that the firmware file is used for a device with one of these article numbers, "Default firmware" must be selected in the job type-specific settings for the job, see section Job type-specific settings for the job type "Firmware download" (Page 222).
Identified firmware version	The firmware version identified by SINEMA Server from the "Firmware version" parameter. The identified firmware version is used among other things to identify the firmware file to be used for a device when several firmware files come into question for the device. In this case, the firmware file with the higher identified firmware version is used.
a de	Add new article number Opens a dialog in which the article numbers of devices can be specified for which the firmware file is valid. The article numbers read out of the firmware file by SINEMA Server are displayed in the table "Compatible article numbers". It is recommended that you check whether the article numbers read out are actually compatible with the firmware file.
Ø	Edit selected article number Opens a dialog for editing the article numbers.
×	Delete selected article numbers Deletes the selected article numbers for the firmware file.
C	Searches the list of article numbers for the entered text.

CLI

The following parameters and control elements are available:

Parameter / control element	Function
Number of retries	Number of attempts to execute a CLI script, after a device has not responded to the execution of the script. After a response from the device is missing, the entire CLI script is executed again. The minimum and default value is 1, the maximum value 3.
Time between retries	Time in seconds between the retries. The minimum and default value is 30, the maximum value 300.
SSH port (encrypt- ed)	The "SSH" protocol and the specified port are used for communication with the devices for which the CLI scripts will be run.
Telnet port (unen- crypted)	The "Telnet" protocol and the specified port are used for communication with the devices for which the CLI scripts will be run.

Parameter / control element	Function
38	Add new CLI script
-	Opens an editor in which the settings and commands of the CLI script can be stored. The editor is described in the table "Editor for CLI scripts".
	A maximum of 1000 scripts can be stored in the CLI script storage of SINEMA Server.
<i></i>	Edit selected CLI script
	Opens the editor for editing the settings and the commands of the selected CLI script. The editor is described in the table "Editor for CLI scripts".
×	Delete selected CLI scripts
•	Deletes the selected CLI script from the CLI script storage of SINEMA Server. Tasks with the deleted CLI script fail.
	Copy selected CLI script
	The selected CLI script is copied and the editor for the new CLI script is opened in which settings and commands can be changed.
C	Searches the list of CLI scripts for the entered text.

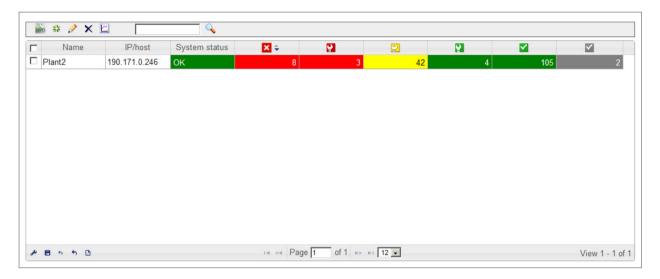
Table 4- 28 Editor CLI scripts

Parameter / control element	Function
Name	Freely selectable name for the CLI script.
Description	Freely selectable description of the CLI script.
Waiting time for	Waiting time for reply from the device in seconds.
reply	Minimum value: 1
	Default value: 5
	Maximum value: 30
Universal	All devices can be assigned to jobs with this CLI script.
Restricted	Only devices whose article numbers were added using the "Article numbers" button can be assigned to jobs with this CLI scripts. CLI scripts with this compatibility type cannot be saved without specifying article numbers.
Article numbers	Opens an editor in which article numbers of the devices for which the CLI script is valid can be added, changed and deleted.
CLI commands	Editor area for creating and editing CLI commands. There is no validation of the syntax of CLI commands. Each line is handled as a CLI command. A maximum of 20 CLI commands can be added.

4.5 Server overview

You can open the "Server overview" Web page in one of the following ways:

- Entry in the navigation bar
- Entry below the "Server overview" node in the device tree



Meaning

On the "Server overview" Web page, SINEMA Server provides an overview of the overall statuses of devices monitored by other SINEMA Server instances in the network. To do this, the Web page shows how many devices have which overall status for each SINEMA Server. To increase and decrease the number of devices, there are system events that can be enabled or disabled for each device overall status.

Before SINEMA Server instances are displayed on this Web page, they must be created and configured using the button, refer to the section "Configuring a SINEMA Server instance".

Configured SINEMA Server instances can be called directly from the server overview. When they are called up, there is an automatic authentication with the user data with which the calling user is logged in for the local SINEMA Server instance. To do this, the user needs the "Server access via URL" right.

Operator input

The following table shows the operator control elements of the "Server overview" Web page with a brief explanation.

Icon	Display / function
SINE	Open server in new tab
	With this function, you open the selected SINEMA Server instance and are automatically logged in with the user data configured for the instance in the server overview.
86	Add new server
	This function opens the "SINEMA Server editor" dialog. In this dialog, you configure the data for the reachability of the SINEMA Server instance; refer to the section "Configuring a SINEMA Server instance".
⊘	Edit selected server
	With this function you open the "SINEMA Server editor" dialog in which you can edit the existing entries, refer to the section "Configuring a SINEMA Server instance".
×	Delete servers
~	Create report
	With this function, you open the dialog for configuring a report containing the number of reachability statuses of a selected SINEMA Server instance over a selected period. The following parameters can be configured in this dialog:
	The period the report will cover.
	The types of reachability status to be included in the report.
	Enter text for text search / filter
Q	Start text search / filter setting

Content

The following information is available in the columns of the server overview:

Parameter	Meaning
Name	Name of the SINEMA Server instance
IP/host	IP address of the SINEMA Server instance
System status	Reachability status of the SINEMA Server instance
×	Number of devices that currently have the overall status "Not reachable".
P	Number of devices that currently have the overall status "Error".
<u> </u>	Number of devices that currently have the overall status "Maintenance demanded".
y	Number of devices that currently have the overall status "Maintenance required".
✓	Number of devices that currently have the overall status "OK".
>	Number of devices that currently have the overall status "Not connected".
Port Web UI	Port used to call the SINEMA Server instance from the server overview.

4.5 Server overview

Parameter	Meaning
Protocol	Protocol used to call the SINEMA Server instance from the server overview.
Port server poll	Port used to poll the overall device statuses from the SINEMA Server instance.

Note

User-specific display of the SINEMA Server instances

SINEMA Server instances that were created in the server overview can be part of views that can be assigned to specific users. If you are logged in as a user whose user group has restricted user rights and to which such a view was assigned, you will only see the SINEMA Server instances of the corresponding view in the server overview.

Configuring a SINEMA Server instance

The "Basic settings" tab of the "SINEMA Server editor" window contains the following operator control elements:

Operator control element	Function
Name	Name of the SINEMA Server instance to be displayed in the server overview
IP/host	IP address of the SINEMA Server instance
Protocol	Protocol used to call the SINEMA Server instance from the server overview.
Port	Port used to call the SINEMA Server instance from the server overview.

In the "Advanced settings" tab, the port used to poll the device overall statuses from the SINEMA Server instance can be configured.

Note

Shared secret required

Before a SINEMA Server instance can query device data of another SINEMA Server instance and display it in the server overview, the same shared secret must be configured for both of them i "Administration > System > Configuration, refer to the sectionAdministration - System configuration (Page 213) .

Calling up a SINEMA Server instance - requirement

SINEMA Server instances are called up from the server overview using the HTTPS protocol. To be able to call up SINEMA Server instances, you first need to install the server certificate on your client.

Follow the steps outlined below:

- 1. In your Web browser, click the "Certificate error" notification.
- This opens a dialog with a message regarding the non-trustworthy certificate.
- 2. Click the "Show certificate" button.
 - The certificate window opens.
- 3. Select the "Install certificate" option and follow the instructions to install the certificate of the relevant server on your client computer.

See also

SINEMA Server users and roles concept (Page 73)

4.5 Server overview

Data exchange via OPC

5.1 Access via OPC server - options and concept

OPC

The OPC standard (Open Process Control) is used for devices in industrial automation to transfer plant data, alarms and events, historical data and data from batch processes between control devices of different manufacturers in real time. The OPC interface is a standard for the co-operation of differing systems when exchanging data at runtime. Systems of other manufacturers can be connected to the OPC server via OPC clients and read out or monitor the data.

When accessing data, the following types of access must be distinguished:

Data access with OPC (UA)

The OPC UA (Unified Architecture) is based on a service-oriented architecture and manages without the components of the Microsoft COM/DCOM (Component Object Model/Distributed Object Component Model).

Data access with OPC (DA)

OPC DA is a standard with specifications for real-time data transfer from data acquisition devices such as PLCs. It is used to provide a display and interface for devices such as HMI devices. SINEMA Server supports the range of functions of OPC DA.

With OPC DA remote access, the DCOM settings must be configured in SINEMA Server.

Accessing SINEMA Server data via an OPC server

Only users with access to SINEMA Server can access project data of SINEMA Server via an OPC server. The OPC server can be accessed via the OPC client. In turn, the configuration data of SINEMA Server and the properties of the network devices can be accessed via the OPC server. For the interaction with an OPC server, any OPC client can be used. Using the OPC server, you can display the runtime data and properties of a SINEMA Server project.

Note

Requirements for remote access to SINEMA Server data

For remote access to SINEMA Server data, the OPC client must be installed locally on your computer. Before OPC connections can be set up, the required devices must be made visible in OPC in Administration> Monitoring > OPC. In the case of changes to the OPC visibility of devices, all connected OPC clients must be disconnected and reconnected to the OPC Server so that the changes are visible for the OPC clients.

5.2 Data access with OPC (UA)

The OPC UA (Unified Architecture) is based on a service-oriented architecture and manages without the components of the Microsoft COM/DCOM (Component Object Model/Distributed Object Component Model). OPC UA is a cross-platform standard with which systems and devices of different types can communicate with each other. They send messages between clients and servers via different types of network. UA supports rugged, secure communication that protects the identity of servers and clients and provides protection from attacks.

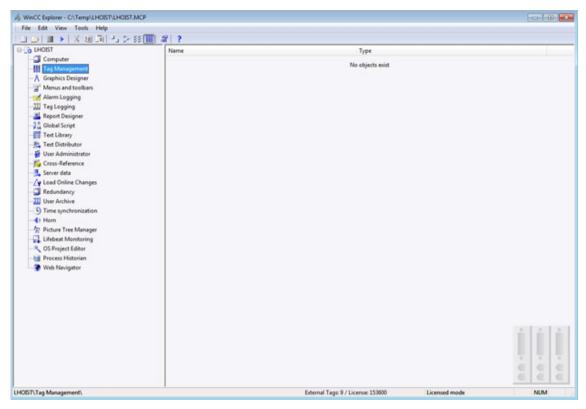
Configuring UA ports

The default port used for a UA server is 4840. This port can be configured using the configuration option in the shortcut menu of the "SINEMA Server Monitor" sub window. To access this shortcut menu, right click on the icon for the sub window "SINEMA Server Monitor" in the Windows system tray. A window with a list of options is then displayed.

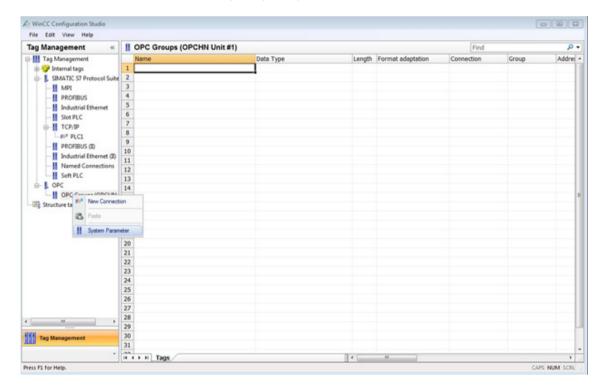
For more detailed information on configuring a UA port, refer to the section Port settings (Page 28).

Creating a secure OPC connection in WinCC Explorer 7.2

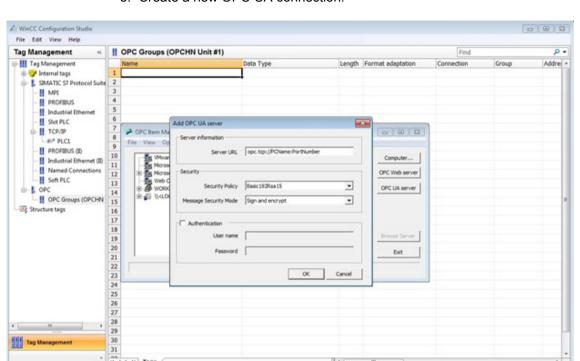
- You will find the WinCC client certificate "Siemens OPC UA Client for WinCC.der" in the path "C:\Program Files\SIEMENS\WinCC\OPC\UAWrapper\PKI\CA\certs". Copy this certificate to the folder
 - "C:\Siemens\SINEMAServer\Sinema_Server\WinCC_OA\3.13\data\opcua\server\PKI\CA\ certs".
- 2. Start the WinCC Explorer.
- 3. Open the Tag Management.



4. In OPC Groups, open System Parameter.



5.2 Data access with OPC (UA)



5. Create a new OPC UA connection.

Result: The error message "This OPC Server does not support a browser interface" appears.

- 6. Copy the rejected certificate from the folder "C:\Program Files\SIEMENS\WinCC\OPC\UAWrapper\PKI\CA\rejected\certs" to the folder "C:\Program Files\SIEMENS\WinCC\OPC\UAWrapper\PKI\CA\certs".
- 7. Create a new OPC UA connection again to have full secure access (Basic 192RSA 15).

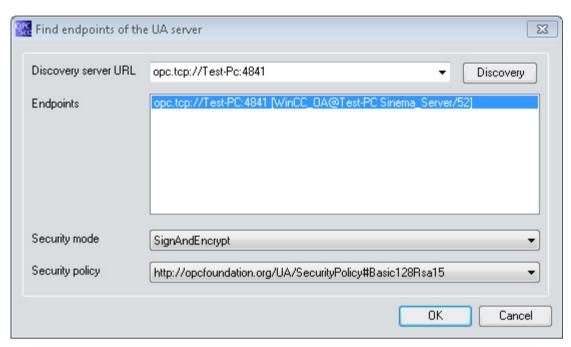
Accessing (OPC Scout) SINEMA Server data via an OPC server (OPC UA)

- 1. Start SINEMA Server.
- 2. Start OPC Scout V10.

Press F1 for Help

CAPS NUM SCR

3. Create a signed and encrypted UA server connection in OPC Scout V10 (opc.tcp://pcname:port).



4. Double-click on the server so that the error message "Bad certificate error" appears.

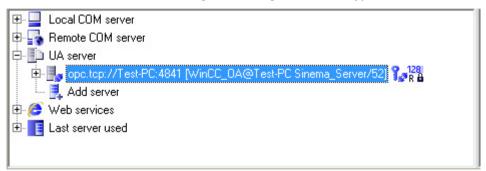


5. You will now find the rejected OPC Scout V10 certificate in the directory "C:\Siemens\SINEMAServer\WinCC_OA\3.13\data\opcua\server\PKI\CA\rejected".



5.3 Data access with OPC (DA)

- Move this certificate to the folder "C:\Siemens\SINEMAServer\WinCC_OA\3.13\data\opcua\server\PKI\CA\certs".
- 7. Now double-click on the server again for a signed and encrypted connection.



5.3 Data access with OPC (DA)

OPC DA is a standard with specifications for real-time data transfer from data acquisition devices such as PLCs. It is used to provide a display and interface for devices such as HMI devices. SINEMA Server supports the range of functions of OPC DA.

5.3.1 Configuring DCOM settings in SINEMA Server

With OPC DA remote access, the DCOM settings must be configured in SINEMA Server. The explanations in this section describe how to configure the DCOM settings in SINEMA Server.

Requirements

Data execution prevention (DEP) settings:

By default, data execution prevention is enabled for all programs. If this setting is disabled, enable as follows:

- 1. Right click on the "My Computer" icon and select the "Properties" option to view the system properties.
- 2. In "Advanced", open the "Performance" options.
- 3. Select the "Data Execution Prevention" tab.

Note

Configuration of the Windows firewall necessary

Before settings can be made for DCOM, you may need to configure exceptions in the Windows firewall.

Setting up the properties of the DCOM configuration for OPC DA communication

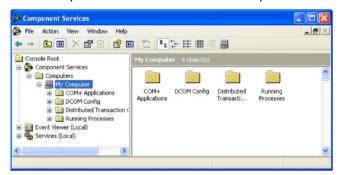
The settings required in the DCOM configuration for OPC DA communication involve the following steps:

- Configuring default DCOM settings
- Configuring DCOM settings for the OPC server
- Configuring DCOM settings for the OPC server browser
- · Restarting the system

The steps involved in configuring the DCOM settings in SINEMA Server apply to the Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system.

Configuring default DCOM settings - procedure

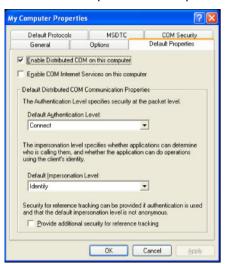
- 1. In Windows, select the command "Start > Run". In the "Open" list box, enter the command "dcomcnfg" and confirm with OK.
- 2. The "Component Services" window then opens with the folder hierarchy.



- 3. Go to the component services, Computers, My Computer.
- 4. Right click on "My Computer" and select the "Properties" option to open the "My Computer Properties" window.
- 5. Enter a brief description for your computer and confirm with "OK".

5.3 Data access with OPC (DA)

6. Go to the "Default Properties" tab and enter the default authentication level by selecting the "Connect" option in the drop-down list.

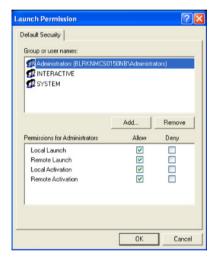


- 7. In the drop-down list for the default impersonation level, select the "Identify" option and confirm with "OK".
- 8. In the "Default Protocols" tab, move the "Connection-oriented TCP/IP protocol" entry to the first position in the list under "DCOM Protocols" and remove other protocols that are not being used.
- 9. Then open the "COM Security" tab. Here, go to the "Access Permissions" section.



10.Under "Access Permissions", click the "Edit Default" button to call the "Launch and Activation Permissions" window. Here, select the list of users on the computer that have access to the OPC server and OPC server browser.

- 11. Configure the access permissions according to your requirements by selecting the required options and confirming with "OK".
 - To allow all users access, add the domain group "Everyone".
 - If the server and client are in the same network domain, add the list of users who will
 access the OPC server. You should also allow these users both local and remote
 access.
 - To deny access for all users, create a domain group and add the users for whom access to the OPC server and the OPC server browser is allowed. Then add the group to the "Group or user names" list.
- 12.Make sure that the "SYSTEM" group is shown in the "Group or user names" list and that the "Allow" check box is selected for local and remote access. If the group has not been added, you can add it with the "Add" button. Next, click the "OK" button.
- 13.Under "Launch and Activation Permissions", click the "Edit Default" button to open the "Launch Permission" window. Here, select the list of users that can start the OPC servers and OPC server browsers on this computer.

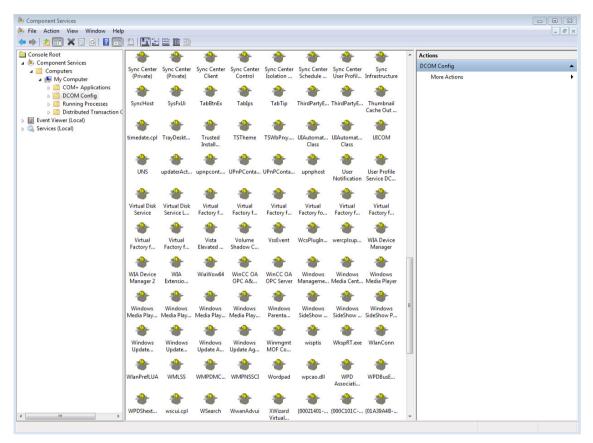


- 14. Configure the launch permissions by selecting the required options and confirming with "OK".
 - To allow all users access, add the domain group "Everyone".
 - If the server and client are in the same network domain, add the list of users who will
 access the OPC server. You should also allow these users both local and remote
 access.
 - To deny access for all users, create a domain group and add the users for whom access to the OPC server and the OPC server browser is allowed. Then add the group to the "Group or user names" list.
- 15.Make sure that the "SYSTEM" group is shown in the "Group or user names" list and that the "Allow" check box is selected for local and remote access. If the group has not been added, you can add it with the "Add" button. Next, click the "OK" button.

5.3.2 Configuring DCOM settings for the OPC server

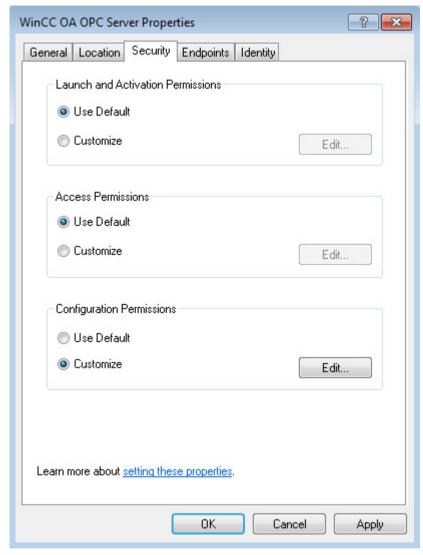
Procedure

- 1. Expand the "My Computer" entry in the "Component Services" window to show the folder structure.
- 2. Select the "DCOM Config" folder. The objects this contains are displayed on the right.



- 3. In the list view, select "WinCC OA OPC Server". Right click on this object and select "Properties".
- 4. The "Properties of WinCC OA OPC Server" window is displayed.
- 5. In the "General" tab, enter "Default" as the authentication level by selecting this option in the drop-down list.
- 6. The authentication level is nevertheless set to "Connect" because you set this earlier as the default level.
- 7. In the "Location" tab, select the "Run application on this computer" check box. Deselect all the other check boxes and confirm with "OK".

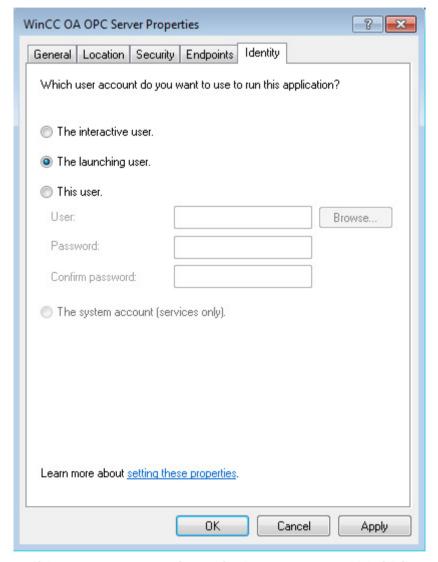
8. In the "Security" tab, it is advisable to select the option "Use Default" under "Launch and Activation Permissions". If you enable "Customize", you must make sure that suitable OPC server users and/or groups are added.



- 9. Under "Access Permissions", it is advisable to select the "Use Default" option. If you enable "Customize", you must make sure that suitable OPC server users and/or groups are added.
- 10.Under "Configuration Permissions", it is advisable to select the "Use Default" option. If you enable "Customize", you must make sure that suitable OPC server users and/or groups are added.
- 11. Once you have made these settings, click "OK".

5.3 Data access with OPC (DA)

- 12.In the "Default Protocols" tab, move the "Connection-oriented TCP/IP protocol" entry to the first position in the list under "DCOM Protocols" and remove other protocols that are not being used.
- 13.In the "Identity" tab, the settings you select depend on the intended use of the PC with the server OPC server. Use the settings shown below for unattended or attended operation.



- If there are no users configured for the computer on which OPC server is running, it is advisable to select the "This user" option and specify a user name and password. This setting will allow the OPC server to start even if nobody has logged on to the computer.
- This option can be used if somebody has logged on to the computer.
- Assuming, for example, that the user name is "Captain" and the user domain name is "XYZ". if this option is selected and the server is started locally, the user account must have administrator privileges to make changes to the OPC server configuration.

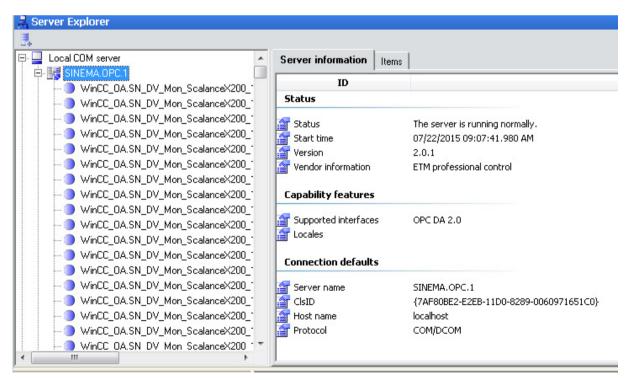
Configuring DCOM settings for the OPC server browser

- 1. In the DCOM Config list view, select the "OpcEnum" object.
- 2. Right click on this object and select "Properties".
- 3. Then, follow the steps 5 to 13 as shown above in the section "Configuring DCOM settings for the OPC server".
- 4. After working through these steps, restart the system.

5.3.3 Accessing SINEMA Server data via an OPC server (DA)

Procedure

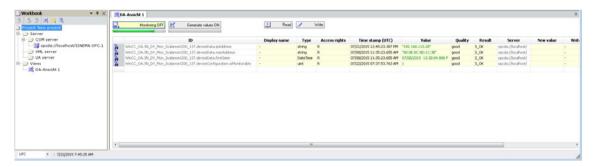
- To start the OPC Scout client, click Start > Programs > SIMATIC > SIMATIC NET > OPC Scout in Windows.
- 2. In the navigation tree displayed on left hand-side of the screen, expand the local COM server.
- 3. Then, expand the OPC DA server listed further below in the tree hierarchy.
- 4. The connection to the server is established automatically. The complete list of devices along with the device properties is displayed.



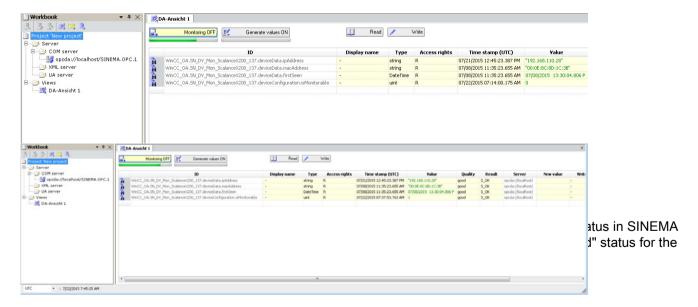
- 5. The connection status, performance features and connection defaults of the server are displayed on the right-hand side of the Server Explorer window.
- 6. Note that a view "DA view1" for the DA server has already been created in the workbook area.

5.3 Data access with OPC (DA)

- 7. Drag the required device elements to the "DA view1" area.
- 8. Click the "Read" button at the top edge of the area. This starts reading out of the values for the individual device properties of the selected device (see below).
- 9. As an example, in the figure below, you can see the values displayed for the device properties "IP address", "MAC address" and "Is monitorable". Since the device is in the monitored status, the value for this property is listed as "1".



- 10.Click "Generate values ON" and select the "Read" button to start reading the data from SINEMA Server.
- 11.By clicking "Monitoring ON", you can display or track changes to these devices. All the changes to these devices or device properties are updated at the same time in the value box.
- 12.If the network device containing the IP is set to the non-monitored status in SINEMA Server, this value automatically changes to "0" indicating a "non-monitored" status for the network device.



Questions and answers



The following sections are intended to give you an additional opportunity to find answers to typical questions relating to the use of SINEMA Server.

A.1 Topic general operator control / installation

Frequently asked questions

How many users can access the Web interface of SINEMA Server as clients at the same time?

Ten users can access the Web interface of SINEMA Server at the same time.

How do I change the password?

To change the password, click "Administration > My settings > Password" in the menu bar of the Web interface of SINEMA Server.

How can I be sure that SINEMA server and the corresponding services have started?

SINEMA server has a status monitoring window that is loaded when Windows is started. This window shows the status of the SINEMA Server application. The loading of the corresponding services is indicated by a progress bar. This window also contains options for starting/stopping the SINEMA Server application as well as options for starting the Web clients.

How can I log in to SINEMA Server in Firefox after disconnecting the network cable?

This problem occurs if the network cable of the computer on which the SINEMA Server application is running is disconnected. The reason is that the browser checks whether Work Offline" is set. It assumes that the connection is offline so that no login to the SINEMA Server application is possible. To access the application when the network cable is disconnected, deselect the "Work Offline" option in the "File" menu of the Firefox browser. This situation does not occur when working with Internet Explorer.

A.2 Topic logging in / starting

What do I do if there are setup errors during installation of the SINEMA Server on drive "D:"?

Even if you install the SINEMA Server application on drive "D:", only certain components of SINEMA Server will be installed on this drive. Other components will nevertheless be installed on the Windows drive (drive "C:"). To avoid setup errors, make sure that you have at least 800 MB of free disk space on "C:" even if there is enough free disk space on drive "D:".

What can I do if the Web browser has long reaction times?

If the SINEMA Server application is open in the Web browser for a longer period of time (more than 3 days), this can lead to long loading times for Web pages.

Remedy:

Close and reopen the browser.

Why is it useful to create system backups?

Since the volume of project data in the SINEMA Server application grows over time, it is advisable to make a regular system backup of the project data in the SINEMA Server application.

How can I change the background color for printing out?

The print function of SINEMA Server is configured as default so that printouts have a gray background. This setting is advantageous when printing charts.

If you want a white printout background when printing pages and do not require charts to be printed out, follow the steps below:

Go to "Tools > "Internet Options > Advanced" and disable the "Print background colors and images" option.

A.2 Topic logging in / starting

Frequently asked questions

What happens if there is a database crash in SINEMA Server?

If there is a forced shutdown while working with SINEMA Server, it is possible that the SINEMA Server database will be damaged. The application then no longer starts up correctly. In this case, the last created system backup is transferred back automatically. The path on which SINEMA Server searches for this system backup can be configured in the job type-specific settings. To avoid loss of data, a system backup should be created regularly using the relevant job, see section Job type-specific settings for the job type "System backup" (Page 224).

Why doesn't SINEMA Server start up?

There is possibly an IP address conflict. The IP address of the management station with SINEMA Server must be unique in the network. If the IP address of the management station has been assigned to another network device in the network, it is not possible to start SINEMA Server.

When do sessions become invalid in SINEMA Server?

If the PC on which the SINEMA Server Web user interface is running changes to the "Hibernate" or "Standby" status, the current session becomes invalid and the current user is automatically logged out.

Remedy:

Make sure that an adequate interval for changing to "Hibernate" is selected in the operating system.

A.3 Topic topology

Frequently asked questions

How do I print out a specific topology view?

Click on the printer icon in the status bar.

How do I change the size of the topology view?

To change the size of the topology view, use the box with the "Select zoom factor" drop-down list in the toolbar of the topology view.

What is the function of the "Symbol view" button in the toolbar of the topology view?

With the "Symbol view" button, you can display network devices in the topology view as icons. If the symbol view is enabled, you can see a larger number of network devices in the topology view compared with the default view. In the icon view, the device icon and the status of the device are shown.

What happens if there are no reference connections defined in the Reference topology editor?

If a user does not define any reference connections in a reference topology and saves the reference topology, all the devices shown in the editor window become part of the reference but do not have any reference connections. As a result, the devices in the monitored view are displayed as unresolved devices. The next time the Topology editor is called, the devices are still in the hop layers in which they were the last time you saved. The application does not recalculate the hop layers based on the current topology.

A.4 Topic network monitoring / scanning / SNMP

Frequently asked questions

How do I specify the interval for refreshing the topology view?

The interval for refreshing the topology view is set in "Administration > My settings > User interface".

How can scanning be speeded up?

You should restrict the scan range to the devices to be monitored. To do this, it is advisable to divide the IP address range into smaller subgroups if the IP addresses are not consecutive. This division speeds up scanning of the devices.

Specify the IP address ranges to be scanned in "Administration > Discovery" in the "Scan" tab.

Which security settings are available for SNMPv3?

The following security levels are available for SNMPv3:

- noAuthnoPriv: No authentication, no encryption.
- authNoPriv: Authentication with the MD5 and SHA algorithm, no MD5 and SHA-1 encryption.
- authPriv: Authentication with the MD5 and SHA-1 algorithm, encryption with the DES and AES128 algorithm.

Does the SINEMA Server application detect a new device if the existing IP address of the device is changed to a new IP address?

In this case, SINEMA Server rediscovers the device during the next scan with the new IP address. This is only the case if the IP address is within the scan range. The old instance of the device with the old IP address is shown as being unreachable. In this case, the application makes sure that no new instance of the monitored device is created.

Why are network devices with SNMP capability not correctly discovered?

If SNMP is disabled for the device during discovery, it is possible that the device will be identified as a standard ICMP device. If SNMP is enabled later, the SINEMA Server starts to monitor the SNMP data of the device.

A deviation can also result from the following:

- The SNMP settings stored in SINEMA Server are incorrect.
- The SNMP function is disabled on the network device.
- The network device does not reply within the expected time window.

Remedy:

- If necessary, adapt the SNMP parameters.
- If necessary, enable the SNMP function in the network device.
- Delete the network device in SINEMA Server and then run network discovery again.

Why are media modules not discovered?

If new submodules are added to a module that is already being monitored by SINEMA Server, it is possible that SINEMA Server will not detect these immediately.

Remedy:

- 1. Delete the module in question from the SINEMA Server device list.
- 2. Run the scan again.

Following this, the display is correct.

Is it possible to run the network scan with VLAN network adapters?

A network scan with VLAN network adapters is basically possible; however devices can then not be reached using the DCP protocol. The following device properties can therefore not be detected:

- DCP status (reachable / not reachable)
- DCP ID
- PROFINET IO name
- PROFINET IO type

Why are incorrect device statuses shown for SCALANCE S devices?

Due to the implementation of DCP in SCALANCE S devices, these devices do not reply deterministically to a DCP request. The reply to the DCP request may arrive late or not at all. This response is not dependent on the firmware version.

A.5 Topic views

Frequently asked questions

What are the user-specific views used for?

With user-specific views, you have the option of monitoring and managing only a specific group of devices instead of all the devices in the network.

A.6 Topic events

Frequently asked questions

How many event reactions can I add for an event?

You can add up to ten event reactions for a specific event.

What purpose does the event acknowledgement function have in SINEMA Server?

With the event acknowledgment function, you can specify that you have noted an event.

A.7 Topic migration / import / export

Frequently asked questions

How can I transfer the configuration settings from one SINEMA Server system to another SINEMA Server system?

To adopt the configuration settings of a SINEMA Server system in another SINEMA Server system, you can use the export and import functions of SINEMA Server. You can import the configuration data of a system into another SINEMA Server system if no devices have yet been created in the target system.

A.8 Topic reports

Frequently asked questions

How does SINEMA Server create reports if a device in the network is replaced?

When you delete a device, you can use the "Delete historical data" check box to specify whether the device you are deleting will be included in future reports. If you select the check box, reports created after the device is deleted contain no information about the deleted device.

Windows 2008 Server R2 64-bit: How can I set a date from the past?

If you use Windows 2008 Server R2 64-bit, you cannot normally select a day from the past when specifying a date (e.g. reports).

To be able to do this, you must first enable "Active scripting" in the Internet Explorer.

A.9 Topic Profile editor

Frequently asked questions

Where do I find the profiles in SINEMA Server?

The list of profiles can be opened with the menu command "Administration > Discovery > Profiles".

The display of this function depends on the rights of the user.

What is the difference between general profiles and monitoring profiles?

General profiles are used for discovery and monitoring. Monitoring profiles are used only for monitoring.

In addition to the general profile, a device can also be assigned a monitoring profile. As result, user-specific monitoring rules remain unaffected by changes in the general profile. This is an advantage, for example, when a vendor-specific general profile is replaced by a new profile version.

When should I create a new profile and when should I use an existing profile?

It is advisable to keep the number of profiles as small as possible to retain clarity. You should therefore check whether new device types can be assigned to existing device profiles. For example, can the device type SCALANCE X499 be assigned to an existing SCALANCE X4xx profile?

When are the functions in the "Profiles" tab disabled?

During a network scan, several functions are disabled to avoid inconsistencies.

To avoid an interruption by a network scan when editing a profile, you should temporarily increase the refresh interval or turn off the automatic scan temporarily.

Remember to set the scan parameters again when the action is completed.

How can I recognize which profile is used for a discovered device?

You will find this information in the device details in the "Description" tab. The information required is in the "Discovery and monitoring settings" parameter box

A.9 Topic Profile editor

What do I do if a discovered device has been assigned an incorrect device type due to an error in the rules?

You have 3 options:

- Alternative 1:
 - With the function for automatic profile reassignment, SINEMA Server regularly searches for a more suitable device profile for a device that was assigned a standard profile.
- Alternative 2: Change the assignment of the device type in the device list using the "Change device type" function.
- Alternative 3
- 1. Correct the rule in the profile you are using.
- 2. Delete the incorrectly discovered device in the device list in SINEMA Server
- 3. Start a new discovery.

Does changing the profile have effects on devices that have already been discovered and that use this profile?

Changes to the following device profile properties affect devices that are already using the device profile:

- All the profile properties of the "Basic data" properties tab
- · User-defined OID configurations created in the "OID sets" tab
- Parameters for new thresholds
- Changes to existing threshold parameters

See also

Setting up network devices individually - using the Profile editor (Page 53)

Administration - Discovery / Profiles (Page 180)

A.10 Topic Web browser

Frequently asked questions

How can I display path information in the Internet Explorer?

When searching for files (for example uploading icons), the Internet Explorer displays "fakepath" in the path information. If instead of this, you want to see the correct path (all folders), you will need to change the following settings in the Internet options:

• In the Internet Explorer, under "Tools - Internet options - Security - Custom level": Enable the entry "Include local directory path when uploading files to a server".

How can I display applets in the Internet Explorer?

When using the Internet Explorer 9, 64-bit applets (e.g. graphics in the server overview) are not displayed in newly opened Windows (tabs). To allow these to be displayed, you need to make the following settings in the Internet options:

In the Internet Explorer under "Tools - Internet options - Security - Trusted sites":
 Enter the IP address of the server as a trusted site.

A.11 Subject SIMATIC monitoring

Frequently asked questions

Why can I not activate SIMATIC monitoring for my CPU? Which CPUs support SIMATIC monitoring?

SINEMA Server supports SIMATIC monitoring of SIMATIC S7-300 / S7-400 / ET 200 CPUs. For some firmware versions of SIMATIC S7-400/S7-400 H CPUs SIMATIC monitoring is not supported, see section:

Which settings need to be made on a CPU so that SINEMA Server can receive SIMATIC event messages / alarm messages?

In the STEP 7 configuration of the CPU, SIMATIC event messages / alarm messages must be enabled so that end devices can log on to the CPU to receive the messages. Enabling the messages for SINEMA Server is based on the same principle as for HMI devices.

A.11 Subject SIMATIC monitoring

Why do the received SIMATIC event messages / alarm messages contained no texts?

The SIMATIC event messages / alarm messages must be assigned to their corresponding message texts. You achieve this by enabling the option "Enable Web server on module " in the STEP 7 configuration of the CPU. As an alternative in STEP 7 as of V5.5.4 you can enable the option "Generate and load Web server configuration". This is, however, not available for all supported CPUs.

When does a PNIO system become visible in the device tree?

Depending on the CPU being used, a PNIO system can result from the following procedures:

- SIMATIC S7-300 / S7-400 / ET 200 CPUs: The PROFINET IO system can be displayed with the aid of the information that the controller obtains from assigned PROFINET IO devices. To do this, the monitoring setting "SIMATIC monitoring of assigned devices" must be enabled for the controller. In a display of the PROFINET IO system initiated by the controller, the displayed IP addresses are always IP addresses reported by the controller. In this representation, devices are also displayed that are assigned to the controller but that are themselves not SINEMA Server objects.
- Other controller types:
 The PROFINET IO system can be displayed with the aid of information that PROFINET IO devices obtain from their controller. To do this, the monitoring setting "PROFINET monitoring" must be enabled for the PROFINET IO devices to be displayed. PROFINET IO devices that cannot be assigned are displayed under the entry "Unassigned devices".

If the display of the PROFINET IO system was initiated by PROFINET IO devices, the tooltip of the associated entry displays "Discovered by: IO devices".

See also

Administration - Monitoring General (Page 188)

Index

Α	D
Access rights, 74	Date and time of day, 49
Adapting the scan range, 48, 48, 179	DCP detection type, 179
Add new server, 231	DCP icon, 149
Administrator, 74	DCP query interval, 188
Archive, 34	Default ports, 29
Archive management, 153	Default profiles, 54
Meaning, 34	Delete archive, 35
Automation License Manager, 21	Delete archives of deleted devices, 35
	Deleting views, 64
_	Device discovery using SNMP, 54
В	Device list, 48, 102
Background graphic, 68	Device overview, 98
Adding, 68	Device status, 100
Changing the size, 68	Device tree, 42, 48, 102, 107
Deleting, 69	Device type rule, 56
Basic view, 63	Devices
	Number of monitored, 22
	Discovered topology, 50
C	Discovery, (Topology)
0.1. 1.6 (1	Discovery rule, 56
Calculating the storage space that will become free, 35	Display of an empty topology, 68
Calculations for the availability report, 155	
Calling functions with a URL, 87 Authentication, 87	E
Navigation, 88	_
Web pages, 89	Editing the ZIP file, 35
Calling up a SINEMA Server instance using	E-mail client function, 19
HTTPS, 232	Enable monitoring, 105
Catalog of new event reactions, 207	Event, 130
Change monitoring profile, 106	Event class, 130
Change the layout of a connection, 72	Event details, 130
Changing the password, 215	Event list, 42, 60, 129
Client computer	Event overview, 98
Logging in, 39	Event reaction, 60
Cloud, 145	Event reactions, 206
Configuration limits, 19	Create new, 206 Event types, 198
Configure topology settings, 128	Events, 115
Configuring cloud connections in the network, 147	Filter, 83
Configuring reference statuses for ports, 146	Setting up and monitoring in SINEMA Server, 59
Confirm events, 131	Expert, 116
Controlling the profile display and editing profiles, 180	Export archive and delete, 35
Create new device, 105	Export table in CSV format, 81
Creating or editing user-defined connections, 70	
Customize device data, 106	

G	N
General profile, 180, 182	Navigation bar, 42
Generating HTTPS certificates, 30	Network adapter, 23
Glossary, 4	Network clouds, 51
•	Network events, 58, 58, 160
	Network monitoring, 47
H	Network scan, 47
111	Interval, 188
Hardware requirements, 23	Procedure, 48
Historical data, 171	Network topology, 62
HMI systems, 19	Number of monitored devices, 22
HTTP port 90, 20	
HTTP port 80, 29 HTTPS certificate, 28	
HTTPS certificate, 28	0
111 11 3 port, 20	OPC, 195
	OPC UA port, 28
1	Open WBM, 117
	Operating system, 23, 212
ICMP, 47	Operating System, 20, 212
Import archives, 35	
Import profiles, 181	P
Importing a system configuration, 214	B
Initial logon data, 40	Page layout
Installation	General functions, 80
Sequence, 24	Polling, 50
Time required, 24 Interface list, 107	Polling group, 192
Interface status, 147	Port numbers Reserved, 29
IP interfaces, 115	Power user, 74
ii iiiteriaces, 113	Printing reports, 153
	Processor, 23
L	Profile, 53
	Add a new device type to an existing profile, 56
LAN ports, 115	Creating new, 56, 182
License downgrade, 22	Displaying and editing, 180
License key	Exporting, 181
Storage location, 21	General, 53
License types and corresponding configuration limits, 20	Principle of the use of profiles, 53
License update, 21	Profile editor, 57
License upuate, 21	"Basic Data" tab, 184
	"Device types" tab, 185
M	"Discovery rules" tab, 184
	"OID sets" tab, 186
Main window, 42	Profile search, 181
Management station, 26	Profiles
Logging in, 39	Displaying and editing, 181
Menu commands, 77	Program window, 42
Minimum requirements, 23 Monitor resolution, 24	
Monitored topology, 50	
Monitoring interval, 215	
Monitoring profile, 53, 180, 183	
J F / / /	

Q	SNMP settings, 191
Quick link, 86	SNMP version, 192
Setting up, 86	Software requirements, 23
Using, 87	Specify SNMP settings, 106
Osing, or	SSL certificate, 31
	Standard user, 74
R	Start network scan, 177
	Start SINEMA Server, 26
RAM, 23	Start Web client, 26
Recalculate topology, 127	Start window, 98
Receiving SNMP traps, 131	Status bar, 42
Recommended requirements, 23	Status display
Redundancy, 116	in SINEMA Server Monitor, 27
Reference editor, 50	Status of protocol-specific device availability, 149
Drawing connections between devices	Stop network scan, 177
manually, 145	Storage requirements hard disk, 23
References for connection lines, 51	Sub view, 63
References for port statuses, 51	Subnet mask, 48
References for SNMP, DCP protocols, 51	System configuration
Specify a current connection as a reference	Exporting, 213
connection, 145	Importing, 214
Specifying the current connections as reference	System events, 160
connections, 145	System information, 212
Reference port, 146	System status, 98
Reference topology, 50	
Report type	
Availability, 152	T
Events, 152	Table layout
Inventory, 152	General functions, 82
Performance, 152	Time stamp, 130
Validation reports, 152	Topology
Reports	Active mode, 126
Evaluation time, 152	
Inventory, 159	Can be mixed with sub view and device display, 69 Creating for sub views, 69
Reports with trend charts, 174	Discovery, 50
Requirements for the Web client, 23	Draft mode, 126
Reread device data, 104	Modes, 126
Reserved port numbers, 29	Operation in active mode, 128
RPC port, 28	Operation in draft mode, 127
	·
	Unmanaged devices, 145
S	Topology editor
Coop (Notwork coop) 177	Editing modes, 128
Scan, (Network scan), 177	Topology in the views, 66
Scan LAN interfaces, 178	Topology settings, 136
Scanning Procedure 48	Trend charts, 171
Procedure, 48	Zoom function, 174
Selecting entries in tables, 82	Trial license, 20
Server overview, 230	Turn off monitoring, 105
Set device basic data, 106	Types of report, 152
Setting up polling groups, 194	
SIMATIC NET glossary, 4	
SNMP icon, 149	

U

Uninstalling, 25
Unmanaged devices, 150
UP/DOWN status, 192
User, 73, 75
User editor, 210
User group, 73, 210, 210
User group editor, 211
User groups, 75
User interface
Language selection, 45
User rights, 24
Using third-party certificates, 30

٧

View filter in the View editor, 65 Views, 62, 73, 125 VLAN, 116

W

WBM (Web Based Management), 104 Web browser, 23 Web client, 26 Web interface, 19 WLAN, 115